

Cell 1 Regional Coastal Monitoring Programme Analytical Report 9: 'Full Measures' Survey 2016



Sunderland City Council

March 2017

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Sub-division of the Cell 1 Coastline

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Abbreviations and Acronyms

Acronym / Abbreviation	Definition	
AONB	Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty	
DGM	Digital Ground Model	
HAT	Highest Astronomical Tide	
LAT	Lowest Astronomical Tide	
MHWN	Mean High Water Neap	
MHWS	Mean High Water Spring	
MLWS	Mean Low Water Neap	
MLWS	Mean Low Water Spring	
m	metres	
ODN	Ordnance Datum Newlyn	

Water Levels Used in Interpretation of Changes

	Water Level (m AOD)	
Water Level Parameter	Souter Point to Chourdon Point	
HAT	3.18	
MHWS	2.48	
MLWS	-1.92	

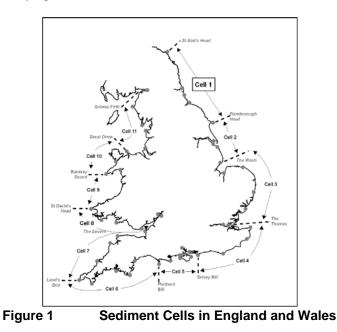
Source: *River Tyne to Flamborough Head Shoreline Management Plan 2.* Royal Haskoning, February 2007.

Glossary of Terms

Term	Definition
Beach	Artificial process of replenishing a beach with material from another
nourishment source.	
Berm crest Ridge of sand or gravel deposited by wave action on the shore	
above the normal high water mark.	
Breaker zone	Area in the sea where the waves break.
Coastal	The reduction in habitat area which can arise if the natural landward
squeeze	migration of a habitat under sea level rise is prevented by the fixing of the high water mark, e.g. a sea wall.
Downdrift	Direction of alongshore movement of beach materials.
Ebb-tide	The falling tide, part of the tidal cycle between high water and the next low water.
Fetch	Length of water over which a given wind has blown that determines the size of the waves produced.
Flood-tide	Rising tide, part of the tidal cycle between low water and the next high water.
Foreshore	Zone between the high water and low water marks, also known as the intertidal zone.
Geomorphology The branch of physical geography/geology which deals with the fo the Earth, the general configuration of its surface, the distribution of land, water, etc.	
Groyne	Shore protection structure built perpendicular to the shore; designed to trap sediment.
Mean High Water (MHW)	The average of all high waters observed over a sufficiently long period.
Mean Low Water (MLW)	The average of all low waters observed over a sufficiently long period.
Mean Sea Level (MSL)	Average height of the sea surface over a 19-year period.
Offshore zone	Extends from the low water mark to a water depth of about 15 m and is permanently covered with water.
Storm surge	A rise in the sea surface on an open coast, resulting from a storm.
Swell	Waves that have travelled out of the area in which they were generated.
Tidal prism	The volume of water within the estuary between the level of high and
	low tide, typically taken for mean spring tides.
Tide	Periodic rising and falling of large bodies of water resulting from the
	gravitational attraction of the moon and sun acting on the rotating earth.
Topography	Configuration of a surface including its relief and the position of its
Tropogradsian	natural and man-made features.
Transgression	The landward movement of the shoreline in response to a rise in relative sea level.
Updrift	Direction opposite to the predominant movement of longshore transport.
Wave direction	Direction from which a wave approaches.
Wave refraction	Process by which the direction of approach of a wave changes as it moves into shallow water.

Preamble

The Cell 1 Regional Coastal Monitoring Programme covers approximately 300km of the north east coastline, from the Scottish Border (just south of St. Abb's Head) to Flamborough Head in East Yorkshire. This coastline is often referred to as 'Coastal Sediment Cell 1' in England and Wales (Figure 1). Within this frontage the coastal landforms vary considerably, comprising low-lying tidal flats with fringing salt marshes, hard rock cliffs that are mantled with glacial sediment to varying thicknesses, softer rock cliffs and extensive landslide complexes.



The work commenced with a three-year monitoring programme in September 2008 that was managed by Scarborough Borough Council on behalf of the North East Coastal Group. This initial phase has been followed by a five-year programme of work, which started in October 2011. The work is funded by the Environment Agency, working in partnership with the following organisations:



The main elements of the Cell 1 Regional Coastal Monitoring Programme involve:

- beach profile surveys
- topographic surveys
- cliff top recession surveys
- real-time wave data collection
- bathymetric and sea bed characterisation surveys
- aerial photography
- walk-over surveys

The beach profile surveys, topographic surveys and cliff top recession surveys are undertaken as a 'Full Measures' survey in autumn/early winter every year. Some of these surveys are then repeated the following spring as part of a 'Partial Measures' survey.

Each year, an Analytical Report is produced for each individual authority, providing a detailed analysis and interpretation of the 'Full Measures' surveys. This is followed by a brief Update Report for each individual authority, providing ongoing findings from the 'Partial Measures' surveys.

Annually, a Cell 1 Overview Report is also produced. This provides a region-wide summary of the main findings relating to trends and interactions along the entire Cell 1 frontage. To date the following reports have been produced:

Year		Full Measures		Partial Measures		Cell 1
		Survey	Analytical Report	Survey	Update Report	Overview Report
1	2008/09	Sept-Dec 08	May 09	Mar-May 09		-
2	2009/10	Sept-Dec 09	Mar 10	Feb-Mar 10	July 10	-
3	2010/11	Aug-Nov 10	Feb 11	Feb-Apr 11	Aug 11	Sept 11
4	2011/12	Oct-Nov 11	Oct 12	Mar-May 12	Oct 12	-
5	2012/13	Sept-Oct 12	Mar 13	Mar 13	June 13	-
6	2013/14	Sept-Oct 13	Feb 14	Mar 14	July 14	-
7	2014/15	Sept & Nov 14	Feb 15	Mar – Apr 15	July 15	
8	2015/16	Sept & Nov 15	Feb 16	Mar 16	July 16	
9	2016/17	Sept-Nov 16	Feb 17 (*)			

Table 1	Analytical, Update and Overview Reports Produced to Date
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^(*) The present report is **Analytical Report 9** and provides an analysis of the 2016 Full Measures survey for Sunderland City Council's frontage.

In addition, separate reports are produced for other elements of the programme as and when specific components are undertaken, such as wave data collection, bathymetric and sea bed sediment data collection, aerial photography, and walk-over visual inspections.

For purposes of analysis, the Cell 1 frontage has been split into the sub-sections listed in the Table 2.

Authority	Zone				
	Spittal A				
	Spittal B				
	Goswick Sands				
	Holy Island				
	Bamburgh				
	Beadnell Village				
Northumberland	Beadnell Bay				
County	Embelton Bay				
Council	Boulmer				
	Alnmouth Bay				
	High Hauxley and Druridge Bay				
	Lynemouth Bay				
	Newbiggin Bay				
	Cambois Bay				
	Blyth South Beach				
Nienth	Whitley Sands				
North	Cullercoats Bay				
Tyneside Council	Tynemouth Long Sands				
Council	King Edward's Bay				
	Littehaven Beach				
South	Herd Sands				
Tyneside	Trow Quarry (incl. Frenchman's Bay)				
Council	Marsden Bay				
	Whitburn Bay				
Sunderland	Harbour and Docks				
Council	Hendon to Ryhope (incl. Halliwell Banks)				
	Featherbed Rocks				
Durham	Seaham				
County	Blast Beach				
Council	Hawthorn Hive				
	Blackhall Colliery				
	North Sands				
Hartlepool	Headland				
Borough	Middleton				
Council	Hartlepool Bay				
	Coatham Sands				
Redcar &	Redcar Sands				
Cleveland	Marske Sands				
Borough	Saltburn Sands				
Council	Cattersty Sands (Skinningrove)				
	Staithes				
	Staithes				
	Runswick Bay				
Soorboroush	Sandsend Beach, Upgang Beach and Whitby Sands				
Scarborough	Robin Hood's Bay				
Borough Council	Scarborough North Bay				
Council	Scarborough South Bay				
	Cayton Bay				
	Filey Bay				

Table 2 Sub-divisions of the Cell 1 Coastline

1. Introduction

1.1 Study Area

Sunderland City Council's frontage extends from The Bents to Ryhope. For the purposes of this report and for consistency with previous reporting, it has been sub-divided into three areas, namely:

- Whitburn Bay
- Sunderland Harbour and Docks
- Hendon to Ryhope (including Halliwell Banks)

1.2 Methodology

Along Sunderland City Council's frontage, the following surveying is undertaken:

- Full Measures survey annually each autumn comprising:
 - Beach profile surveys along 52 transect lines (commenced 2009)
 - o Topographic survey at Whitburn Bay (commenced 2009)
 - Topographic survey at Hendon to Ryhope (including Halliwell Banks) (commenced 2009)
 - Partial Measures survey annually each spring comprising:
 - Beach profile surveys along 13 transect lines (commenced 2009)
- Cliff top survey bi-annually at:
 - o Hendon to Ryhope (including Halliwell Banks) (commenced 2009)

The location of these surveys is shown in Figure 2. The Full Measures survey was undertaken along this frontage on the 14th and 15th November 2016 (Whitburn Bay), 1st September 2016 (Sunderland Harbour and Docks) and between the 12th and 16th October 2016 (Hendon to Ryhope (incl. Halliwell Banks)). During this time weather conditions varied considerably. Refer to the survey reports for details of the weather conditions over this survey period.

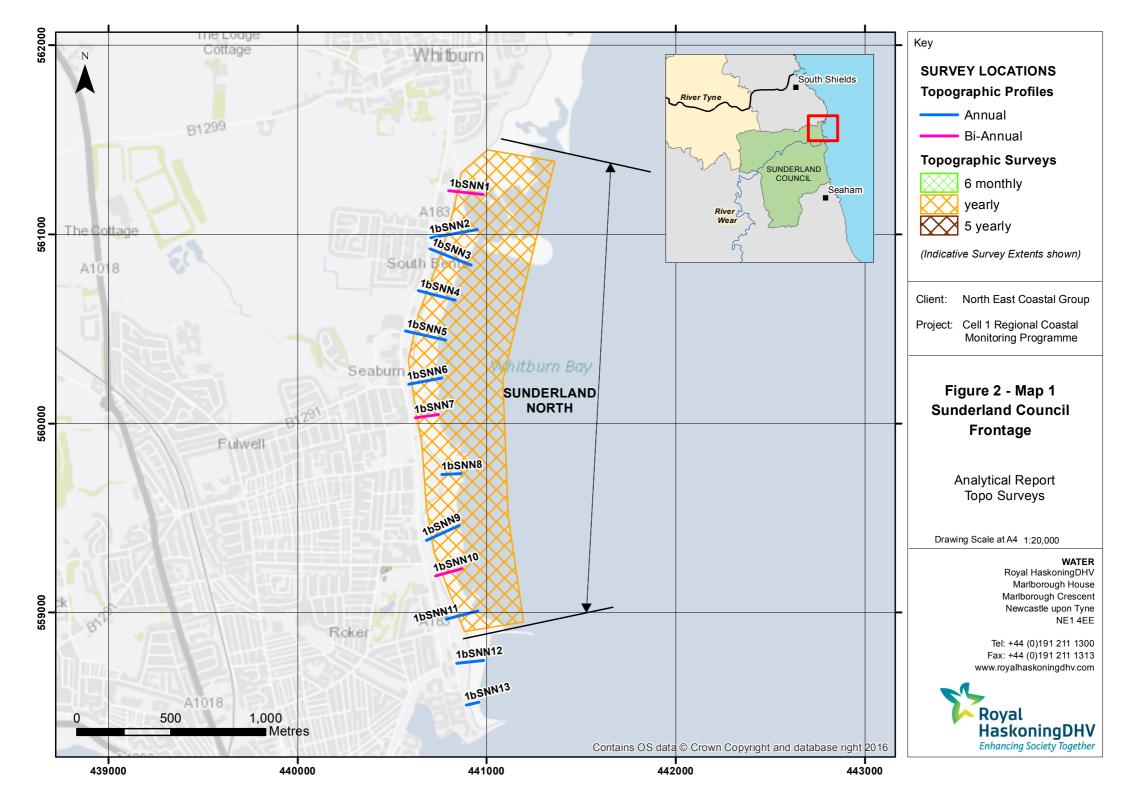
All data have been captured in a manner commensurate with the principles of the Environment Agency's *National Standard Contract and Specification for Surveying Services* and stored in a file format compatible with the software systems being used for the data analysis, namely SANDS and ArcGIS. This data collection approach and file format is comparable to that being used on other regional coastal monitoring programmes, such as in the South East and South West of England.

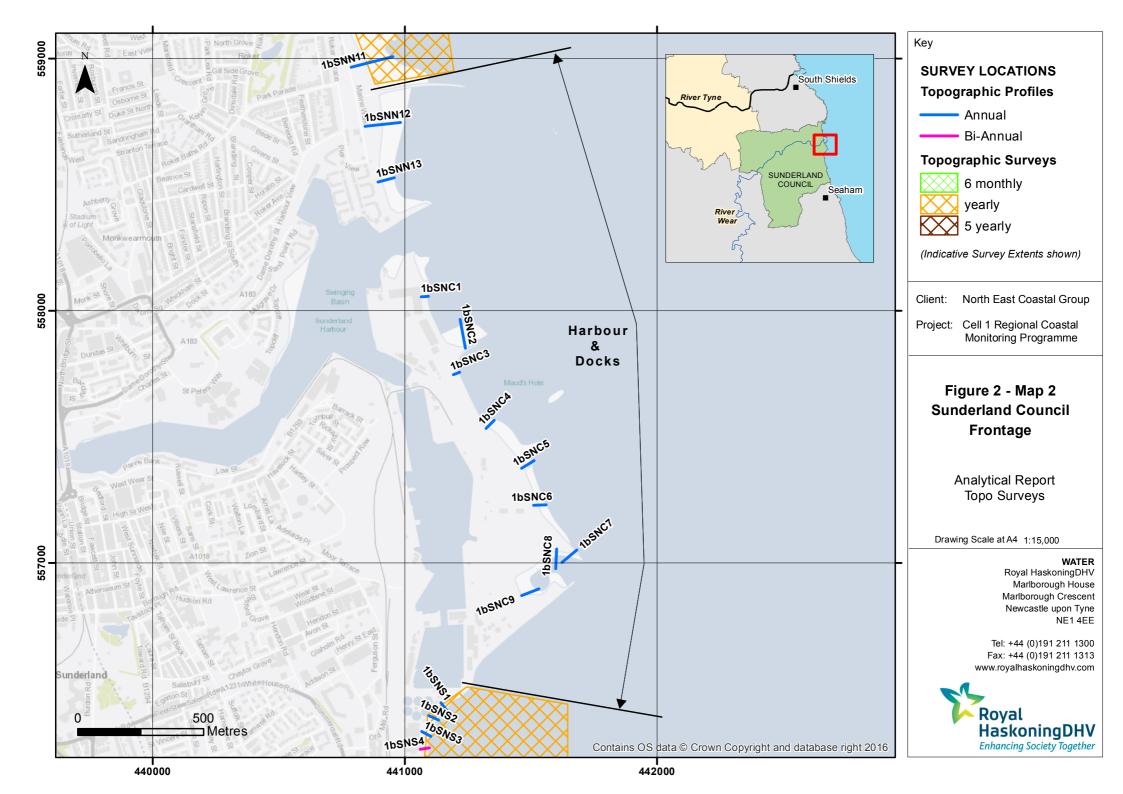
Upon receipt of the data from the survey team, they are quality assured and then uploaded onto the programme's website for storage and availability to others and also input to SANDS and GIS for subsequent analysis.

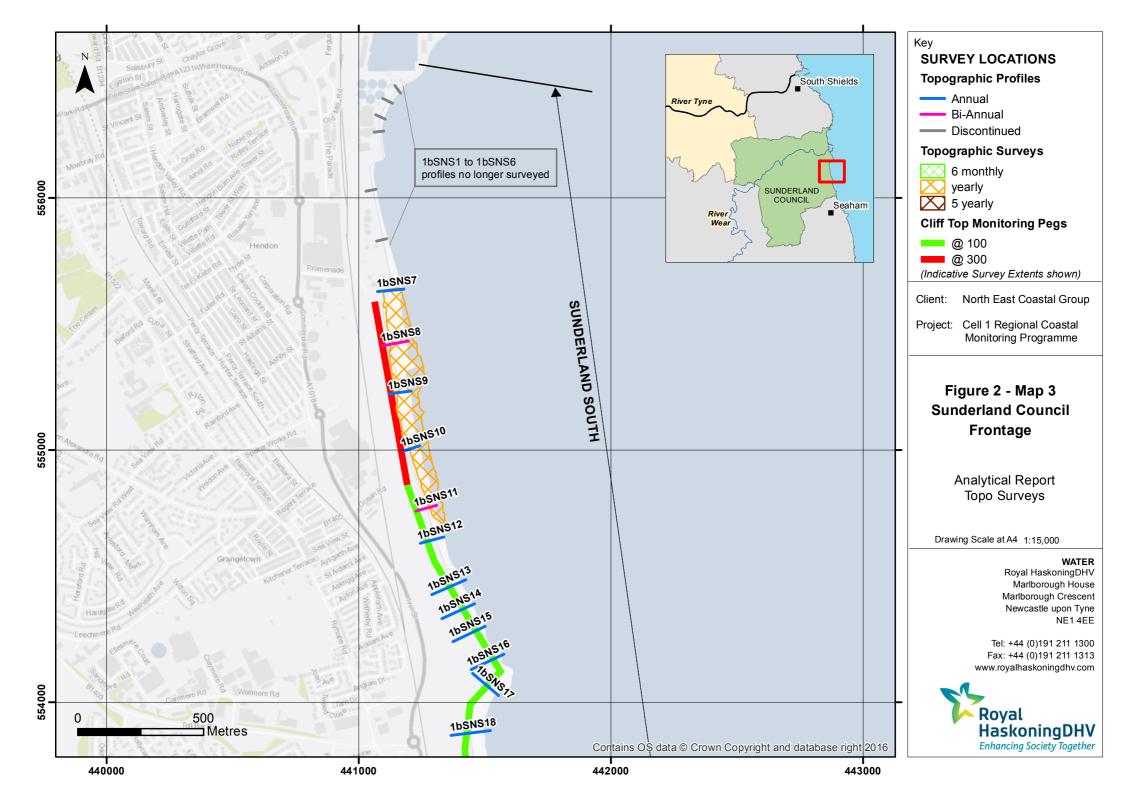
The Analytical Report is then produced following a standard structure for each authority. This involves:

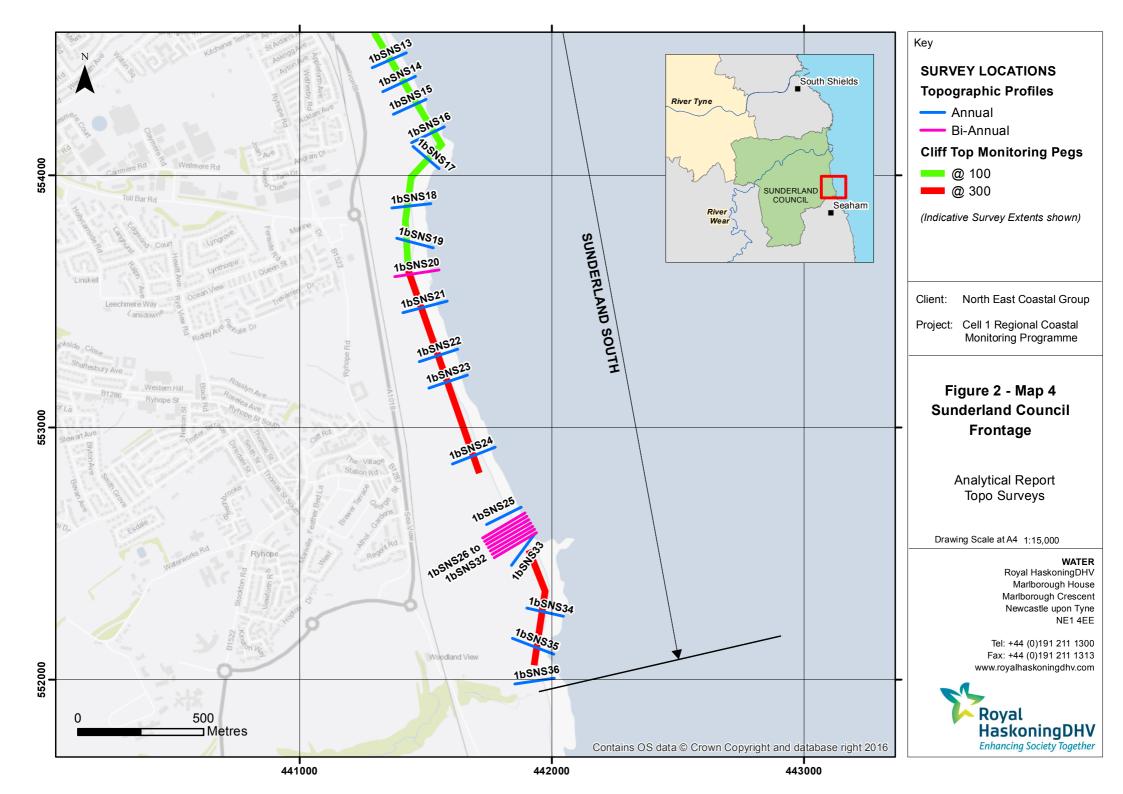
- description of the changes observed since the previous survey and an interpretation of the drivers of these changes (Section 2);
- documentation of any problems encountered during surveying or uncertainties inherent in the analysis (Section 3);
- recommendations for 'fine-tuning' the programme to enhance its outputs (Section 4); and
- providing key conclusions and highlighting any areas of concern (Section 5).

Data from the present survey are presented in a processed form in the Appendices.









2. Analysis of Survey Data

2.1 Whitburn Bay

Survey Date	Description of Changes Since Last Survey	Interpretation
14 th & 15 th November 2016	 Beach Profiles: Whitburn Bay is covered by eleven beach profile lines for the Full Measures survey (Appendix A). The previous survey was the Partial Measures survey undertaken in March 2016 and the previous Full Measures survey was undertaken in November 2015. Profiles 1bSNN1, 1bSNN7 and 1bSNN10 were last surveyed during the Partial Measures spring survey, 2016. The remaining profiles were last surveyed during the Full Measures autumn survey, 2015. 1bSNN1 is immediately south of Sunderland City Council's northern boundary. The profile is unchanged above HAT (40m chainage). Between 45m chainage and 90m chainage the level of the beach has accreted by up to 0.5m since March 2016, forming a berm just below MHWSwhich was last present in the April 2015 survey. Between 90m chainage and the end of the profile at c.260m chainage, the profile has eroded by up to 0.2m and the crest of the mid-beach berm has moved seaward by 15m since March 2016. The channel incised by an outflow in the vicinity of this profile in November 2015 has now been completely infilled. Overall, the beach level is at medium-high levels compared to earlier surveys. Profiles 1bSNN2 and 1bSNN3 are located towards the north of Whitburn Bay and extend across scrubland before reaching the upper gravel foreshore and then dropping across the lower sandy foreshore towards the rocky outcrop of Whitburn Steel. At profile 1bSSN2, the dune has remained stable since the last survey. There has been a slight increase of beach levels at the toe of the dunes (chainage 75m to 100m) of up to 0.2m, bringing the profile to its highest level on record in this area. There has been very little change in the profile from chainage 100m to 230m, seaward of 230m the beach profile has dropped by up to 0.4m since November 2015. At 1bSNN3, the dunes remain unchanged since the previous survey. The beach profile has changed very little since the November 2015 survey. Overall, the beach is near its highest level on record, except	Along the length of Whitburn Bay beaches have been dynamic, with the most northerly profiles showing erosion at the lower end of their profiles but the central and southerly profiles showing little change or accretion across the lower beach. Longer term trends: All the profiles in Whitburn Bay are at medium to high levels compared to earlier surveys in the record. The beaches show frequent fluctuation in levels due to sediment being naturally redistributed across the shoreface.

Survey Date	Description of Changes Since Last Survey	Interpretation
	Profiles 1bSNN4 to 1bSNN6 are between the shoreline opposite the southern edge of South Bents housing estate and Parsons Rock.	
	Profile 1bSNN4 is very similar to the November 2015 survey, except the area between HAT and MHWS (between 25m chainage and 50m chainage) which had previously been eroded by the flow from an outfall has been filled in. The lower beach also shows an increase in levels of up to 0.4m since November 2015. Overall, the beach is near its highest level on record.	
	At profile 1bSNN5 , the beach profile has changed very little, with small amounts of accretion of up to 0.2m, making it the highest profile on record.	
	At profile 1bSNN6 , beach levels have decreased by 0.2m at the toe of the seawall. Between 14.5m and 19.5m chainage, the channel incised by the outflow of Cut Throat Dean in November 2015 has been infilled, with a small amount of accretion on the upper beach to chainage 40m. Between 40m and 165m chainage, the beach level has decreased by up to 0.2m. Seaward of 165m chainage there has been small amounts of accretion up to 0.2m. Overall, the profile has steepened slightly since the November 2015 survey. Overall, the beach is at a medium level compared to earlier surveys.	
	1bSNN7 is at Seaburn, just to the north of Parson's Rocks. Beach levels have increased across most of the profile compared to the March 2016 survey. Levels have increased at the toe of the seawall by up to 0.2m and in the lower foreshore (seaward of chainage 50m) by up to 0.4m. Between chainage 25m and 50m there has been very little change. Overall, the beach gradient has decreased compared to the March 2016 survey and is medium-high compared to earlier surveys.	
	Profile 1bSNN8 extends across Parsons Rocks. There are no discernible changes in this profile since the previous Full Measures survey.	
	Profile 1bSNN9 drops from the cliff top to the foreshore at Roker. There has been a small drop in beach levels at the toe of the cliff of up to 0.2m. The upper part of the beach profile is very similar to the November 2015 profile. Between chainage 90m and 150m the beach has lowered by 0.2m with a corresponding 0.2-0.4m accretion in the lower beach (seaward of chainage 150m). Overall, the profile is medium compared to previous surveys with the exception of the middle beach which has the lowest recorded levels.	
	1bSNN10 is located approximately mid-way between Parson's Rocks and Roker Pier. Between the toe of the seawall and chainage, 80m there has been very little change. Seawards the profile has changed	

Survey Date	Description of Changes Since Last Survey	Interpretation
	shape with the loss of up to 0.2m between chainage 80m and 110m, and a large amount of accretion seawards from 110m of up to 0.8m forming a convex lower beach profile. The beach here is now at a low level over the upper and middle beach and a medium level over the lower beach compared to earlier surveys.	
	1bSNN11 is located to the south of Whitburn. The beach level has decreased across most of the profile by up to 0.2m, except seawards of chainage 190m where there has been accretion of up to 0.5m forming a berm. The beach toe has remained at the same location on the rocky foreshore however. The beach is at medium level throughout the profile compared to previous surveys.	
15 th November 2016	 Topographic Survey: Whitburn Bay, between the Bents and Roker Pier, is covered by an annual topographic survey which commenced in September 2009. Data from the most recent topographic survey (Full Measures, autumn 2016) have been used to create a digital ground model (DGM) (Appendix B – Map 1) using GIS. A difference plot has also been produced using the DGM (Appendix B – Map 2) produced from the last produced topographic survey (Full Measures, autumn 2015) and the present survey. The majority of the beach appears to have seen little change, however the middle section of beach along most the length of Whitburn Bay shows decreases in beach levels of up to 1m. At the northern most extent of the bay, there is an area of accretion in the upper and middle beach, with a further area of accretion on the lower beach to the north of Parson's Rocks and a small area to the south. 	The topographic survey shows that since the last survey, there has been a mixture of change on the beach. There is a general trend for erosion of the middle beach and accretion on the lower beach. Longer term topographic trends Autumn 2009 to Autumn 2015: The plot shows a general pattern of accretion north of Parson's Rocks and erosion to the south. This pattern of northwards sediment movement may, in part, be due to on-going beach maintenance.

3.2 Sunderland Harbour and Docks

Survey Date	Description of Changes Since Last Survey	Interpretation
Date 1 st September 2016	 Beach Profiles: Sunderland Harbour and Docks is covered by eleven beach profile lines (Appendix A), all surveyed annually. The previous survey was the Full Measures survey undertaken in autumn 2015. 1bSNN12 and 1bSNN13 are both located within the shelter of Roker Pier. At profile 1bSNN12, there has been a variable amount of accretion and erosion throughout the profile. The gravel berm which formed around HAT (between 50m and 60m chainage) in the November 2015 survey has moved landwards by 3m. There is loss of beach material between chainage 50m to 65m and chainage 90m and 155m of up to 0.4m. Elsewhere there has been accretion of up to 0.4m between chainage 65m and 90m, and seawards of chainage 155m. This has resulted in a steeper upper and middle beach, but a reduced gradient on the lower beach. Above HAT, the beach is at a high level, with the rest of the profile being medium compared to earlier surveys. At 1bSNN13, beach levels have decreased along the entire profile, with the greatest loss of up to 0.8m at the toe of the revetment. The beach is low compared to earlier surveys. 1bSNC1 and 1bSNC2 are located within the shelter of New South Pier. Profile 1bSNC1 starts at the seaward edge of the dock building and extends across an earth mound before reaching the stepped landward face of the dock wall. The profile then drops from the wall crest directly into deep water. As there is no beach present profile 1bSNC1 has not been analysed. Profile 1bSNC2 starts at the crest of New South Pier and drops several metres to foreshore level. The beach level has fallen between the toe of the seawall and 40m chainage, with a significant drop of 1m at the toe of the wall. Seaward of this, the profile is similar to the previous November 2015 survey. Overall the beach level is relatively low compared to earlier surveys, except for the middle beach which is medium-high. 1bSNC3 to 1bSNC6 are on the seaward face of the dock. Profile 1bSNC3 ex	 Within the breakwaters north of the River Wear, beach trends vary with cross-shore movement of material at profile 1bSNN12 and beach erosion at profile 1bSNN13. Between the breakwaters, the level of the upper foreshore has fallen with no corresponding increase in lower foreshore levels indicating a net loss of sediment. Outside of the breakwaters, the north and central parts of the beach have shown significant losses of material whilst the south shows accretion, suggesting there has been redistribution of sediment towards the south. Within the breakwaters, either side of the former South Outlet of the docks there has been very limited change. Longer term trends: Within the breakwaters to the north and south of the River Wear, the beach levels are medium-low compared to earlier surveys but within the bounds of the record. Outside of the harbour breakwaters, the beach levels fluctuate significantly over time. The most recent survey shows redistribution of sediment from the north of the embayment to south of the embayment, with the northerly and central profiles (1bSNC4 and 1bSNC5) being at their lowest levels compared to earlier surveys and the more southerly profile,

Survey Date	Description of Changes Since Last Survey	Interpretation
	1bSNC3 has not been analysed.	1bSNC6, being at its highest level.
	Profiles 1bSNC4 and 1bSNC5 extend from the rock armoured revetment across the short width of foreshore down to low water.	Within the breakwaters either side of the former South Outlet of the docks, long term change is small at
	At profile 1bSNC4 , beach levels have fallen significantly by up to 2.3m, exposing more of the toe of the rock revetment The beach is at its lowest level compared to earlier surveys.	1bSNC7 and 1bSNC8. At profile 1bSNC9, the long term trend is for increasing beach levels between the concrete wall and the boulder mound with the current levels being at their highest recorded levels since surveys began in October 2009.
	At profile 1bSNC5 , beach levels seaward of the revetment have eroded throughout the beach profile, with a loss of 0.3m at the toe of the revetment increasing to a loss of 1.4m at the seaward end of the profile. The levels are however still higher than the autumn 2014 survey, with the toe of the revetment remaining buried. The beach is at a low level compared to previous surveys.	
	1bSNC6 extends across the revetment and seawall. The beach level has increased significantly along the entire profile, between 2.4m at the toe of the seawall and 1.8m at the seaward end. The beach levels are at their highest recorded levels.	
	1bSNC7 to 1bSNC9 are within the shelter of North East Pier and South West Breakwater in the former South Outlet, parts of which have been in-filled with tipped rubble.	
	1bSNC7 is a section across North East Pier. There has been no discernible change in the overall profile. Small apparent changes will be artefacts of the placement of survey points along the profile.	
	Profile 1bSNC8 crosses the boulders and rubble. There has been no discernible change in the overall profile.	
	Profile 1bSNC9 extends from the dock facilities and crosses a short length of concrete wall and sheetpiling before extending across the sand and gravel backshore, and foreshore to reach and cross a boulder mound that is towards the seaward end of the south west breakwater. The profile has changed in a similar way to the previous survey, with a further small amount (<0.2m) of erosion on the landward side of the berm above HAT and further minor (<0.1m) deposition in the foreshore 'trough' between the beach face and the rubble mound. A series of small berm crests have formed on the beach from MHWS to just above HAT. The profile remains high relative to earlier surveys.	

3.3 Hendon to Ryhope (incl. Halliwell Banks)

Survey Date	Description of Changes Since Last Survey	Interpretation
12 th - 16 th	 Beach Profiles: Hendon to Ryhope is covered by thirty six beach profile lines (Appendix A). Most profiles are measured annually, but profiles 1bSNS4, 1bSNS8, 1bSNS11, 1bSNS20 and 1bSNS26 to 1bSNS32 are surveyed every 6 months. The previous Full Measures survey was undertaken in autumn 2015 and the previous Partial Measures survey was undertaken in spring 2016. 1bSNS1 to 1bSNS6 are located along the sea wall protecting the Hendon Sewage Treatment Works. The profiles typically include a section along the concrete deck, wall crest (which varies in elevation between around 7.0mOD in the north and 7.6mOD in the south after the dog-leg in the wall position), near-vertical seaward face of the wall, and sloping rock armour revetment. These profiles have now been removed from the survey. 1bSNS7 to 1bSNS10 are located along the defended coastal slopes at south Hendon, which rise in elevation to higher defended cliffs at 1bSNS11. 	Along the length of south Hendon, profiles 1bSNS7 to 1bSNS10 show accretion remaining relatively high along most of the profile compared to earlier surveys but relatively low at the toe of the coastal defence structures. At 1bSNS11, the beach has reduced, indicating a possible reversal in the direction of movement of sediment in the bay since the previous full measures survey. At Grangetown (south Hendon to Salterfen Rocks), many of the profiles show erosion of talus at the cliff toe. Beach level changes are limited but show a tendency for drawdown of material from the upper beach to the foreshore.
October 2016	Profile 1bSNS7 extends across a seawall and concrete revetment, which is fronted by a foreshore comprised of large pebbles and coarse shingle. The beach level at the toe of the seawall remains low with the line of sheetpiling exposed in the November 2015 survey still visible. Between chainage 24m and 34m there has been erosion of up to 0.3m. Seaward of this there are no discernible changes since the November 2015 survey. The beach level is very low compared to earlier surveys across the upper part of the beach but high from chainage 42m seawards.	Between Salterfen Rocks and the landfill at Halliwell banks (profiles 1bSNS20 to 1bSNS25), the cliff has shown small amounts of retreat (c.0.5m). Beaches show a tendency for sediment to move towards the south, with erosion in the north of the coast and accretion further south, this a reversal in the direction
	Profile 1bSNS8 extends across the seawall, rock revetment and beach. Gravel has been lost at the toe of the revetment lowering the beach elevation by 0.7m since the March 2016 survey. Seaward of 57m chainage the beach level has increased by up to 0.6m. Overall, the beach profile has flattened, and is at its highest level at the seaward end but towards its lowest level at the toe of the revetment compared to previous surveys. At profile 1bSNS9 , there has been a further small fall (up to 0.2m) at the toe of the revetment. From chainage 55m seawards there has been a small accretion of sediment (<0.2m) resulting in a flatter	of movement of sediment since the previous full measures survey. Very little change has occurred to the cliffs at the landfill site (1bSNS26 to 1bSNS32) and the profiles show accretion in the upper and lower sections, with erosion in the middle beach indicating dynamic sediment movement in response to storms.

Survey Date	Description of Changes Since Last Survey	Interpretation
	beach gradient. Overall, the beach level remains high compared to earlier surveys.	To the south of Halliwell Banks, around Pincushion,
	At profile 1bSNS10 , there has been a build up of material at the toe of the revetment by up to 0.4m forming a wide berm. Seaward of the berm (chainage 32m) there has been no discernible change in the profile. The beach profile is medium along most of its length compared to earlier surveys.	the cliffs have retreated by up to c.1m. There has been little discernible change in beach levels around the south of the headland.
	At profile 1bSNS11 , there is apparent retreat of the toe of the cliff in the survey profile, but this is likely to be a data artefact due to interpolation between limited data points. Beach levels have decreased across the profile, by up to 0.2m between the toe of the sea defences and 75m chainage. Overall, the beach is at a medium level compared to earlier surveys.	Longer term trends: Along the length of south Hendon, beach levels in the north are generally near their highest, and are lower further south. At Grangetown (south Hendon to Salterfen Rocks),
	1bSNS12 to 1bSNS36 are located along the undefended cliffs between Grangetown and Ryhope Dene. Profiles SNS12 to SNS19 are between the end of the Hendon sea wall and Salterfen Rocks. Cliff top levels are typically between 20m and 22mOD. They are highest along the profiles further north, dropping in the centre and then increasing again to the south.	the cliff top position has not changed substantially compared to the last survey, but since 2009 the cliff tops have receded several metres at some locations. Despite the most recent survey periods showing limited change at the cliff top, there has been erosion
	Profile 1bSNS12 extends from the cliff across the boulder foreshore. There are apparent changes in the cliff in the survey profile, but this is likely to be a data artefact due to interpolation between limited data points. There is no discernible change since the previous survey.	of the talus deposits at the cliff toe, indicating that the in-situ bedrock will once again be exposed to wave action and therefore more liable to undercutting and subsequent cliff retreat.
	At profile 1bSNS13 , the majority of the cliff face has not changed in form since the previous survey. There has been a loss of material along most of the profile, with up to 0.2m erosion on the upper beach (from toe of cliff to chainage 55m) and more significant losses of up to 0.7m seawards of chainage 55m re-exposing the rocks and shore platform which were visible during the autumn 2014 survey. The beach profile is at a low level compared to earlier surveys and the cliff top has receded 4m since 2009.	Between Salterfen Rocks and the landfill at Halliwell banks (profiles 1bSNS20 to 1bSNS25), the cliff has generally remained stable and beach levels are relatively low in the upper beach and high in the
	At profile 1bSNS14 , the cliff top position has not changed since the previous survey. There has been a decrease in beach levels of up to 0.4m between the toe of the cliff and chainage 70m and a corresponding increase in levels between chainage 70m and 83m, extending the toe of the beach across the rock outcrops and flattening the beach gradient. The cliff top has retreated 3m since 2009.	foreshore. At the landfill site (profiles 1bSSN26 to 1bSSN32), the cliff position and beach levels are within the bounds of previous surveys.
	At profile 1bSNS15 , the cliff top has retreated by c.2.5m. Beach levels have decreased by up to 0.4m between the cliff toe and chainage 75m. There has been accretion of up to 0.3m between chainage 75m and 90m extending the toe of the beach seawards by c.5m. The beach is at a low level compared to earlier surveys at the toe of the cliff, but a high level towards the rock outcrops. The cliff top has receded	To the south of Halliwell Banks, at profiles 1bSNS33 and 1bSNS35, cliff and beach are within the bounds of previous surveys.

Survey Date	Description of Changes Since Last Survey	Interpretation
	c.6m since 2009.	
	At profile 1bSNS16 , the cliff top has receded by c.1m since the November 2015 survey but there have been no discernible changes to beach levels since the last survey (autumn 2015). The cliff top has receded 5m since 2009 but the cliff toe has only receded c.2m over the same period. Survey photos indicate this may be to do with the variable erosivity of the sandy upper cliff and more clay rich (glacial till) lower cliff.	
	Profiles 1bSNS17 to 1bSNS36 extend between Salterfen Rocks and Ryhope Dean/Pincushion Rocks along Shirley Banks and Halliwell Banks. Profiles between 1bSNS17 and 1bSNS25 typically exhibit a characteristic cliff height of between 23m and 29mOD, with beaches at the toe typically at levels between 3.1m and 4.6mOD.	
	At 1bSNS17 , there are no discernible changes in the profile since the previous November 2015 survey.	
	At 1bSNS18 , the profile shows the beach levels from 60m chainage to 120m have decreased by approximately 0.4m exposing the underlying rocky outcrops. The upper beach is low down to chainage 120m compared to previous surveys and the foreshore seaward of there is high. There has been no change in the cliff top position since surveys began.	
	At 1bSNS19 , the cliff toe has retreated c.3m, which may relate to erosion of a talus or access problems. The rocky foreshore remains unchanged, although the veneer of sand deposited on the shore platform seaward of 120m chainage between the more prominent rocks shows a loss of up to 0.2m. The cliff top has receded 0.5m since 2009.	
	At profile 1bSNS20 , there have been no changes to the cliff since the March 2016 survey. The pebble berm between chainage 45m and 55m noted in the March 2016 survey has been mostly removed by up to 0.5m. Overall the changes are minor and within the range of beach levels seen in previous surveys. The cliff top has receded c.1m since 2009.	
	At 1bSNS21 , the cliff top has receded by c.0.5m since the last survey. There has been a further reduction in beach levels of up to 0.2m in the upper foreshore, exposing cobbles and the rocky shore platform which had previously been covered by a veneer of sand in the autumn 2014 survey. There has been little change in the lower part of foreshore seaward of 70m chainage.	
	At profile 1bSNS22 , the cliff has generally remained stable since the last survey. Low points between	

Survey Date	Description of Changes Since Last Survey	Interpretation
	more prominent parts of the shore platform have infilled with up to 0.2m of sand; otherwise, the shore platform remains unchanged.	
	At profile 1bSNS23 , the cliff has receded by c.0.5m since the last survey. There is no discernible change in beach levels from the previous survey The upper beach is low compared to earlier surveys and the foreshore is high.	
	At 1bSNS24 , the cliff top has retreated by c.0.5m, but the toe has extended c.0.5m. This represents ongoing slumping due to landslides. The remnants of the gravel berm at chainage 58m are now completely removed which along with up to 0.5m along the entire profile create a smoother profile. The upper beach is low compared to earlier surveys and the foreshore falls in the middle of the range.	
	At profile 1bSNS25 , there has been no change to the cliff face. The gravel berm at the cliff toe has disappeared with a loss of up to 0.6m of sediment. From chainage, 55m to 90m there has been accretion of up to 0.4m, extending the beach over the rock platform. From chainage, 105m there has been accretion of sand of up to 0.4m extending the foreshore seawards. The upper beach is at a medium level and the foreshore is relatively high.	
	Profiles 1bSNS26 to 1bSNS32 are located at Halliwell Banks specifically to assess risks from erosion at a former land fill. Cliff height is between 26m and 27mOD, with beaches at the toe typically at levels between 3.3m and 3.9mODN.	
	Profiles 1bSNS26 to 1bSNS32 have all behaved in a similar way, with no change to the cliff face. There has been accretion along most of the length of the profiles (upper and lower) of between 0.6m and 1m, with the exception of the middle portion of the beach where there has been small amounts of erosion (up to 0.4m). Overall, the profiles are medium-high compared to previous surveys.	
	Profiles 1bSNS33 to 1bSNS36 are located around the Pincushion Headland.	
	At profile 1bSNS33, the cliffs have generally retained the same form and position since the last survey. There has been accretion of up to 0.6m across the upper beach and 0.4m across the lower foreshore. In the middle of the profile between chainage 95m and 125m the beach level has dropped by up to 0.6m. The profile is medium-low compared to previous surveys.	
	Profiles 1bSNS34 to 1bSNS36 have all changed little since the previous survey. The cliff top shows c.0.5-1m of retreat across all three profiles, with no discernible changes in the beach profiles.	

Survey Date	Description of Changes Since Last Survey	Interpretation
October 2016	 Topographic Survey: Hendon to Ryhope is covered by an annual topographic survey between the Hendon Sea Wall and Ryhope Dene, which commenced in autumn 2009. This is the first full measures survey which has reduced the scope of the topographic survey to exclude the area to the south of the promenade. Data from the most recent topographic survey (Full Measures, autumn 2016) have been used to create a DGM (Appendix B – Map 2) using a GIS. A difference plot has also been produced using the DGM (Appendix B – Map 4) produced from the last produced topographic survey (Full Measures, autumn 2015) and the present survey. Accretion is dominant across the survey area, particularly in the middle and lower beach at the northern end of the survey area with there being some patches of erosion in the upper beach. This is in contrast to the previous full measures survey which was dominated by erosion. 	The short term change plot indicates that there has been a pattern of sediment movement from the upper beach towards the lower foreshore but that change has been limited (<1m).
16 th October 2016	 Cliff Top Survey: Cliff top survey data collected between the baseline survey (spring 2009) and the present Full Measures survey (autumn 2016) is documented here. 32 ground control points (numbered 1-32) were established along the cliff top between Hendon and Ryhope in March 2009, with a further three (28A, 28B and 28C) added in September 2009. Note: the numbering of ground control points is not intended to correlate with that of the beach profile lines. Measurements are taken from each ground control point along a fixed bearing to the edge of the cliff top. These cliff top surveys are undertaken bi-annually and are intended to inform on erosion rates of the sea cliffs extending from the defended industrial areas at Hendon southwards along the undefended cliffs to Ryhope Dene. Appendix C – Table C1 provides results from the cliff top survey, showing the position from the ground control point to the edge of the cliff top along a defined bearing. Results show that since the Partial Measures (March 2016) survey apparent erosion greater than the error has occurred at twenty locations, where losses are generally recorded as between 0.2 and 0.5m, with the exception of GCP 22 where erosion of 1.0m has occurred. Since surveys began in March 2009 (or September 2009 for 28A, 28B, and 28C) erosion greater than the survey error has occurred at 	Episodic and localised recession, which contributes to overall coastline retreat in the undefended parts of this coastline has continued over the most recent survey period across the majority of the survey points but is limited to <0.5m, with the exception of GCP 22. Longer term trends: The data indicate that the fastest erosion since 2009 is concentrated in three broad sections; a) the northern part of the developing embayment between the southern extent of the sea defences and Salterfen Rocks, b) throughout the majority of Halliwell Banks and c) to the south of Pincushion rocks. Recession is least, as might be expected, along the defended sections and at the promontories of Salterfen Rocks and Pincushion Rocks.

Survey Date	Description of Changes Since Last Survey	Interpretation
	around 80% of the ground control points, where total losses are 11.6m (at location 27) at their greatest, and more typically less than 5m. The long-term erosion rates are up to 1.7m/yr. (location 27), with up to 0.7m/yr. being more typical.	

4. Problems Encountered and Uncertainty in Analysis

Individual Profiles

The survey report notes that the cliff top of profile 1bSNS11 was inaccessible due to slippery and unsafe conditions, and that the cliff base of profile 1bSNS12 was inaccessible due to slippery unsafe rocks and falling debris.

Topographic Survey

n/a

Cliff Top Surveys

n/a

5. Recommendations for 'Fine-tuning' the Monitoring Programme

It is recommended that profiles 1bSNC1 and 1bSNC3 are removed from the programme as they do not cover any beach and they are not analysed within the Full Measures reporting.

6. Conclusions and Areas of Concern

- At Whitburn Bay, the recorded profiles and topographic survey present no causes for concern.
- At Sunderland Harbour and Docks, the recorded profiles present no causes for concern.
- At Hendon to Ryhope (incl. Halliwell Banks), the recorded profiles, topographic survey and clifftop survey present no causes for concern. Ongoing cliff erosion is of a similar magnitude to previous surveys.
- At Hendon to Ryhope (incl. Halliwell Banks), the greatest amount of erosion recorded to have taken place between March 2009 and October 2016 was 11.6m at Point 27 which is on the northern border of the landfill site. Since the last survey, the greatest erosion has been at Point 22 (halfway between Salterfen Rocks and Halliwell Banks), where the cliff edge has receded 1.0m.

Appendices

Appendix A

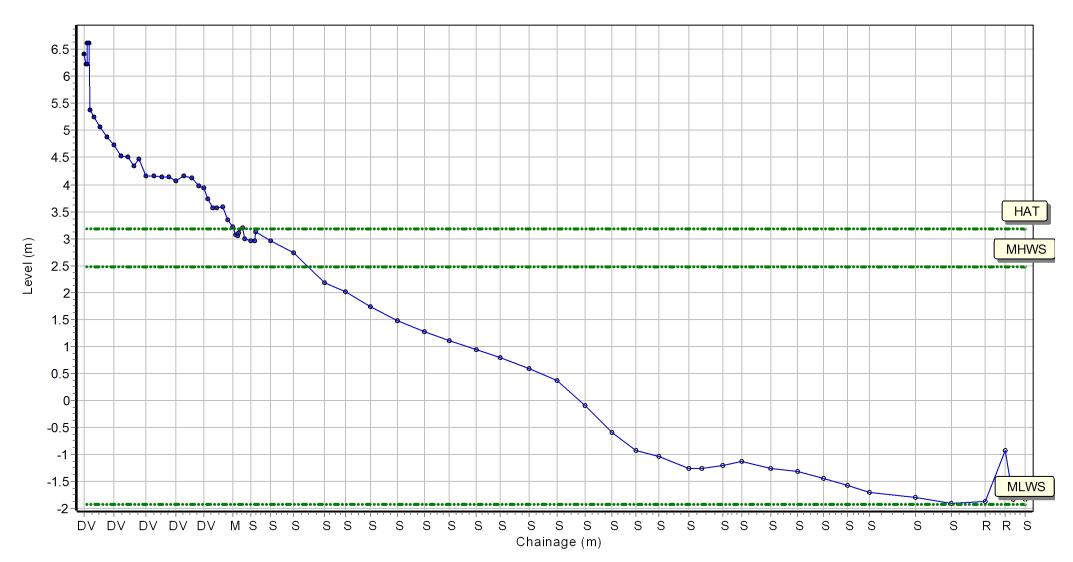
Beach Profiles

Location: 1bSNN1

Date:15/11/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 440797.428 Northing: 561231.249 Profile Bearing: 97 ° from North

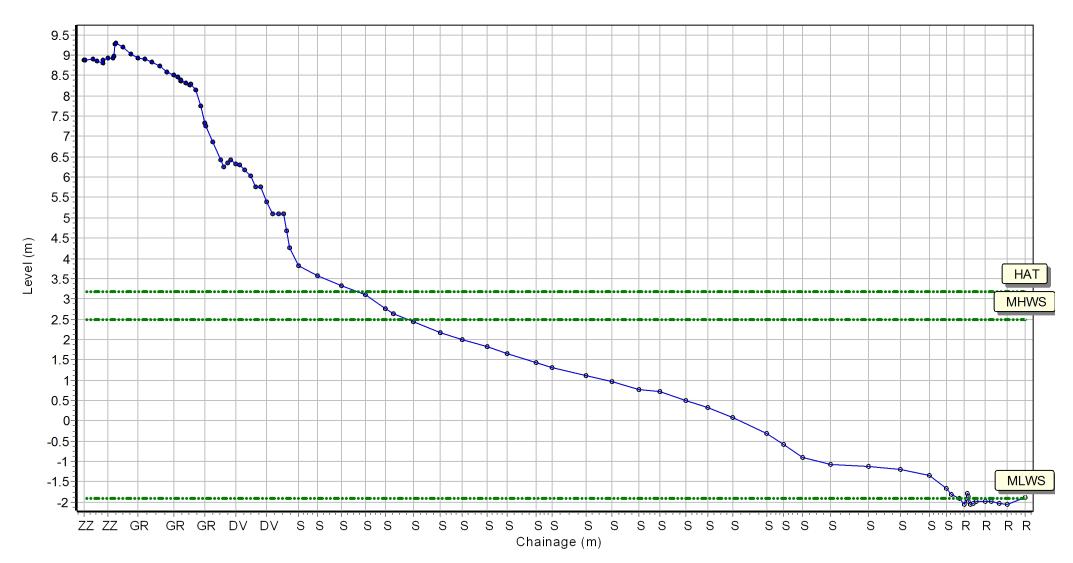


Location: 1bSNN2

Date:15/11/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 440704.168 Northing: 560981.14 Profile Bearing: 80 ° from North

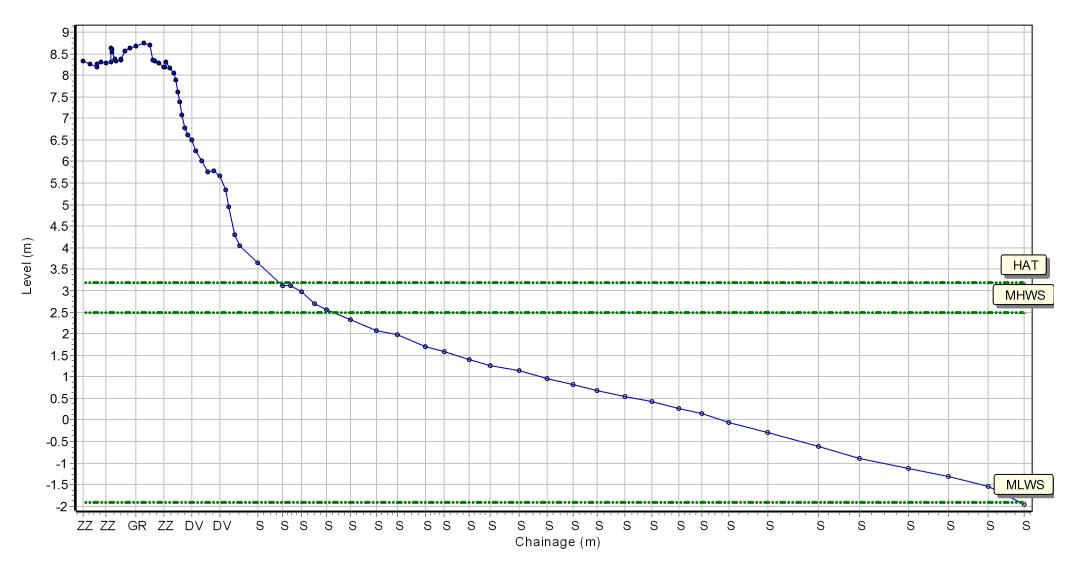


Location: 1bSNN3

Date:15/11/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 440698.999 Northing: 560923.727 Profile Bearing: 112 ° from North

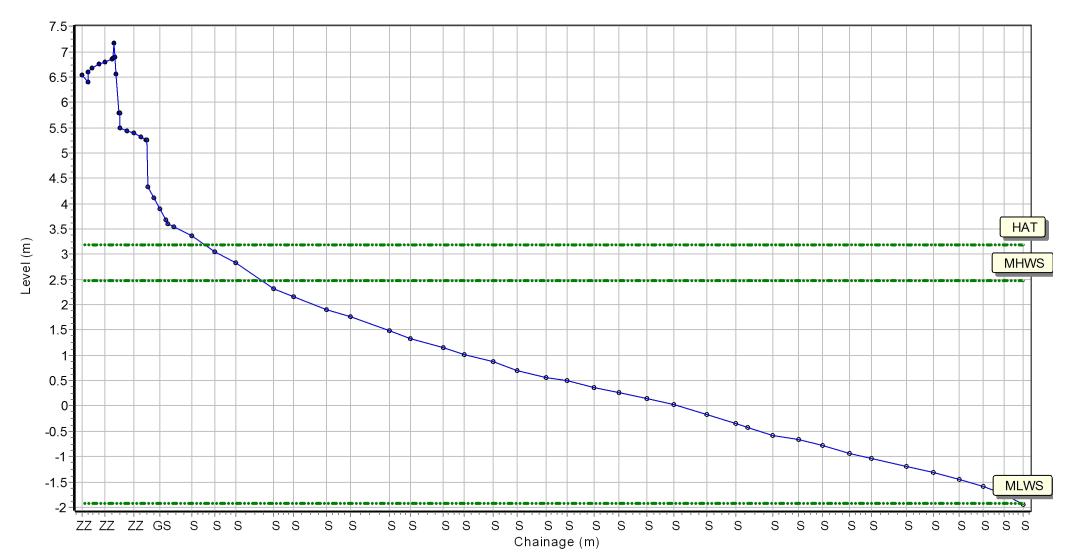


Location: 1bSNN4

Date:15/11/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 440637.004 Northing: 560702.72 Profile Bearing: 104 ° from North

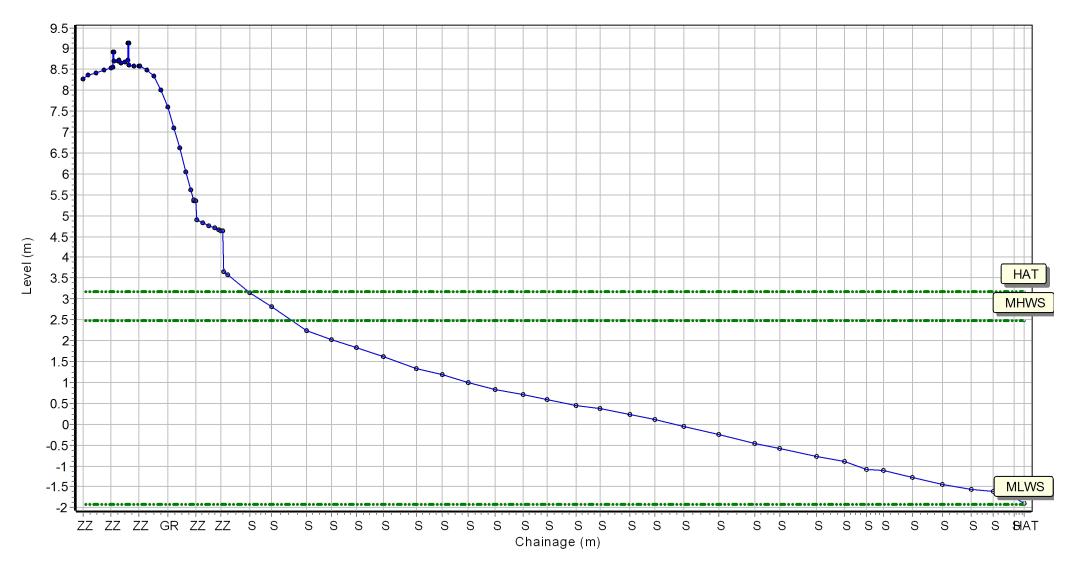


Location: 1bSNN5

Date:15/11/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 440568.694 Northing: 560490.321 Profile Bearing: 103 ° from North

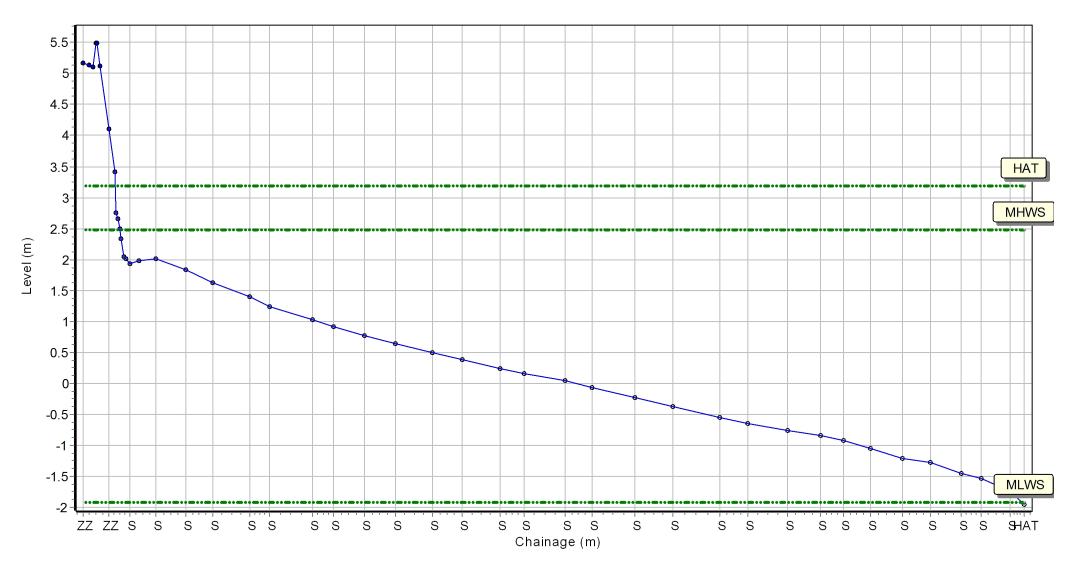


Location: 1bSNN6

Date:15/11/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 440586.486 Northing: 560206.172 Profile Bearing: 79 ° from North

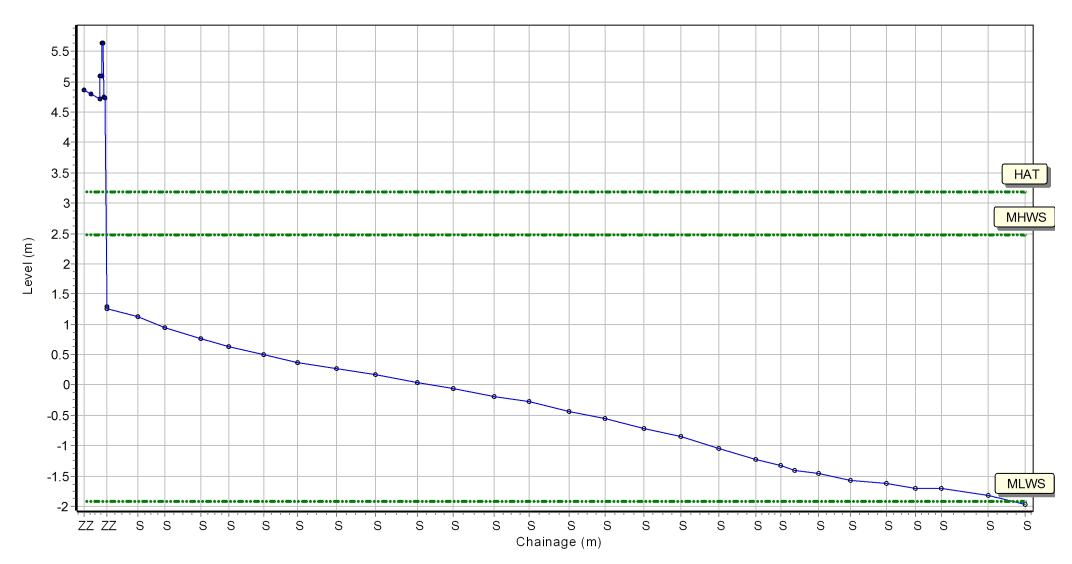


Location: 1bSNN7

Date:15/11/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 440623.795 Northing: 560029.932 Profile Bearing: 81 ° from North

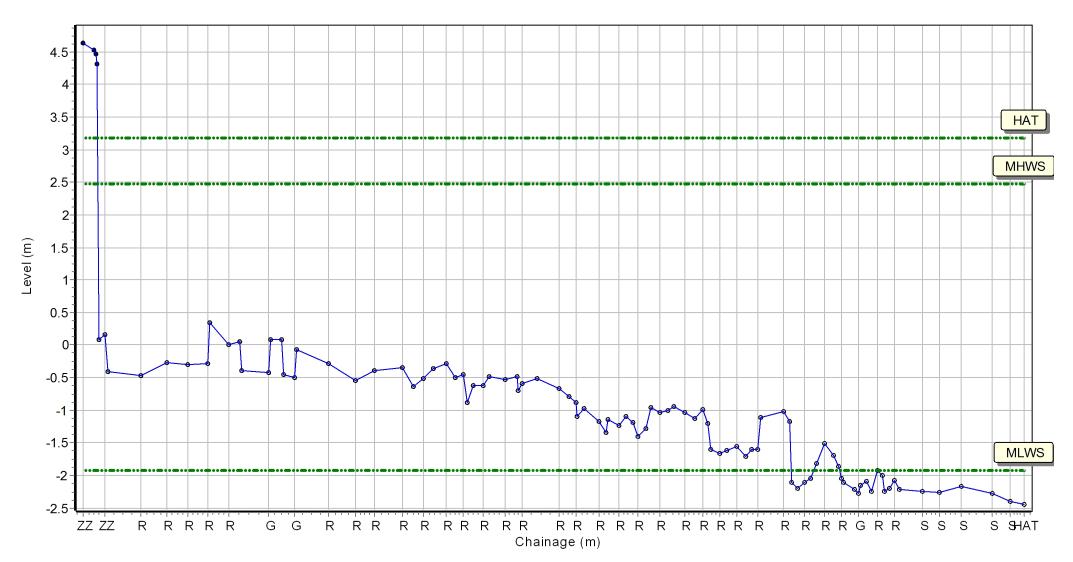


Location: 1bSNN8

Date:15/11/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 440761.57 Northing: 559730.278 Profile Bearing: 87 ° from North



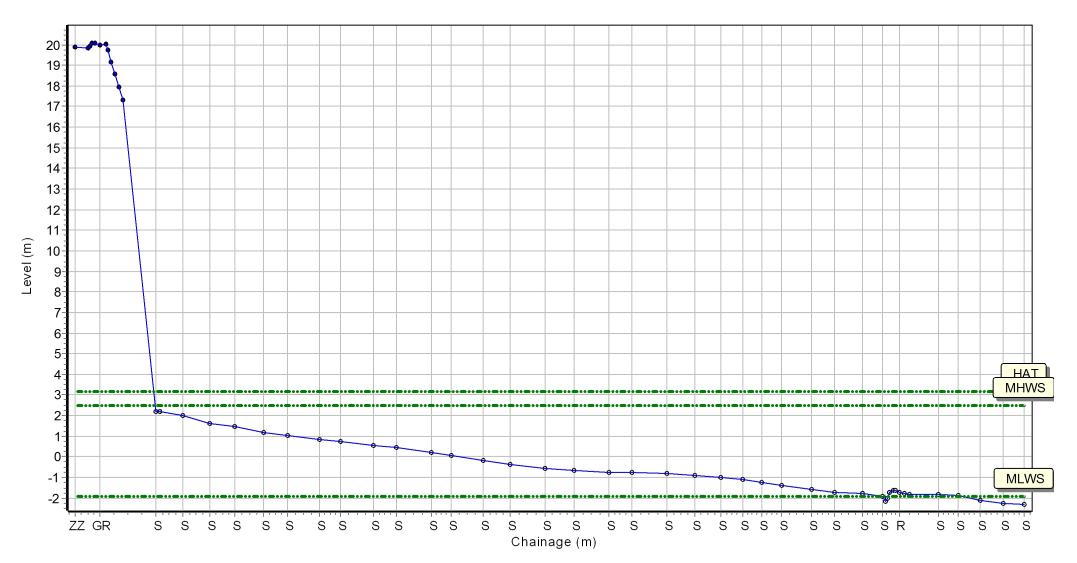
http://www.sandsuser.com

Location: 1bSNN9

Date:15/11/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 440680.051 Northing: 559381.258 Profile Bearing: 65 ° from North

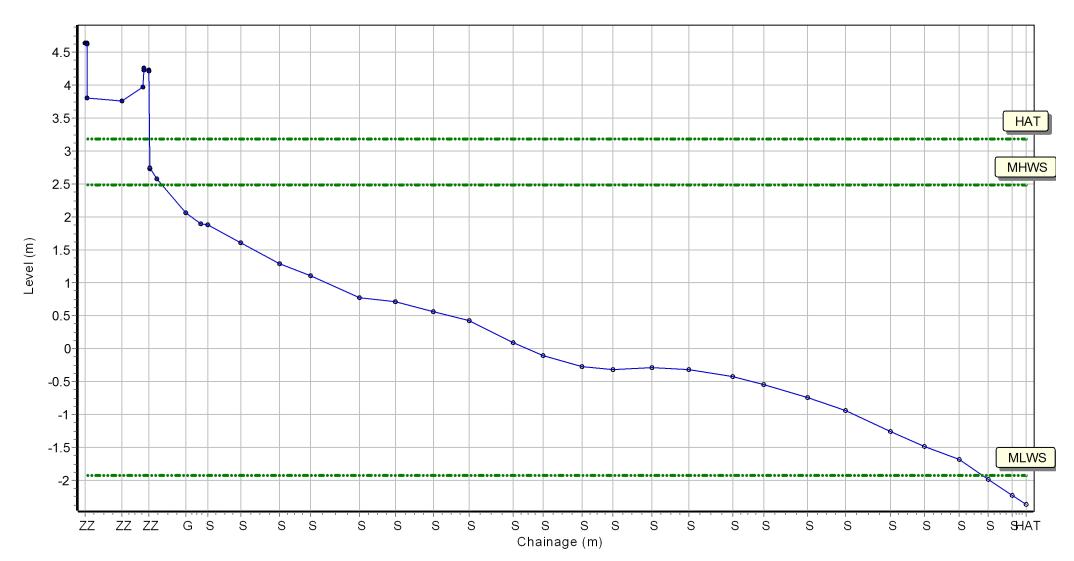


Location: 1bSNN10

Date:15/11/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 440728.714 Northing: 559193.372 Profile Bearing: 74 ° from North

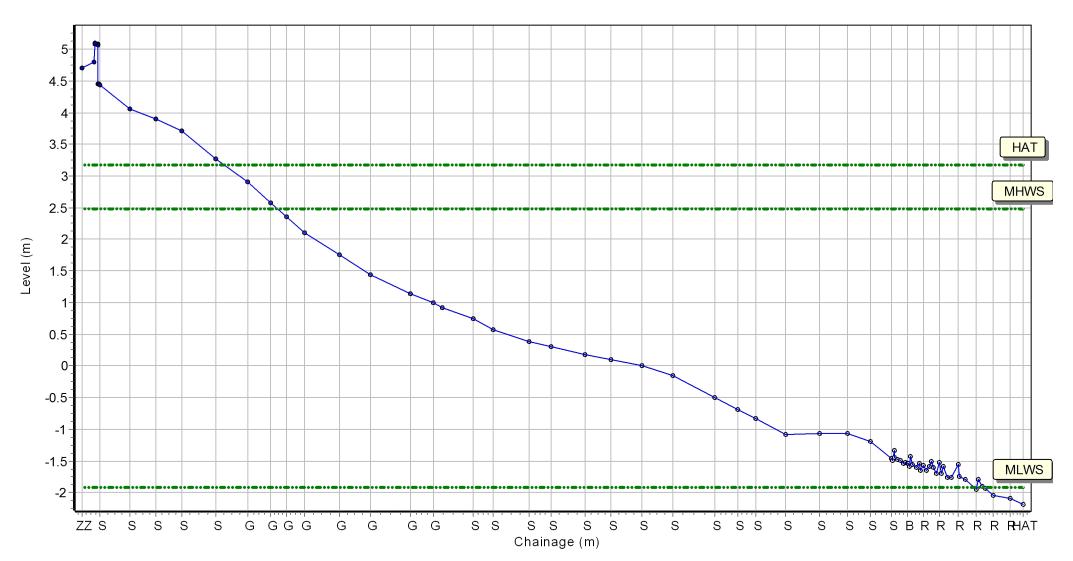


Location: 1bSNN11

Date:15/11/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 440785.596 Northing: 558966.827 Profile Bearing: 76 ° from North



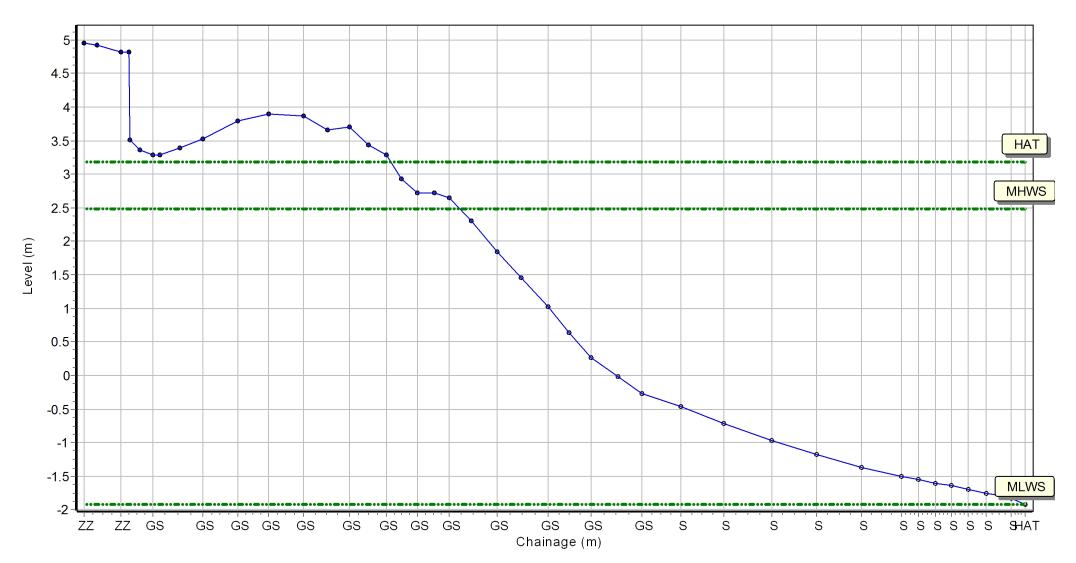
http://www.sandsuser.com

Location: 1bSNN12

Date:15/11/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 440842.281 Northing: 558732.094 Profile Bearing: 84 ° from North

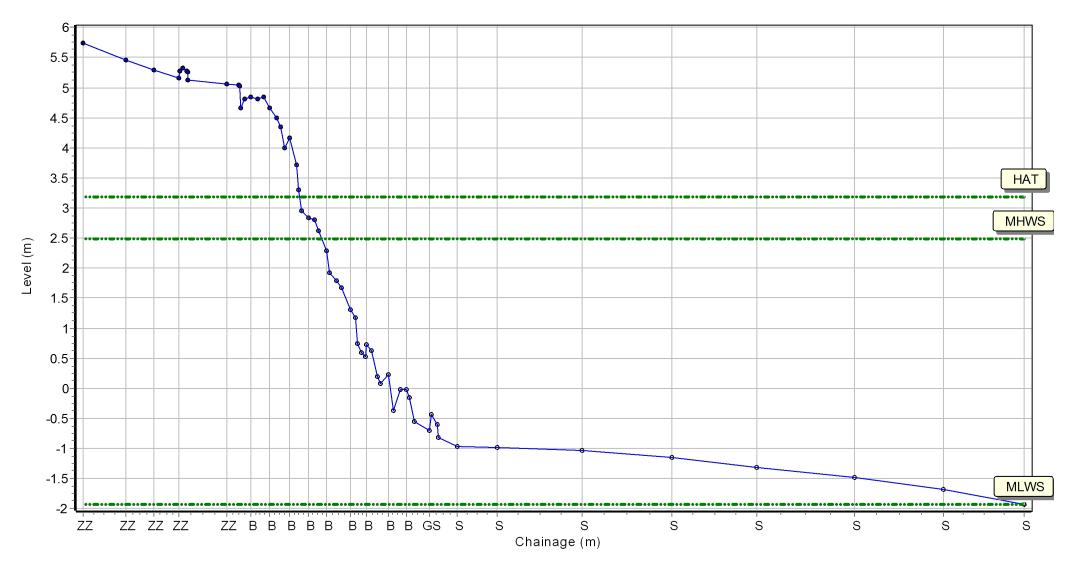


Location: 1bSNN13

Date:15/11/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 440892.257 Northing: 558511.587 Profile Bearing: 76 ° from North



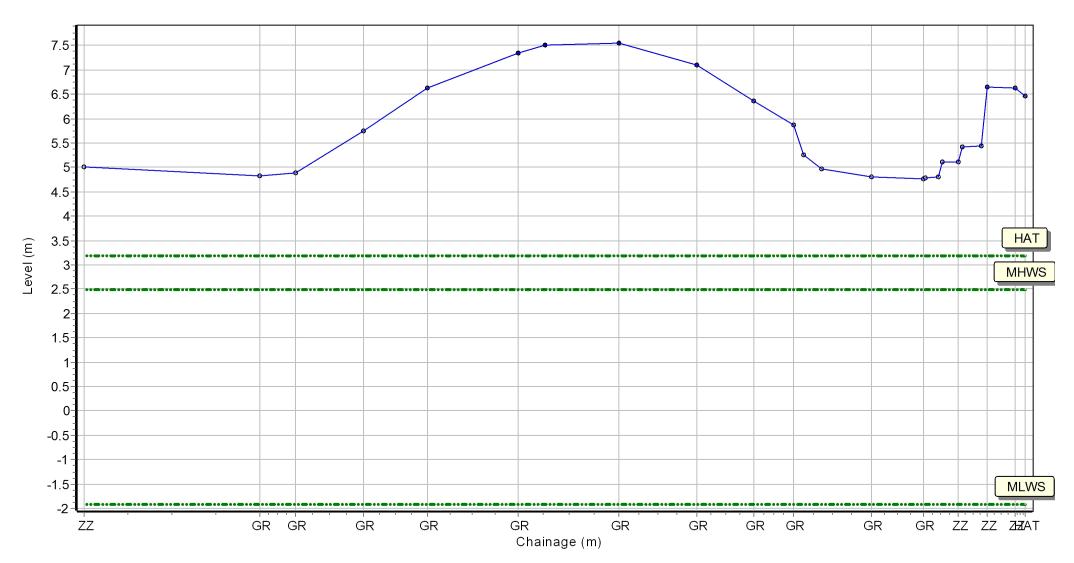
Location: 1bSNC1

 Date:
 01/09/2016
 Inspector: AG
 Low Tide:
 Low Tide Time:

 Wind
 Sea State:
 Visibility:
 Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441063.908 Northing: 558055.488 Profile Bearing: 87 ° from North

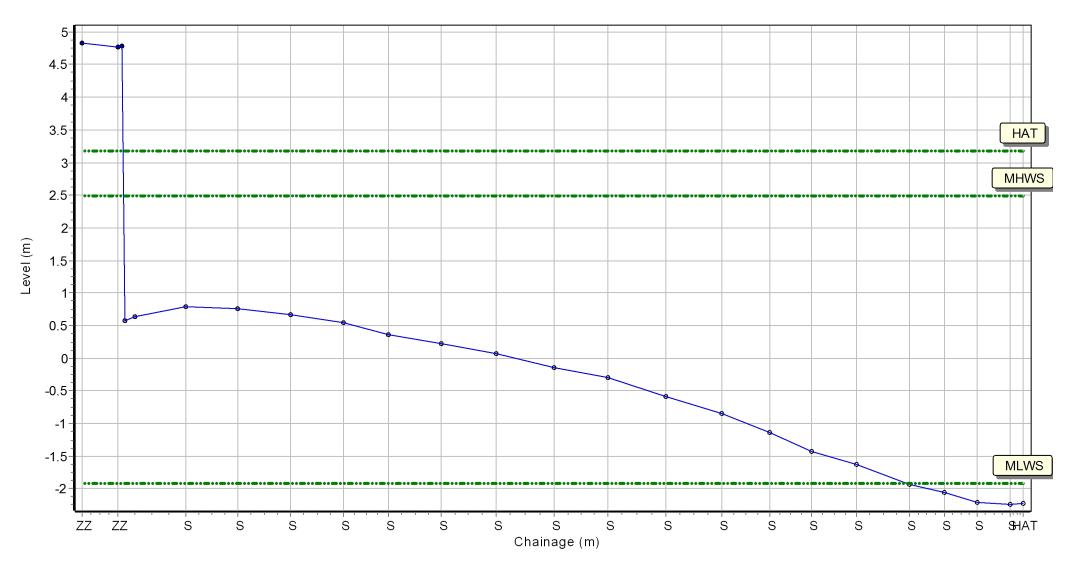


Location: 1bSNC2

Date:01/09/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441240.27 Northing: 557850.776 Profile Bearing: 349 ° from North

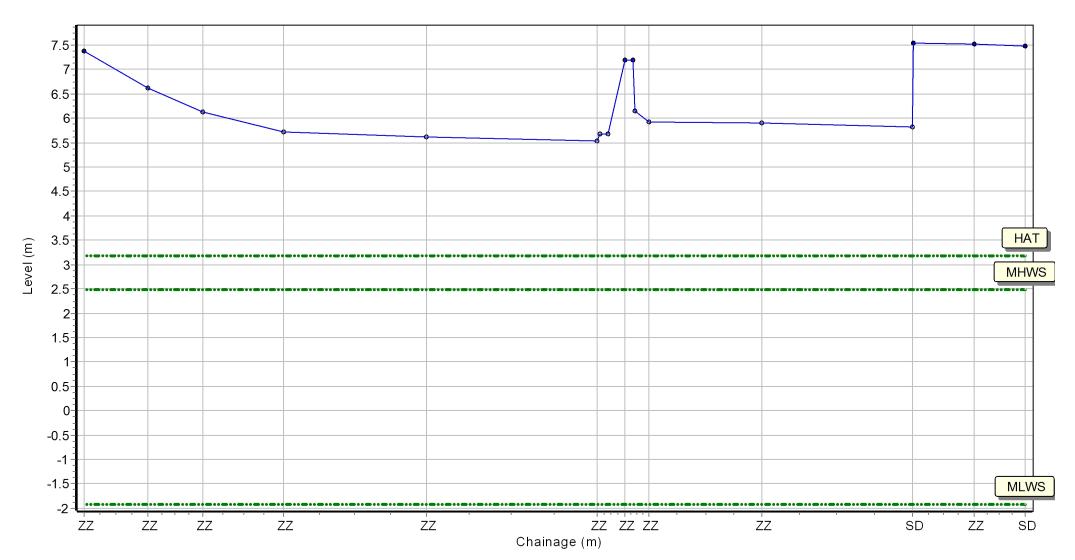


Location: 1bSNC3

Date:01/09/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441192.226 Northing: 557747.746 Profile Bearing: 70 ° from North

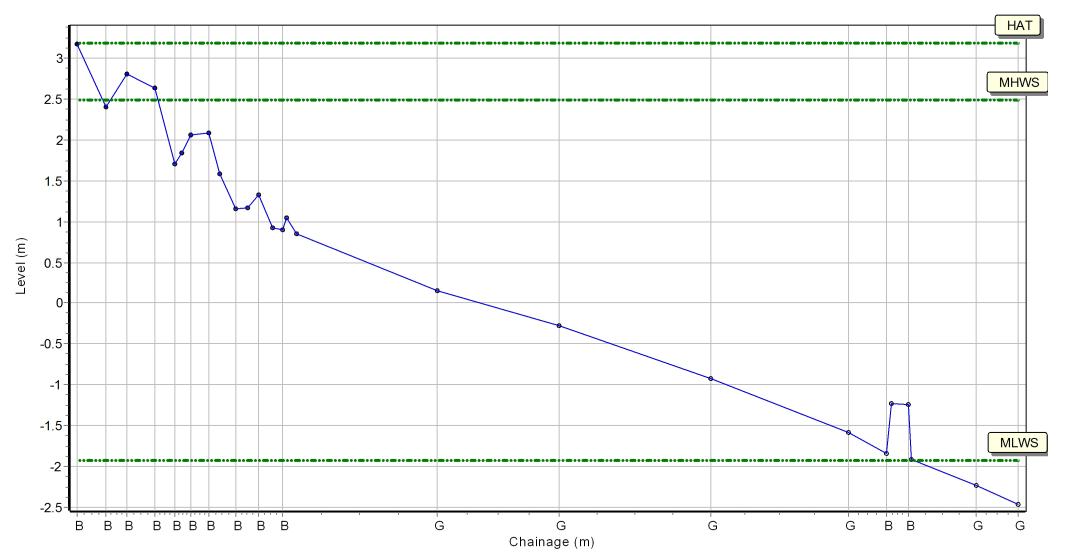


Location: 1bSNC4

Date:01/09/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441321.27 Northing: 557533.237 Profile Bearing: 45 ° from North



Location: 1bSNC5

Wind

Date: 01/09/2016 Inspector: AG

Sea State:

Low Tide:

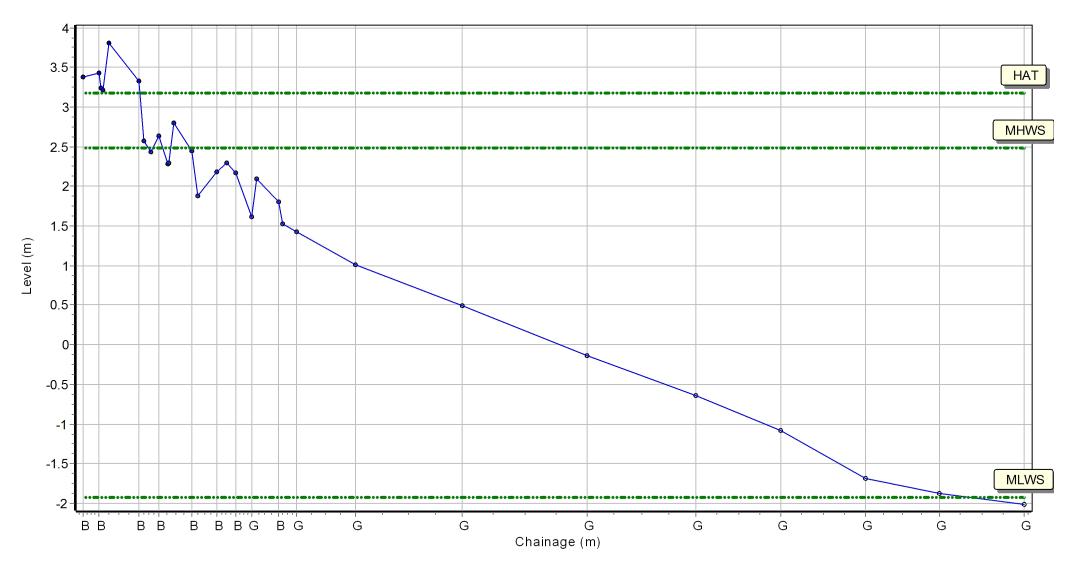
Visibility:

Low Tide Time:

Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441463.58 Northing: 557376.22 Profile Bearing: 58 ° from North



Location: 1bSNC6

 Date:
 01/09/2016
 Inspector: AG
 Low Tide:

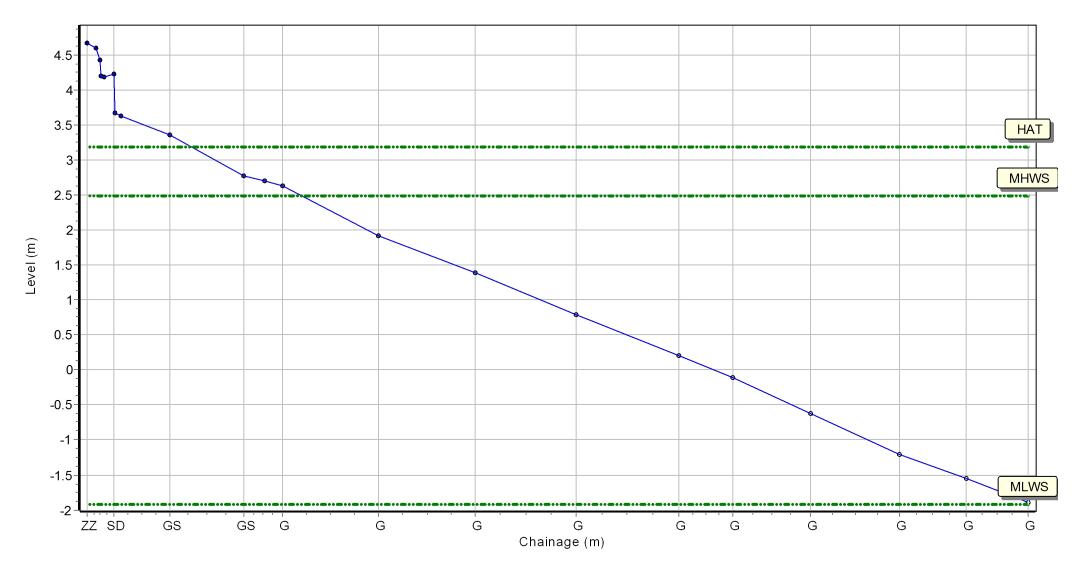
 Wind
 Sea State:
 Visibility:

Low Tide Time:

Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441511.013 Northing: 557229.014 Profile Bearing: 88 ° from North

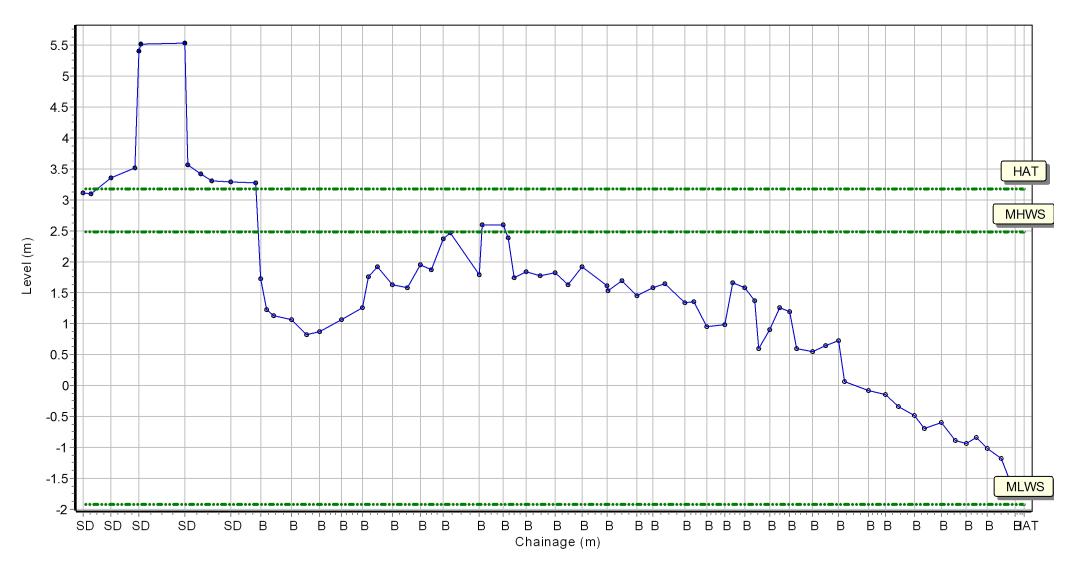


Location: 1bSNC7

Date:01/09/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441682.28 Northing: 557051.345 Profile Bearing: 230 ° from North

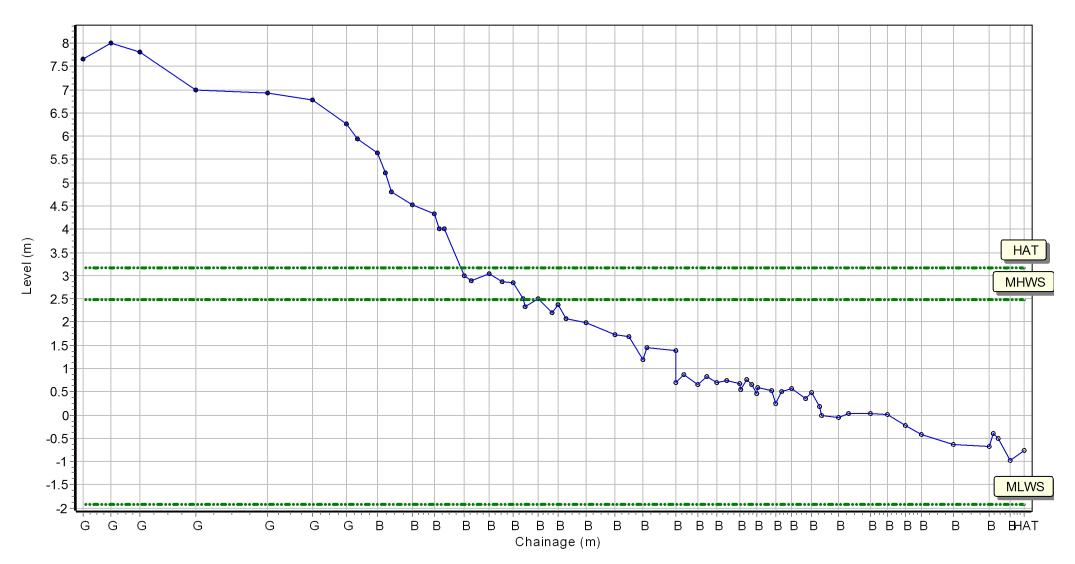


Location: 1bSNC8

Date:01/09/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441601.437 Northing: 557055.604 Profile Bearing: 183 ° from North

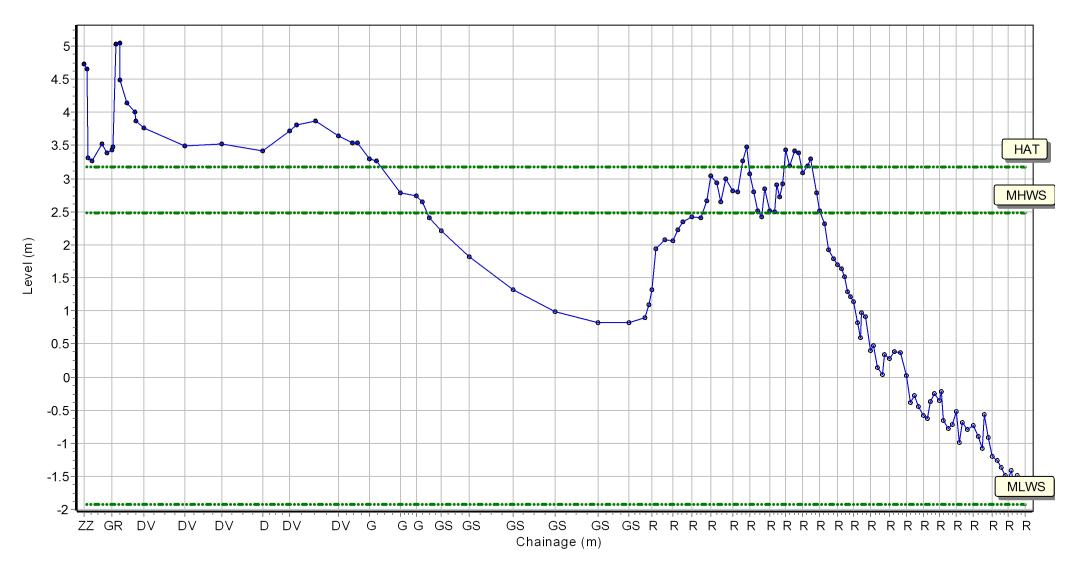


Location: 1bSNC9

Date:01/09/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

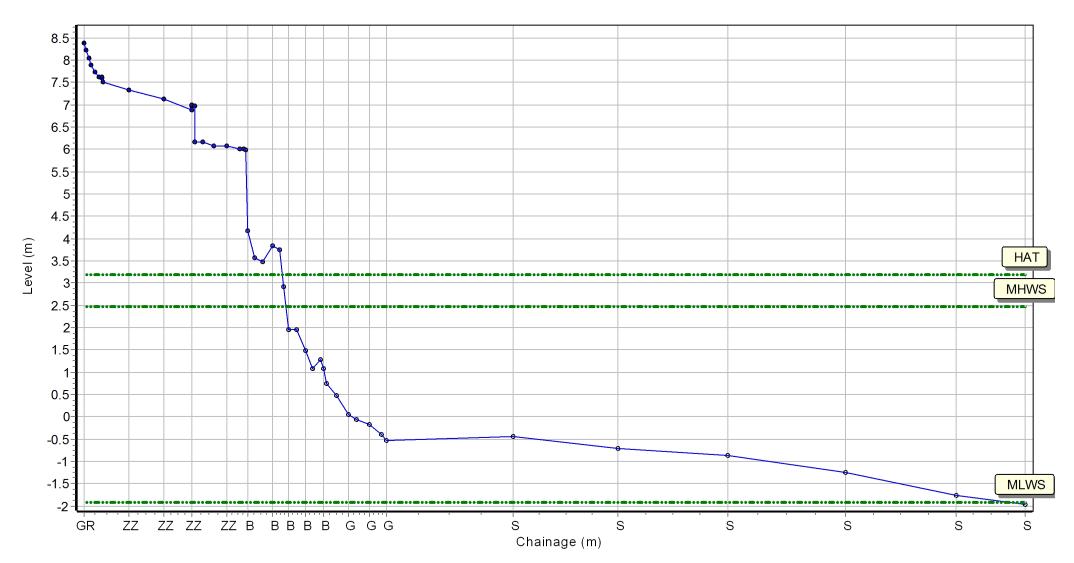
Easting: 441461.898 Northing: 556870.487 Profile Bearing: 70 ° from North



Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441092.263 Northing: 555414.414 Profile Bearing: 80 ° from North

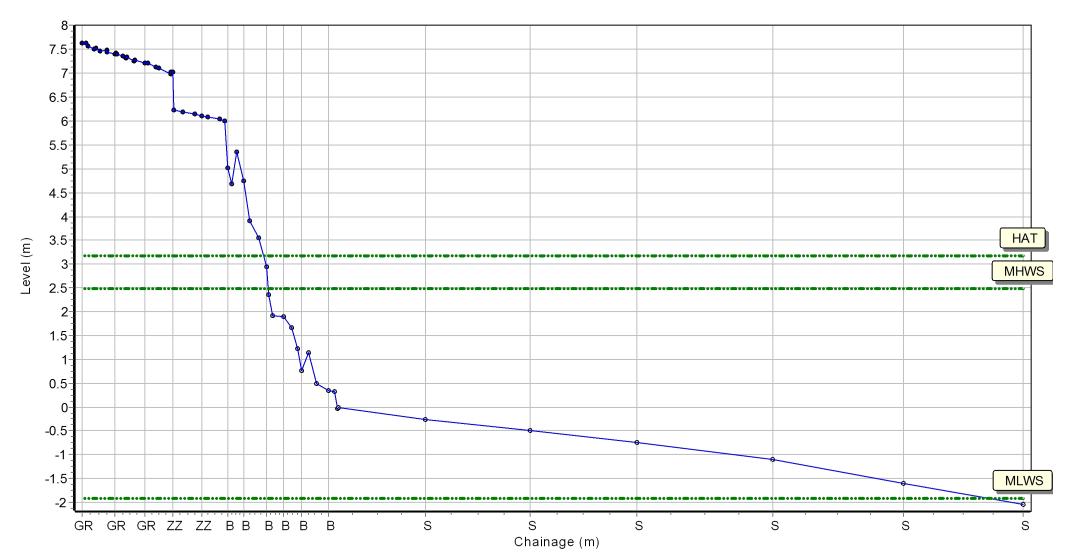


Location: 1bSNS9

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441118.722 Northing: 555223.928 Profile Bearing: 82 ° from North

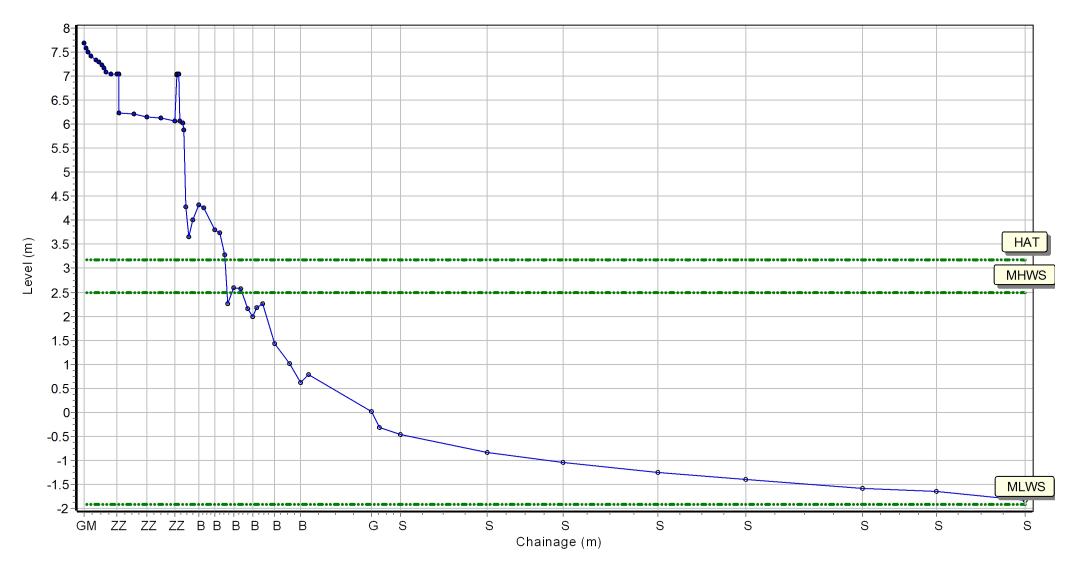


Location: 1bSNS10

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441176.256 Northing: 554997.913 Profile Bearing: 73 ° from North

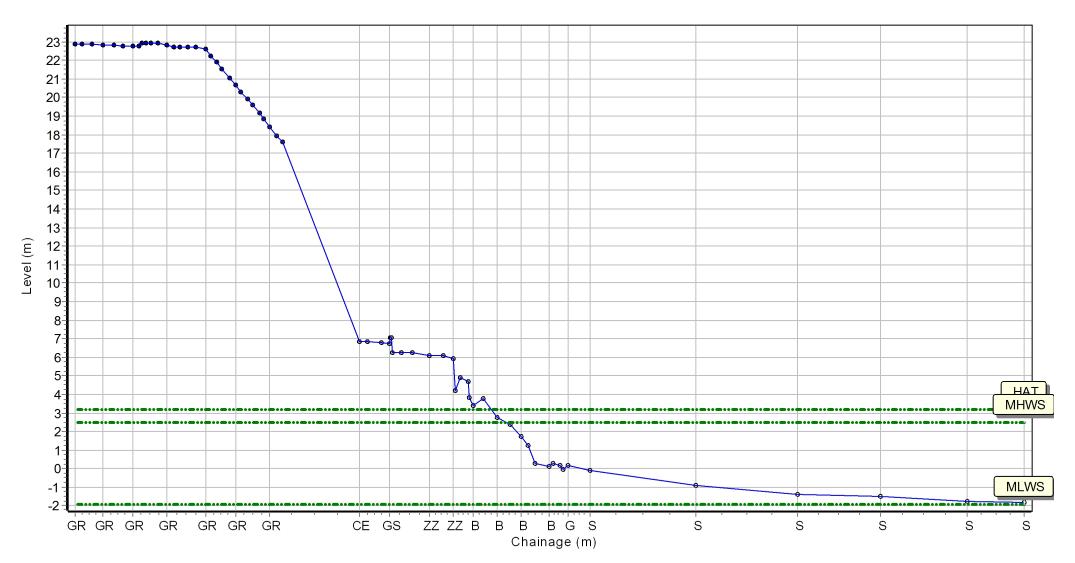


Location: 1bSNS11

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441225.182 Northing: 554759.021 Profile Bearing: 75 ° from North

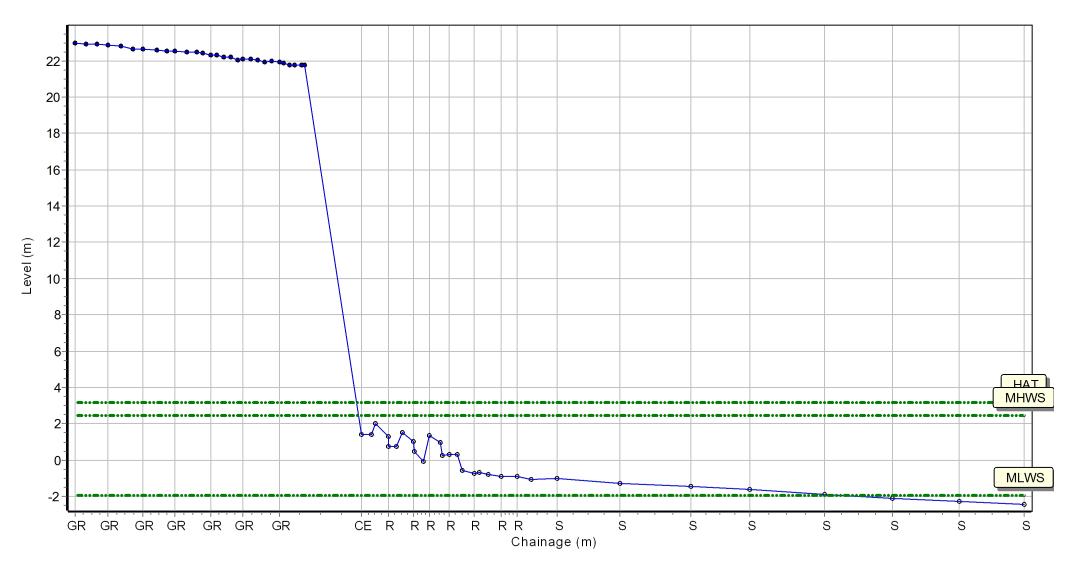


Location: 1bSNS12

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441242.249 Northing: 554630.678 Profile Bearing: 75 ° from North

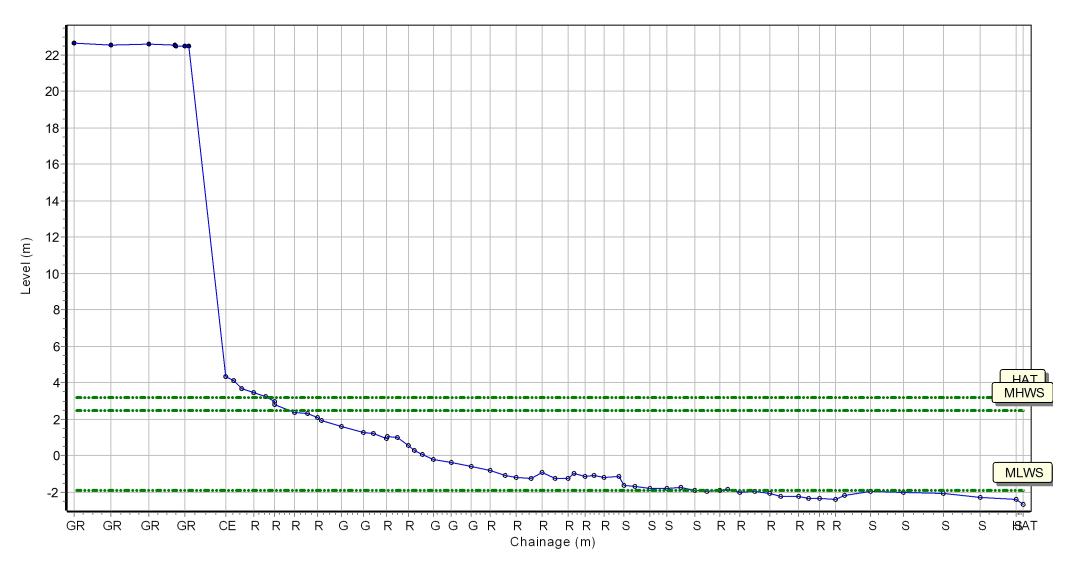


Location: 1bSNS13

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

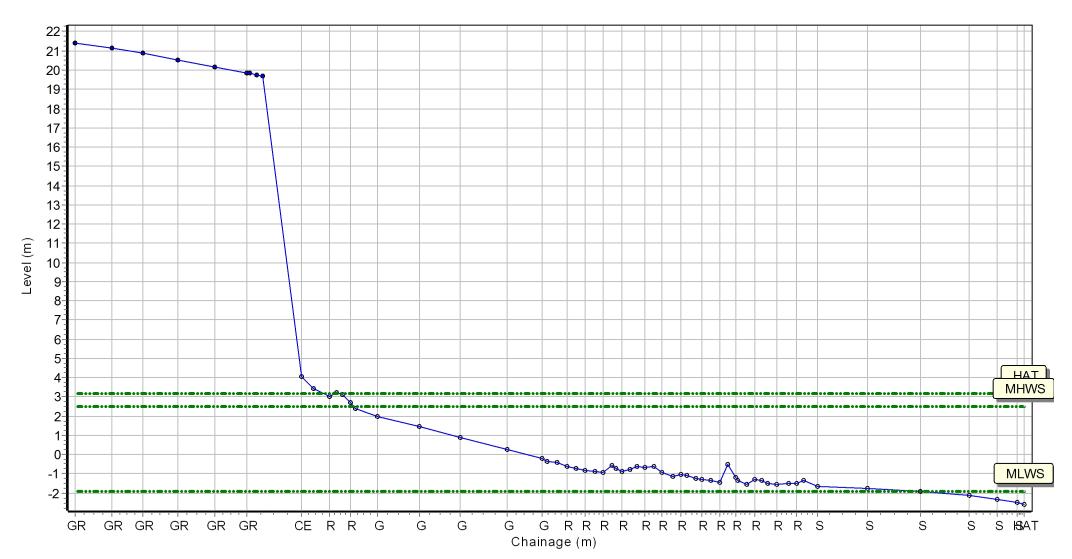
Easting: 441288.083 Northing: 554427.126 Profile Bearing: 66 ° from North



Location: 1bSNS14				
Date:	16/10/2016	Inspector: AG	Low Tide:	Low Tide Time:
Wind		Sea State:	Visibility:	Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441329.465 Northing: 554332.663 Profile Bearing: 65 ° from North

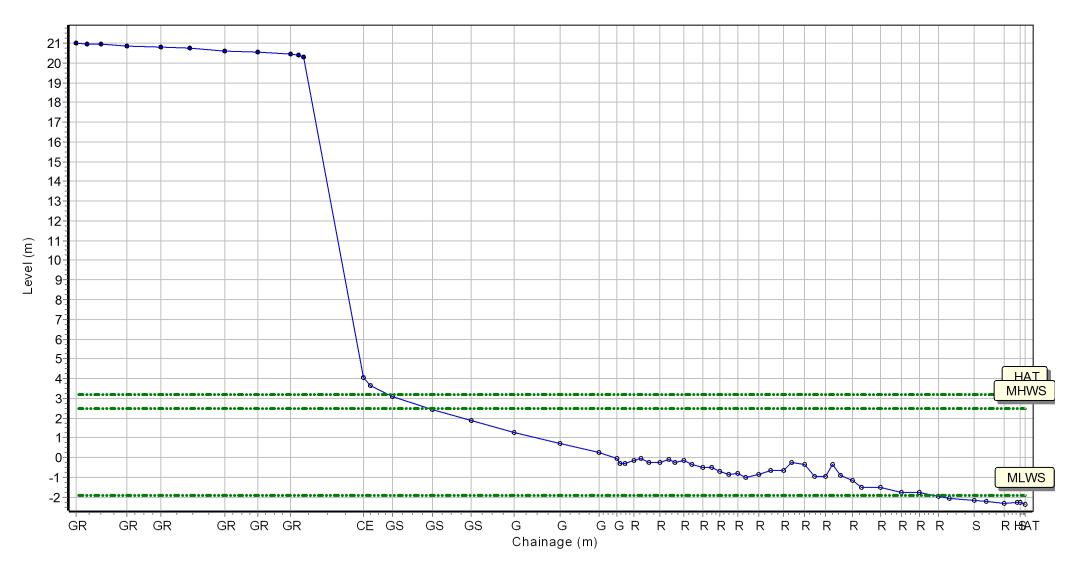


Location: 1bSNS15

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441371.425 Northing: 554241.889 Profile Bearing: 65 ° from North

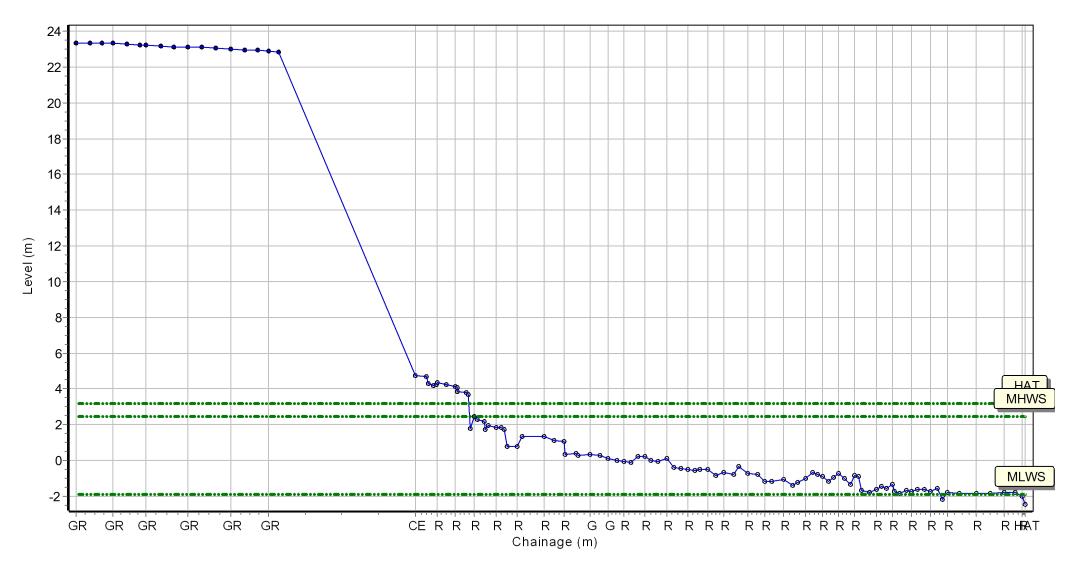


Location: 1bSNS16

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441444.352 Northing: 554130.231 Profile Bearing: 64 ° from North

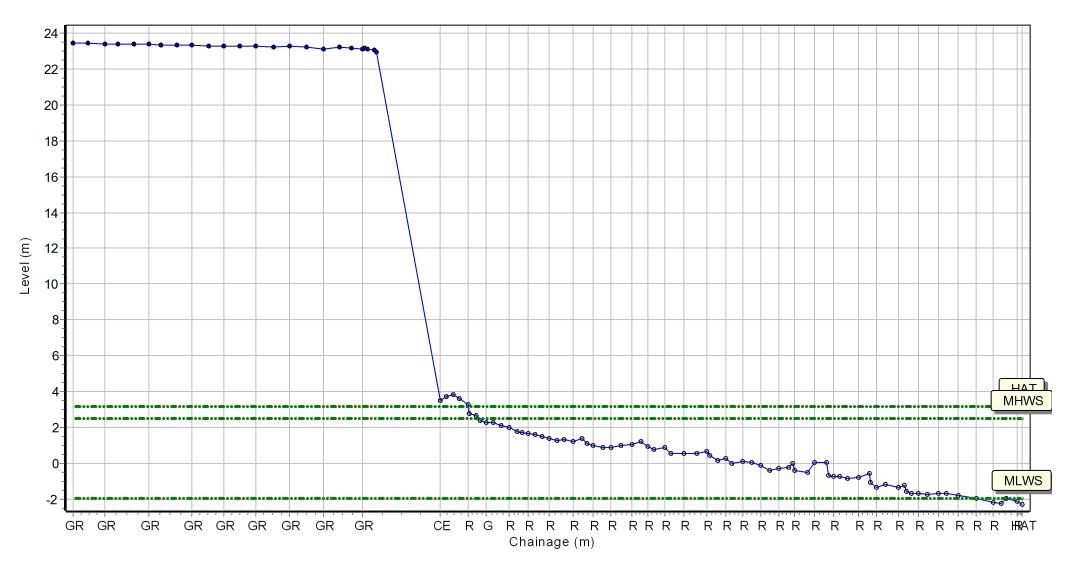


Location: 1bSNS17

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441450.289 Northing: 554115.925 Profile Bearing: 131 ° from North

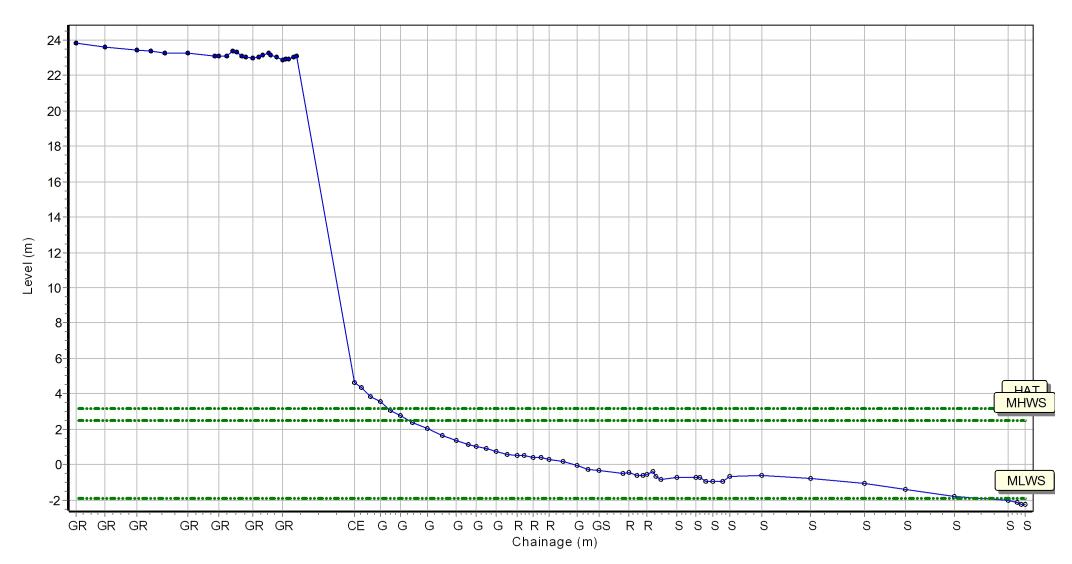


Location: 1bSNS18

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441365.488 Northing: 553870.605 Profile Bearing: 83 ° from North

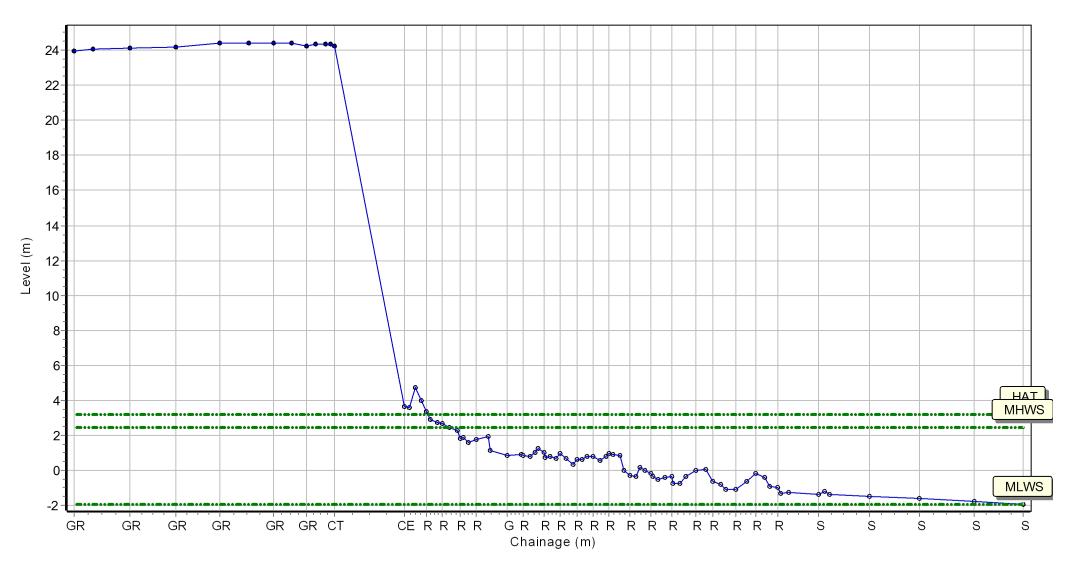


Location: 1bSNS19

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441384.336 Northing: 553752.319 Profile Bearing: 105 ° from North

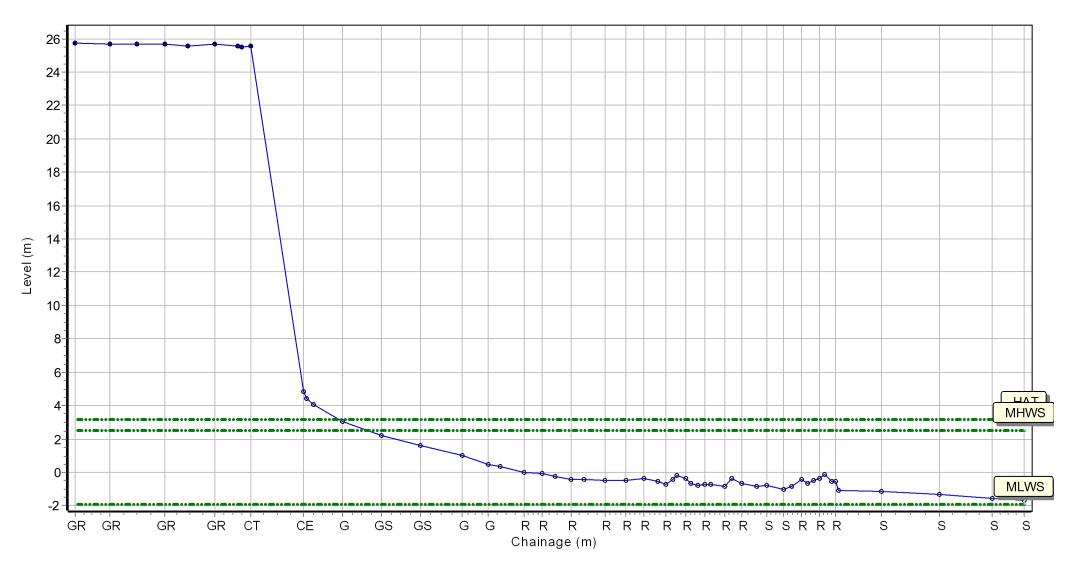


Location: 1bSNS20

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441378.054 Northing: 553599.123 Profile Bearing: 81 ° from North

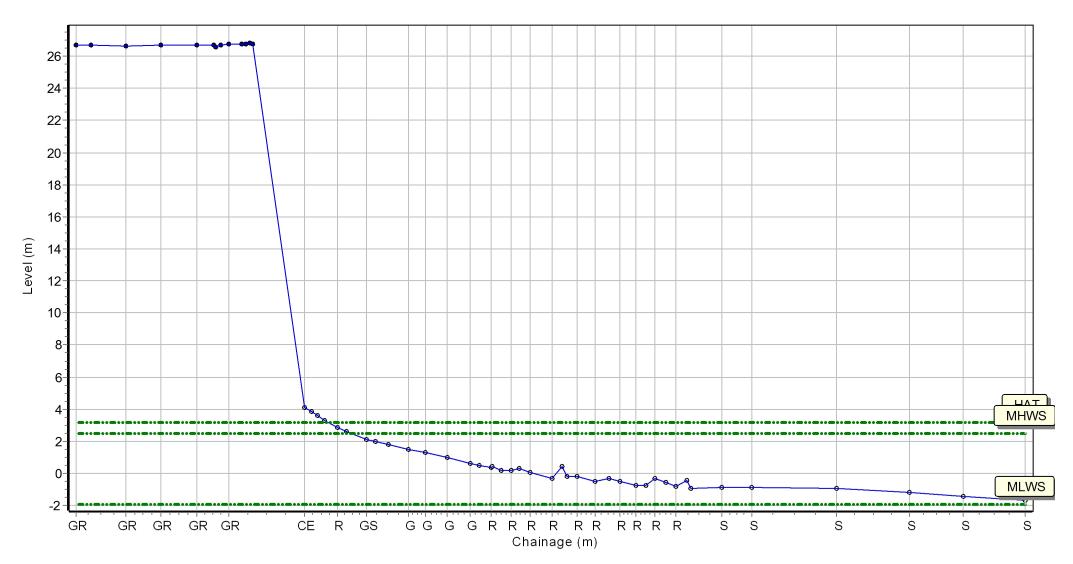


Location: 1bSNS21

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441410.506 Northing: 553455.364 Profile Bearing: 75 ° from North

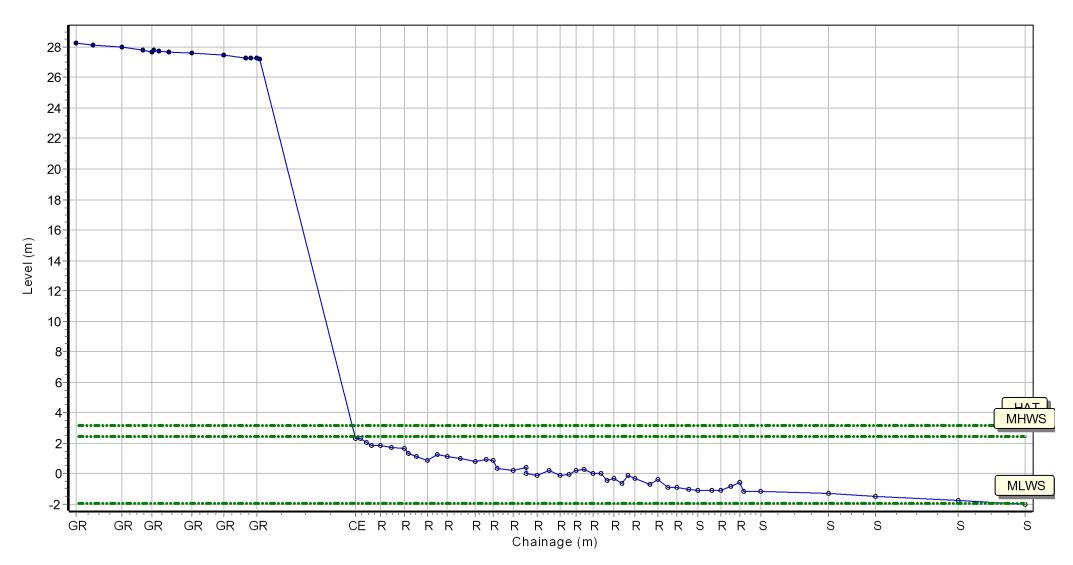


Location: 1bSNS22

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441474.364 Northing: 553262.39 Profile Bearing: 72 ° from North

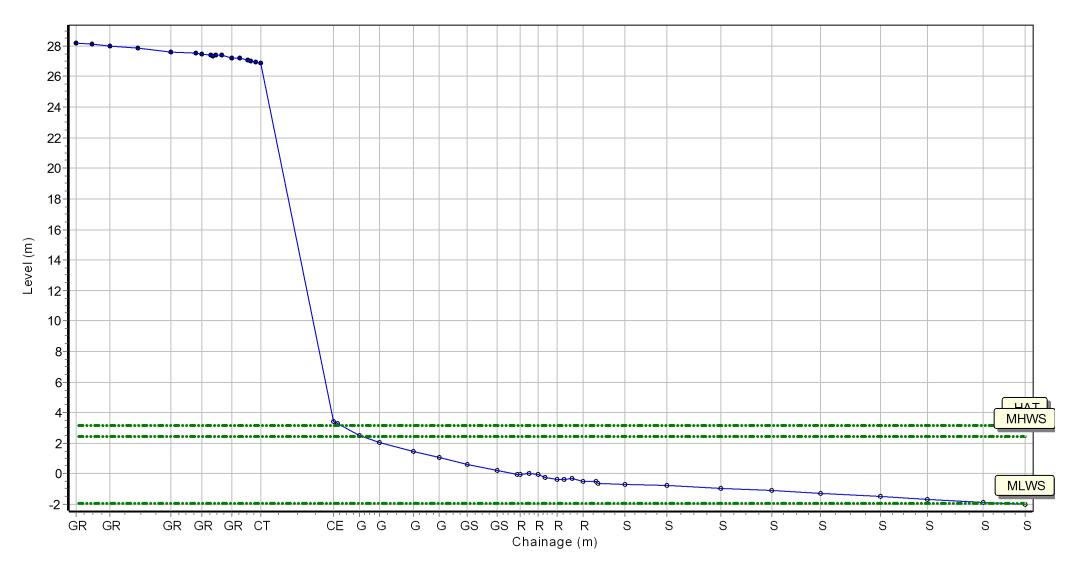


Location: 1bSNS23

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441513.099 Northing: 553157.01 Profile Bearing: 71 ° from North

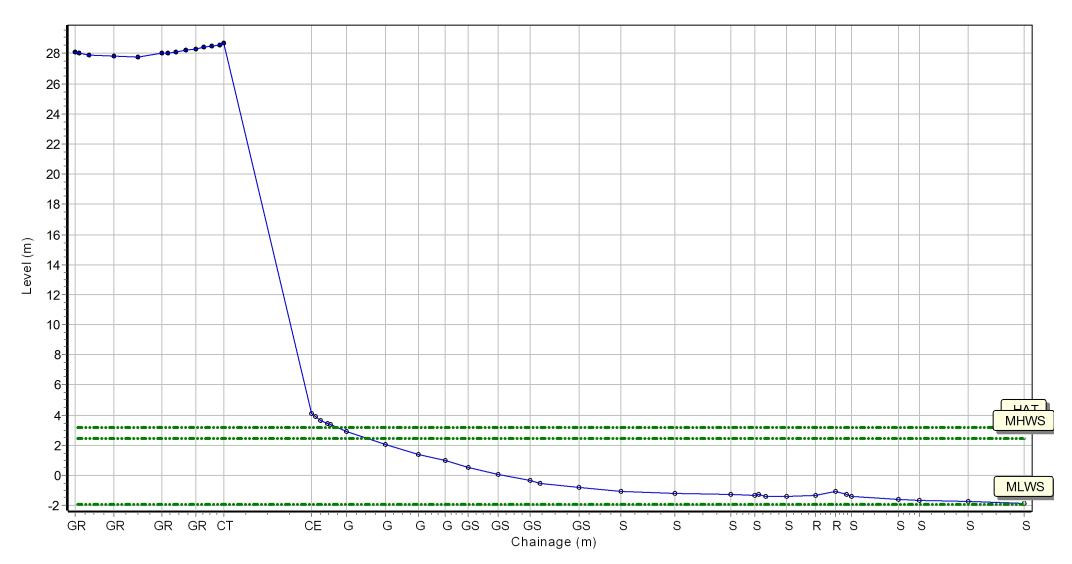


Location: 1bSNS24

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441605.914 Northing: 552855.516 Profile Bearing: 68 ° from North

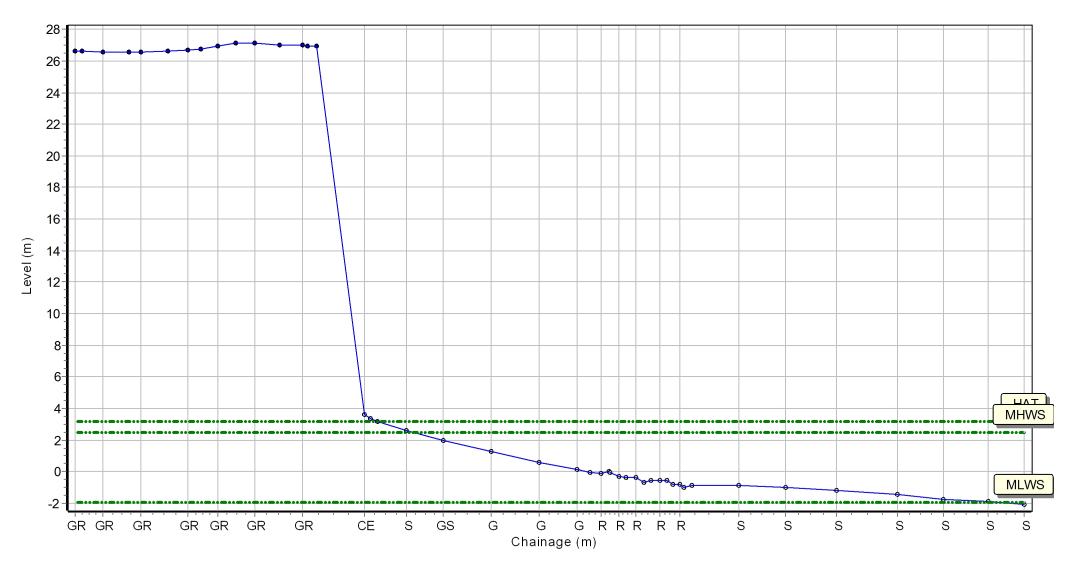


Location: 1bSNS25

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441740.614 Northing: 552616.135 Profile Bearing: 64 ° from North

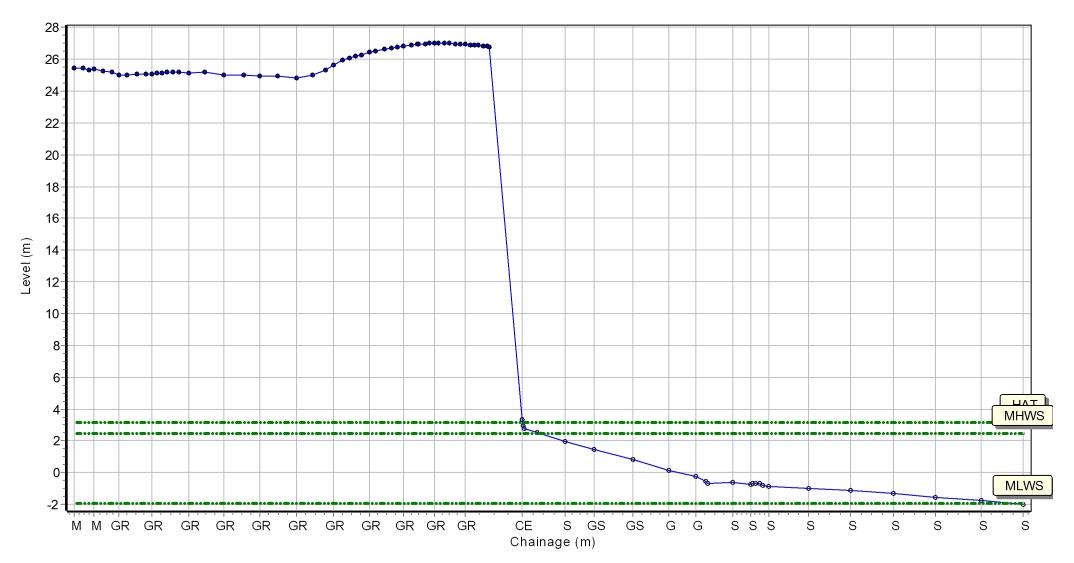


Location: 1bSNS26

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441726.053 Northing: 552563.41 Profile Bearing: 60 ° from North

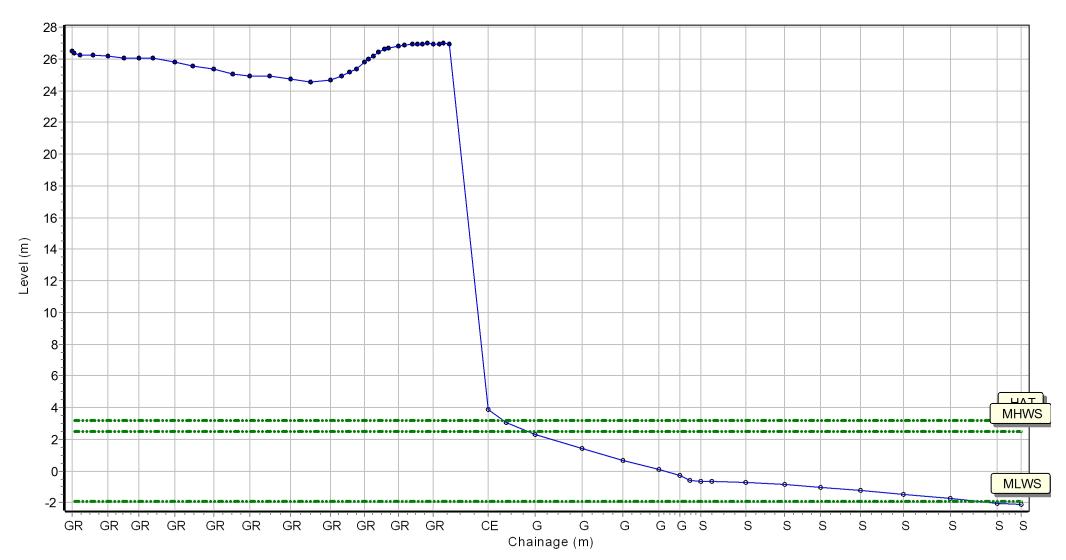


Location: 1bSNS27

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441733.63 Northing: 552550.463 Profile Bearing: 60 ° from North

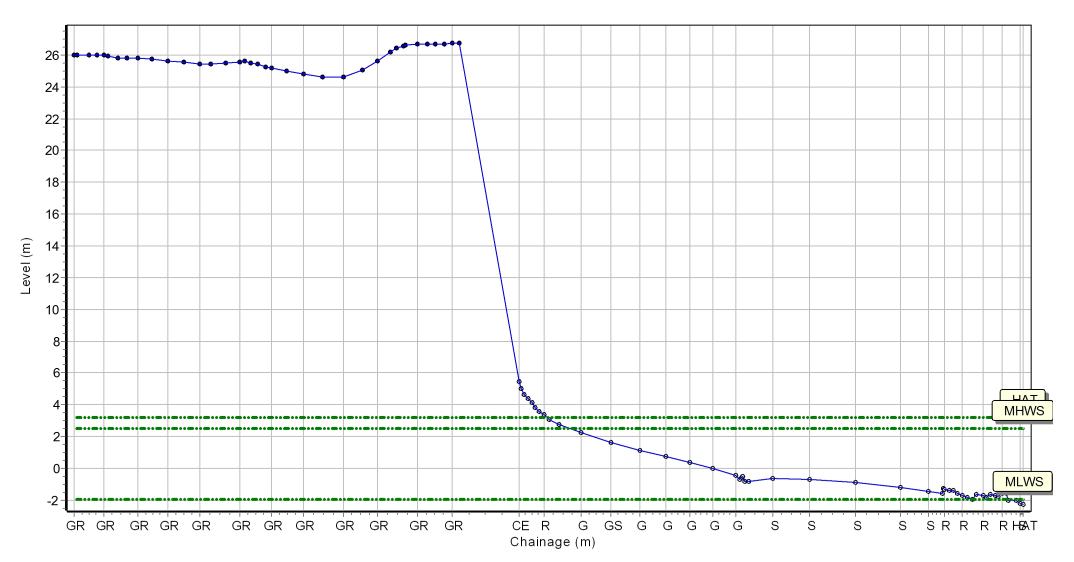


Location: 1bSNS28

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441741.207 Northing: 552537.517 Profile Bearing: 60 ° from North

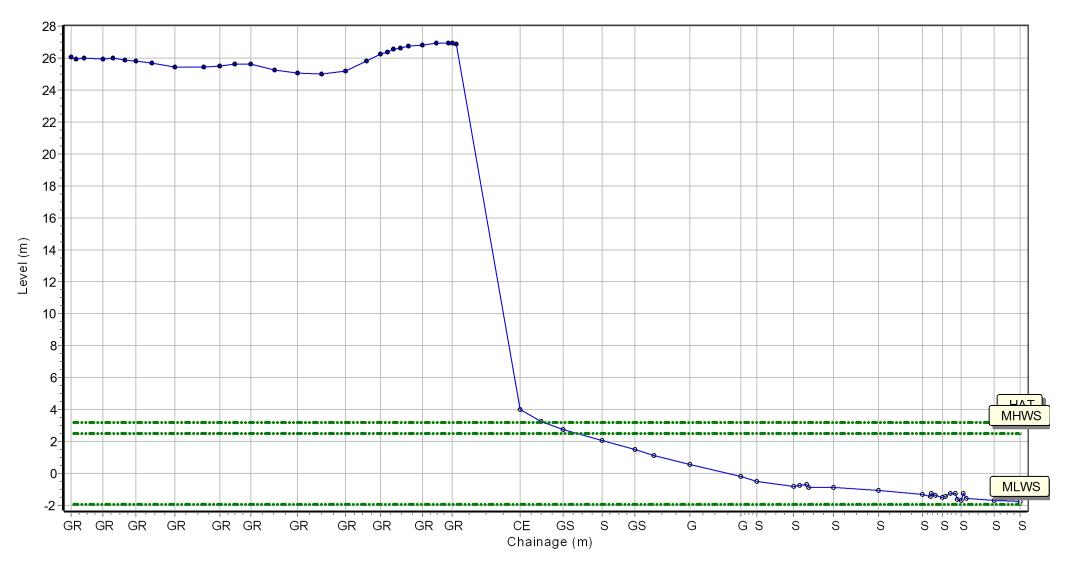


Location: 1bSNS29

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441748.776 Northing: 552524.571 Profile Bearing: 60 ° from North

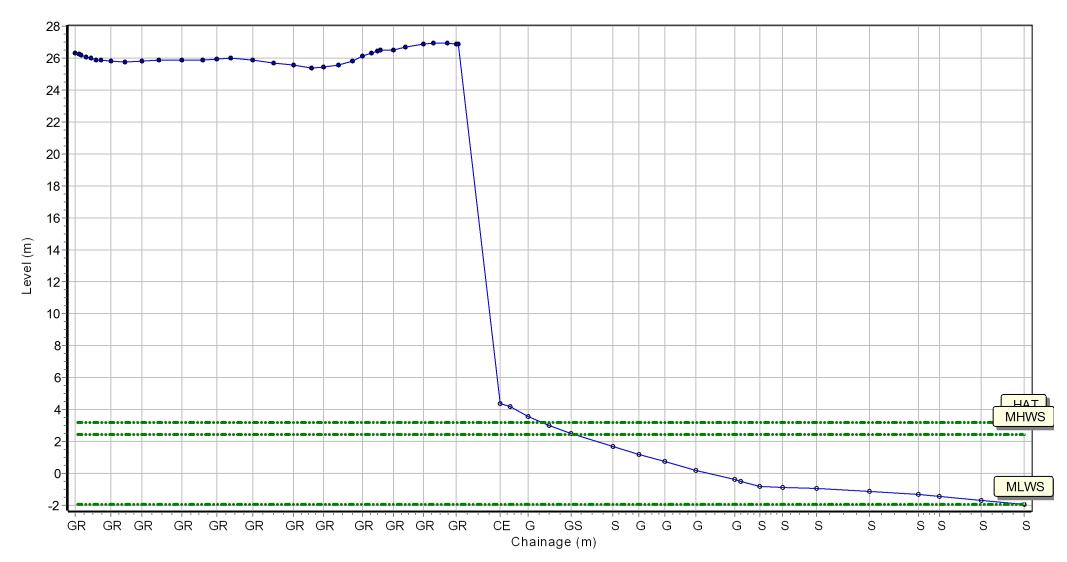


Location: 1bSNS30

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441756.353 Northing: 552511.624 Profile Bearing: 60 ° from North

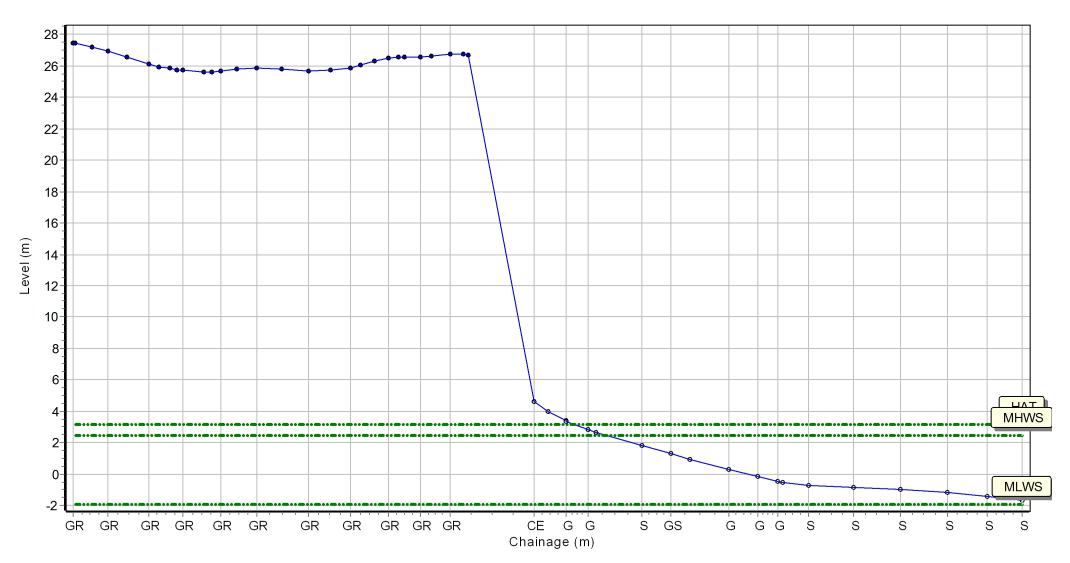


Location: 1bSNS31

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441763.931 Northing: 552498.678 Profile Bearing: 60 ° from North

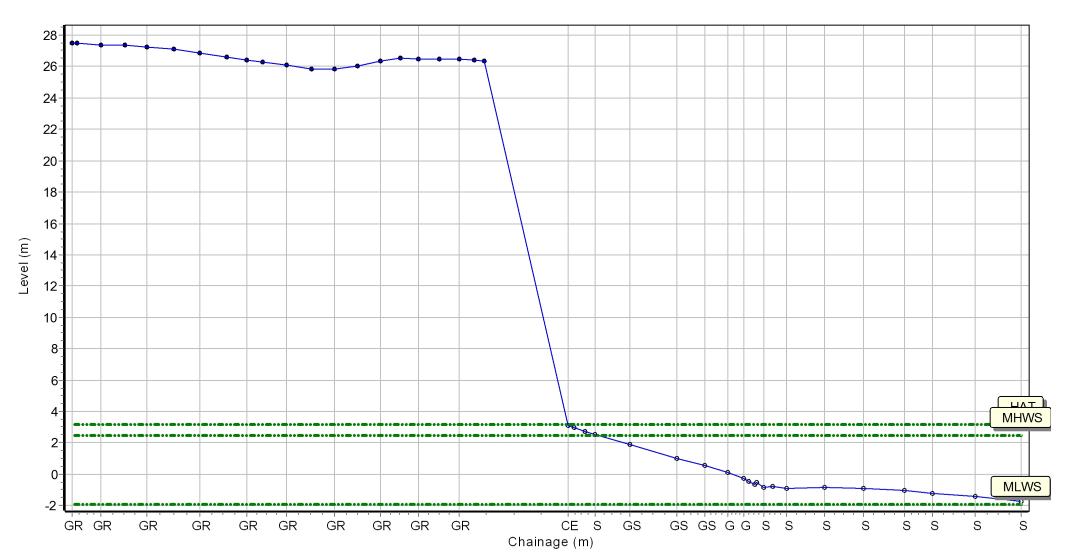


Location: 1bSNS32

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441771.5 Northing: 552485.732 Profile Bearing: 60 ° from North

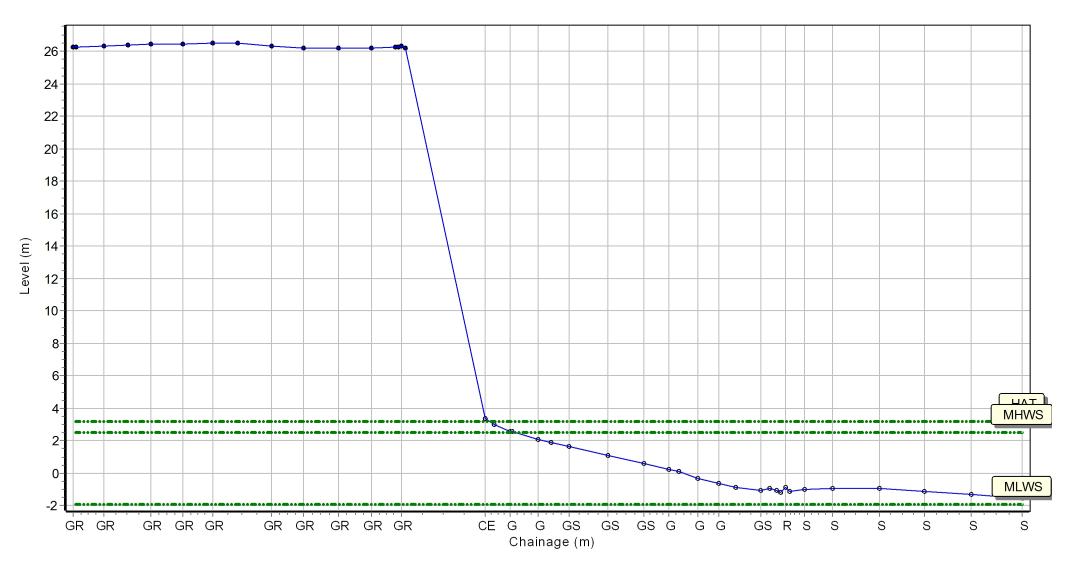


Location: 1bSNS33

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441841.104 Northing: 552454.571 Profile Bearing: 37 ° from North

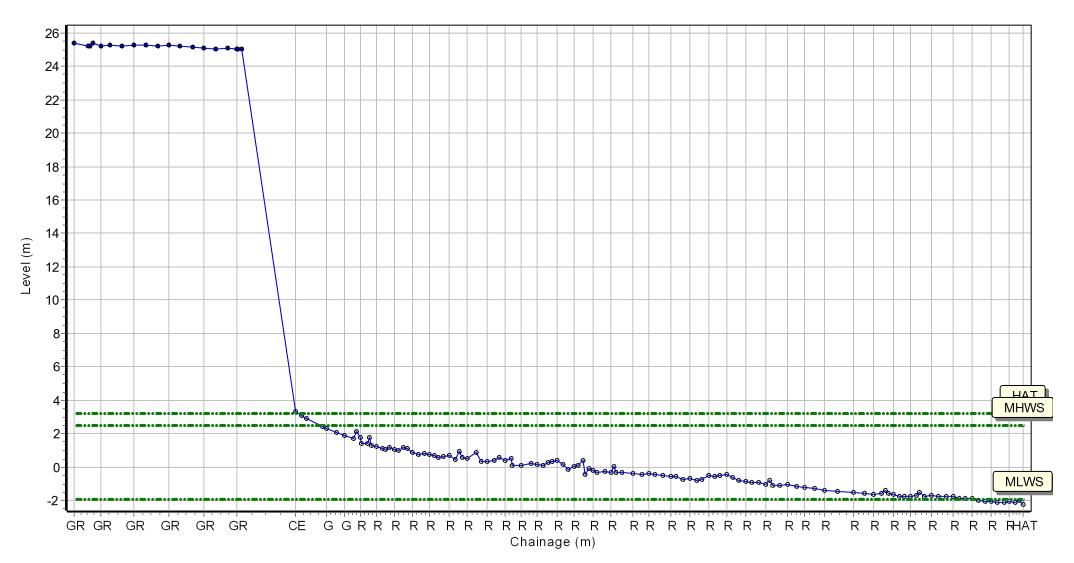


Location: 1bSNS34

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441901.161 Northing: 552284.09 Profile Bearing: 102 ° from North

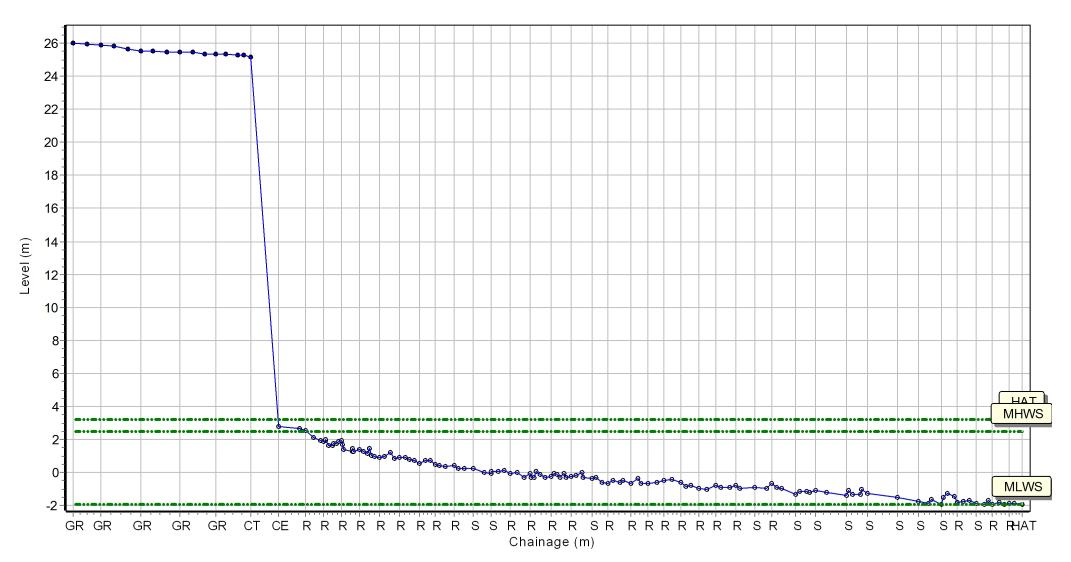


Location: 1bSNS35

Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 441844.023 Northing: 552163.994 Profile Bearing: 111 ° from North

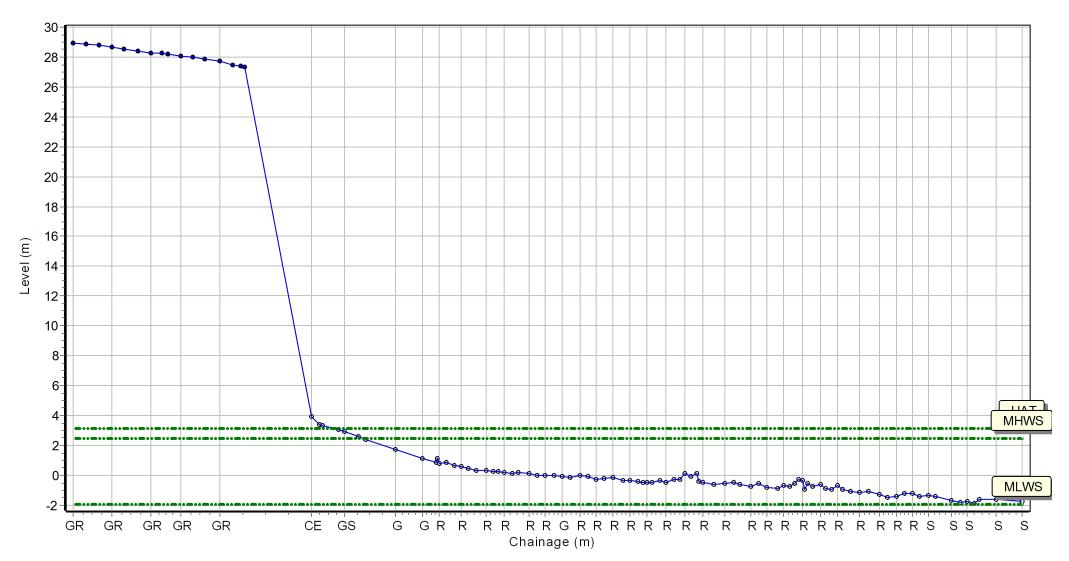


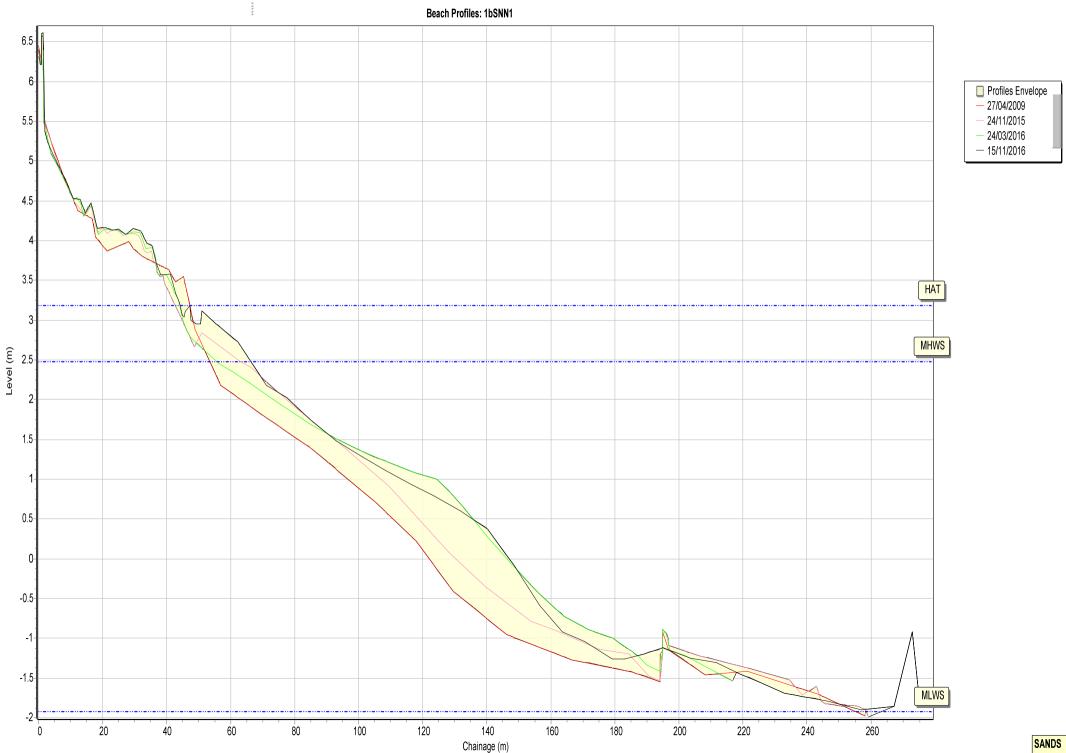
Location: 1bSNS36

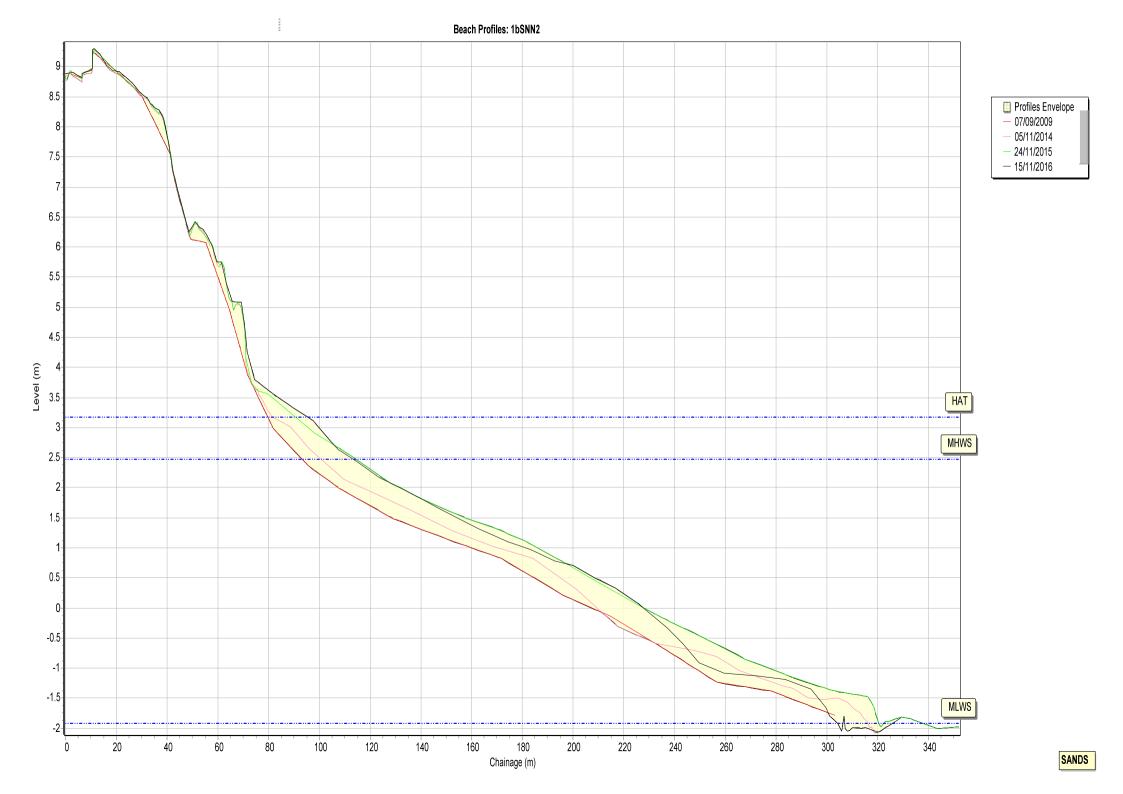
Date:16/10/2016Inspector: AGLow Tide:Low Tide Time:WindSea State:Visibility:Rain:

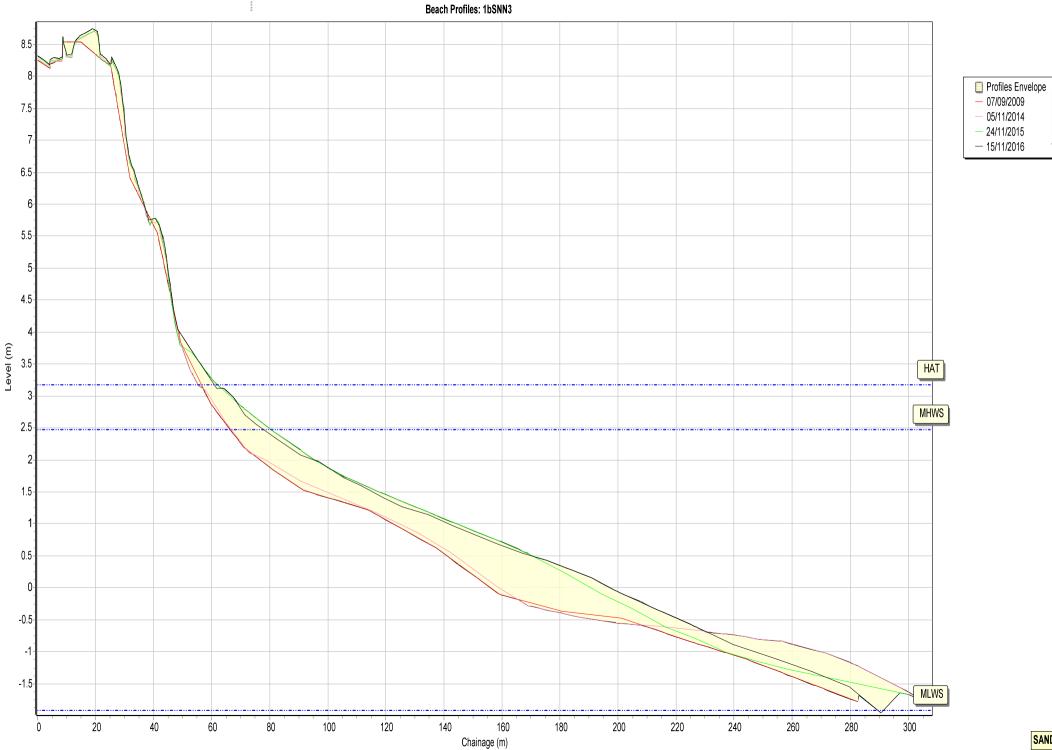
Summary: 2016 Full Measures Topo Survey

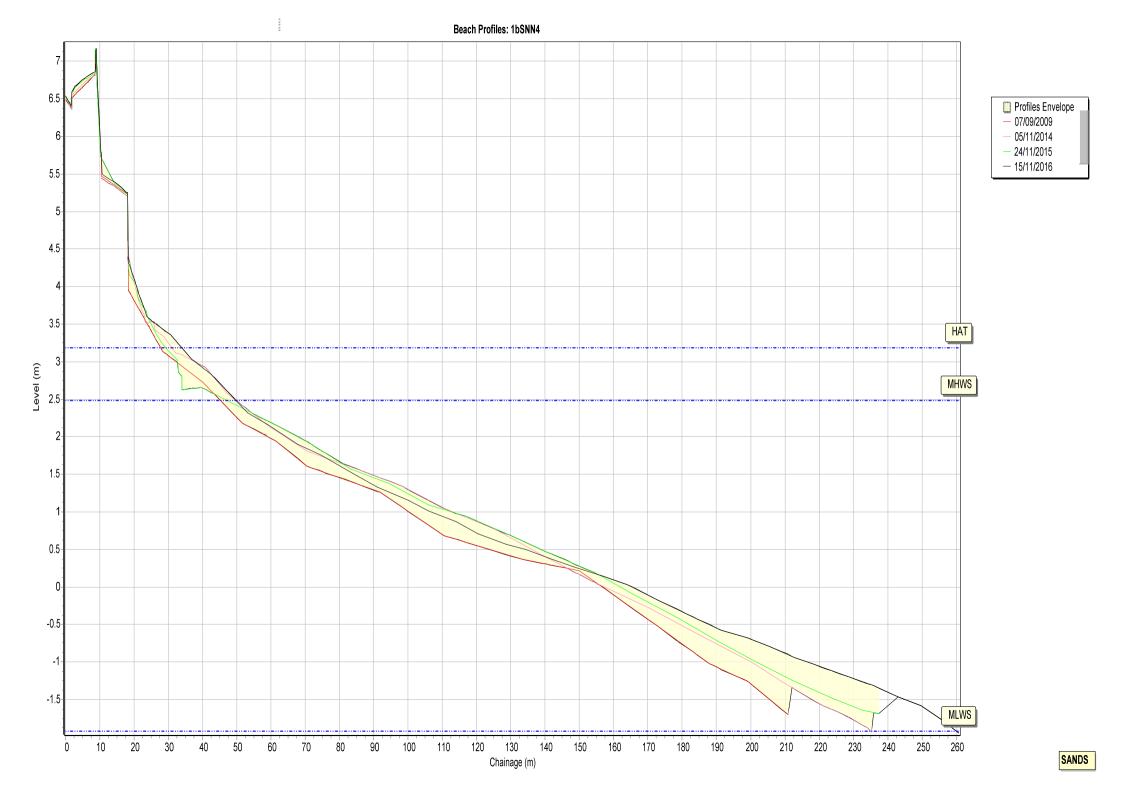
Easting: 441853.315 Northing: 551983.836 Profile Bearing: 81 ° from North

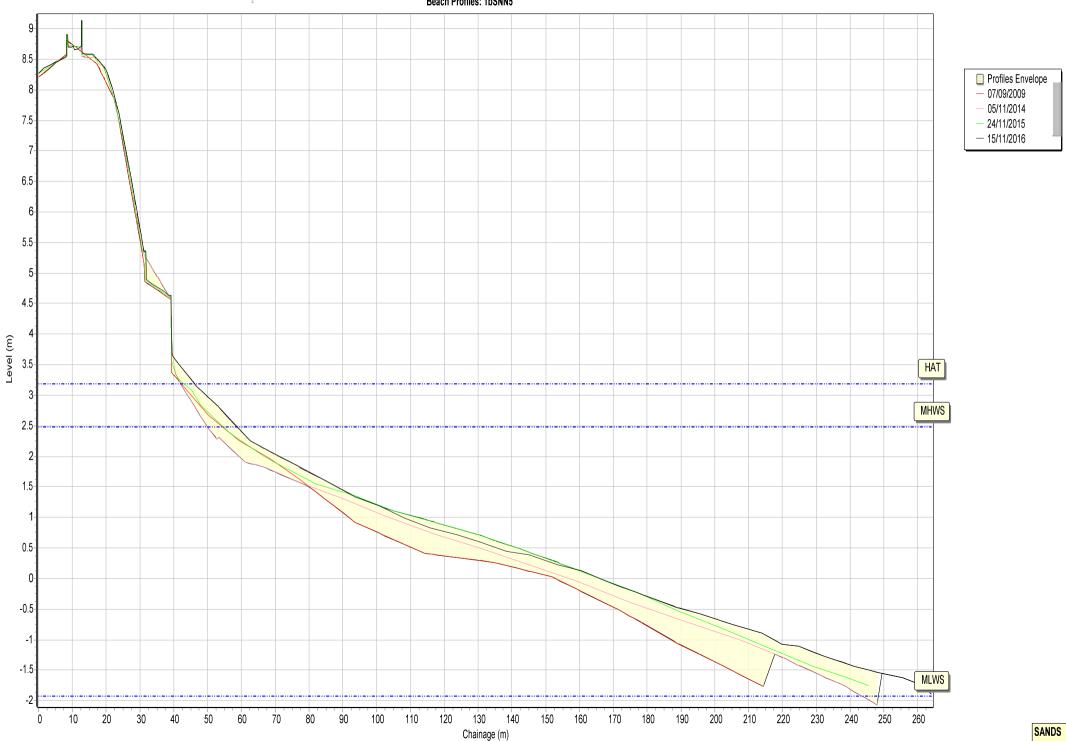


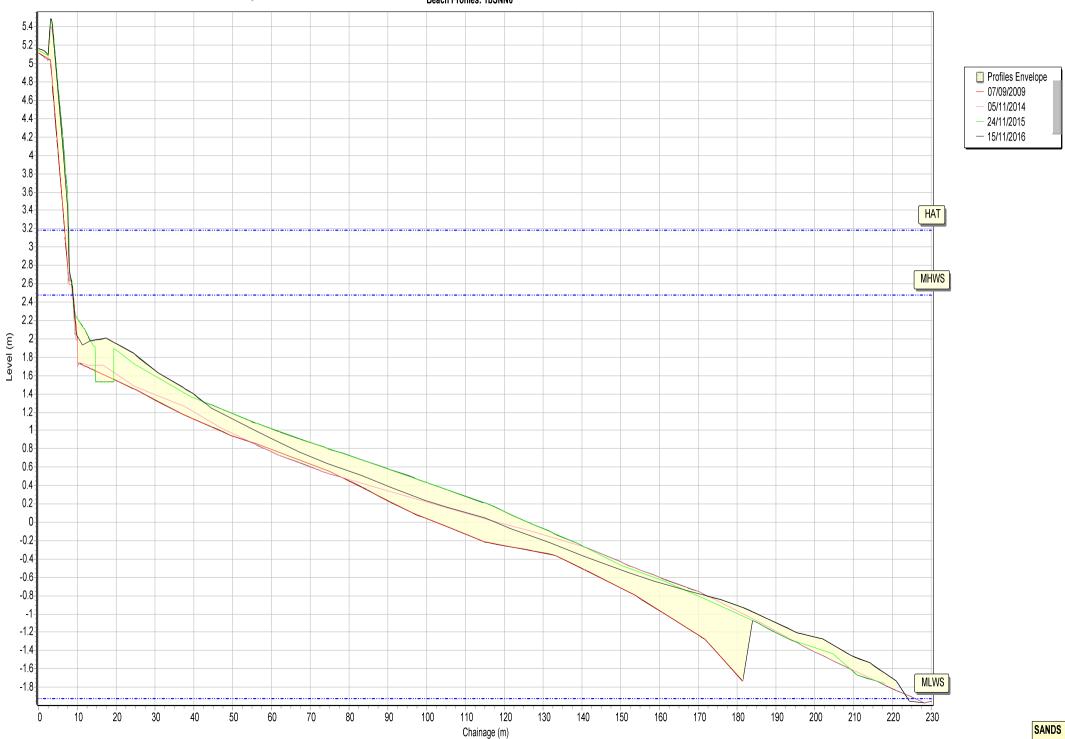




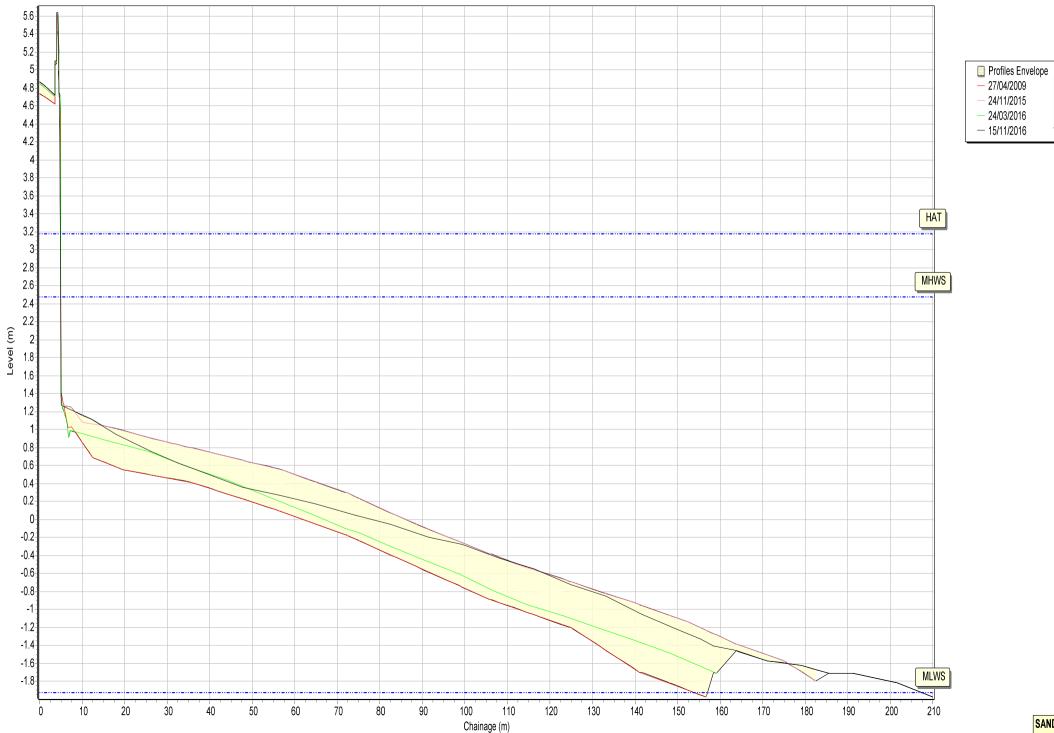


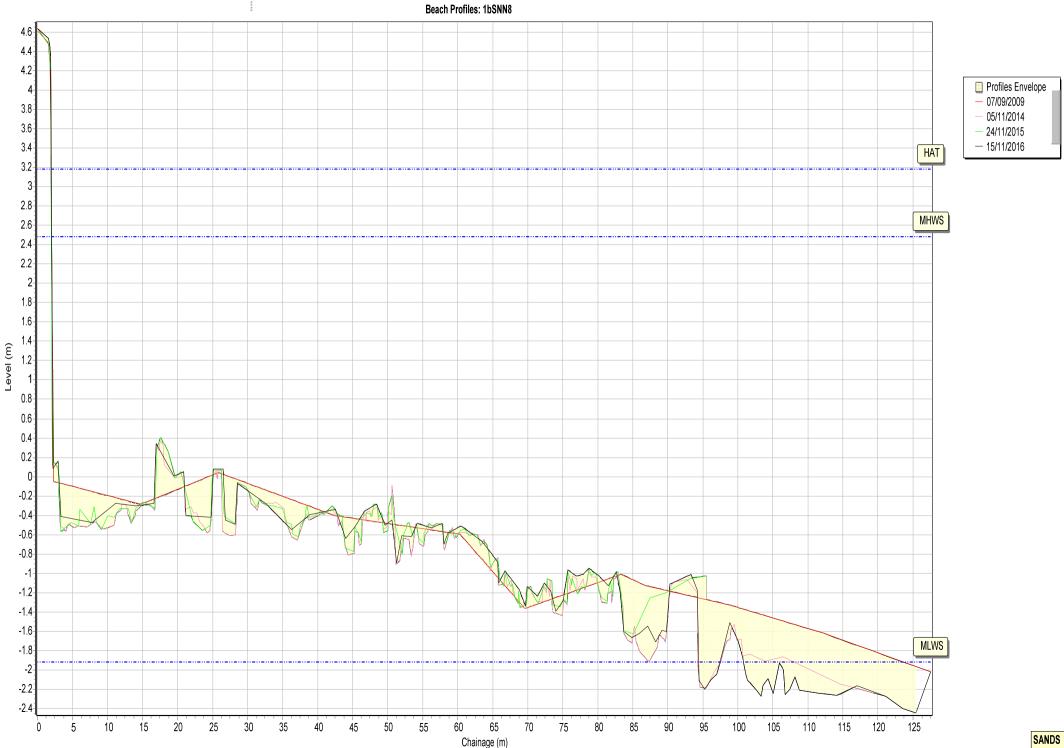


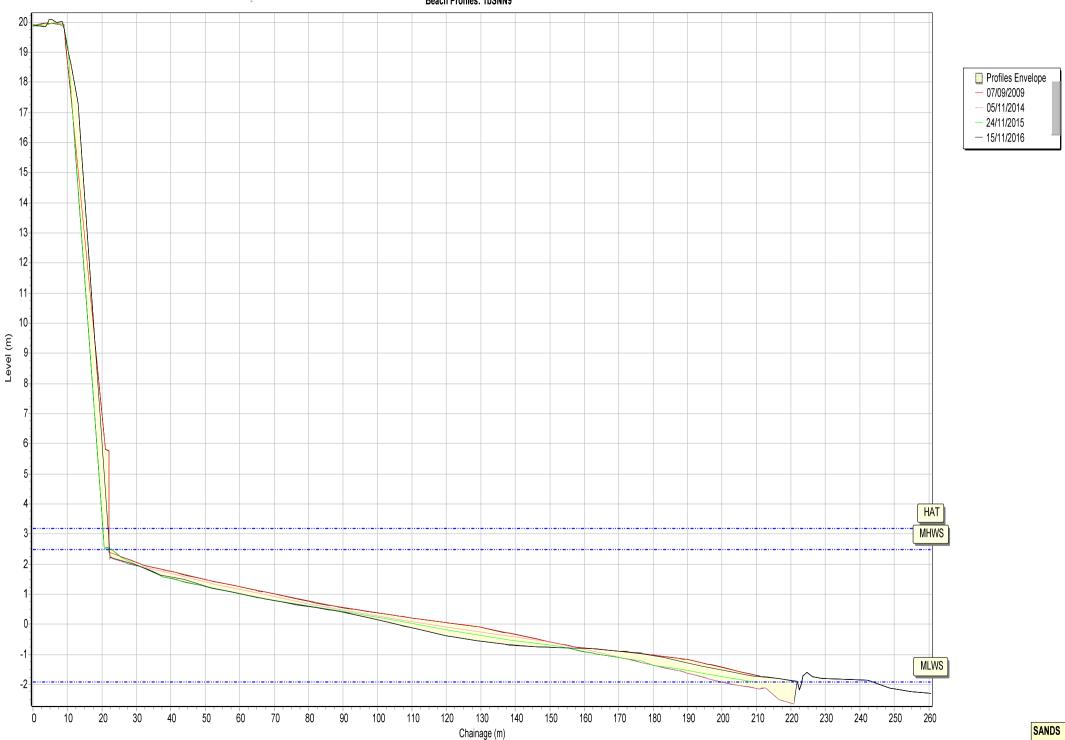




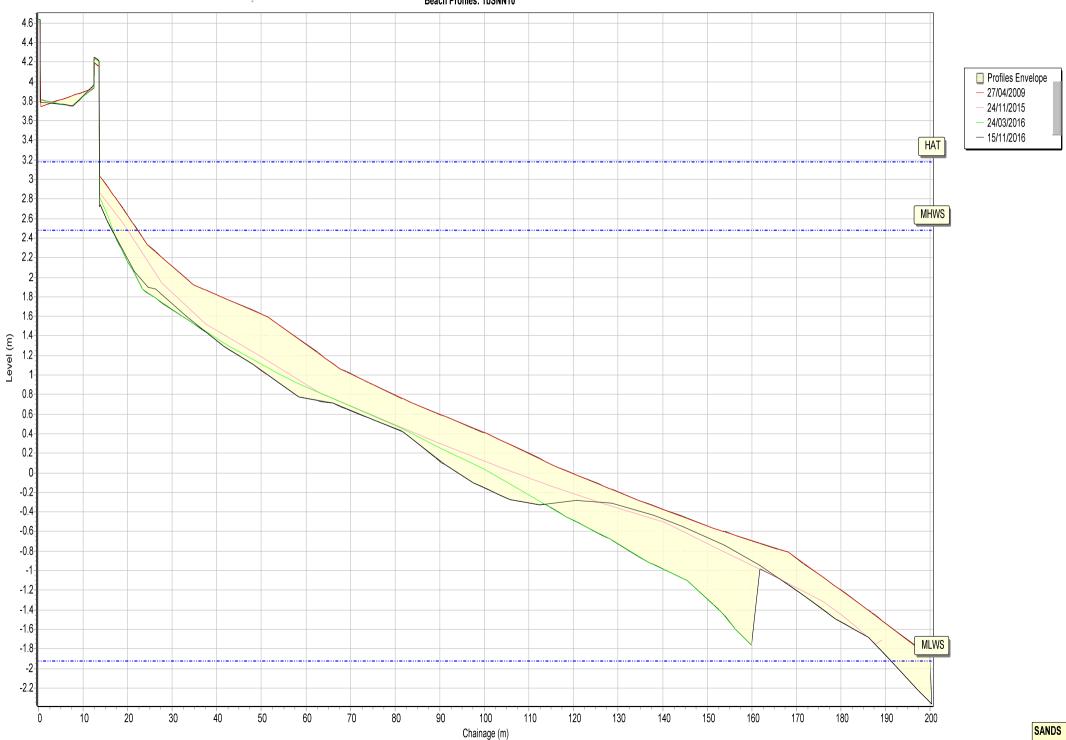
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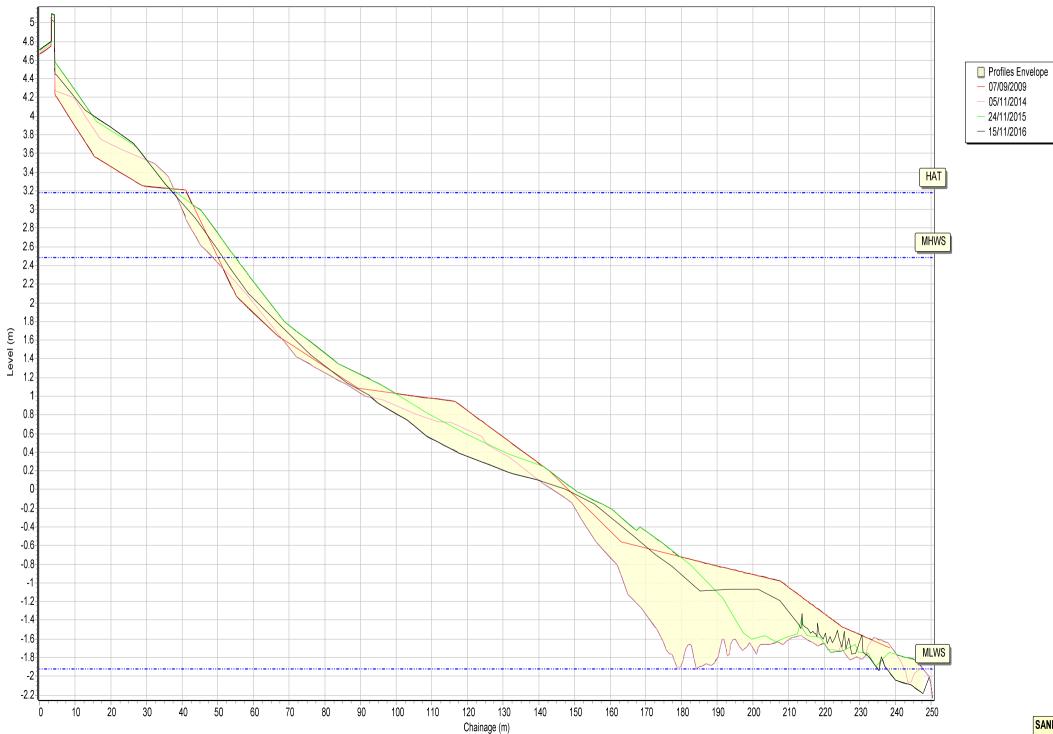


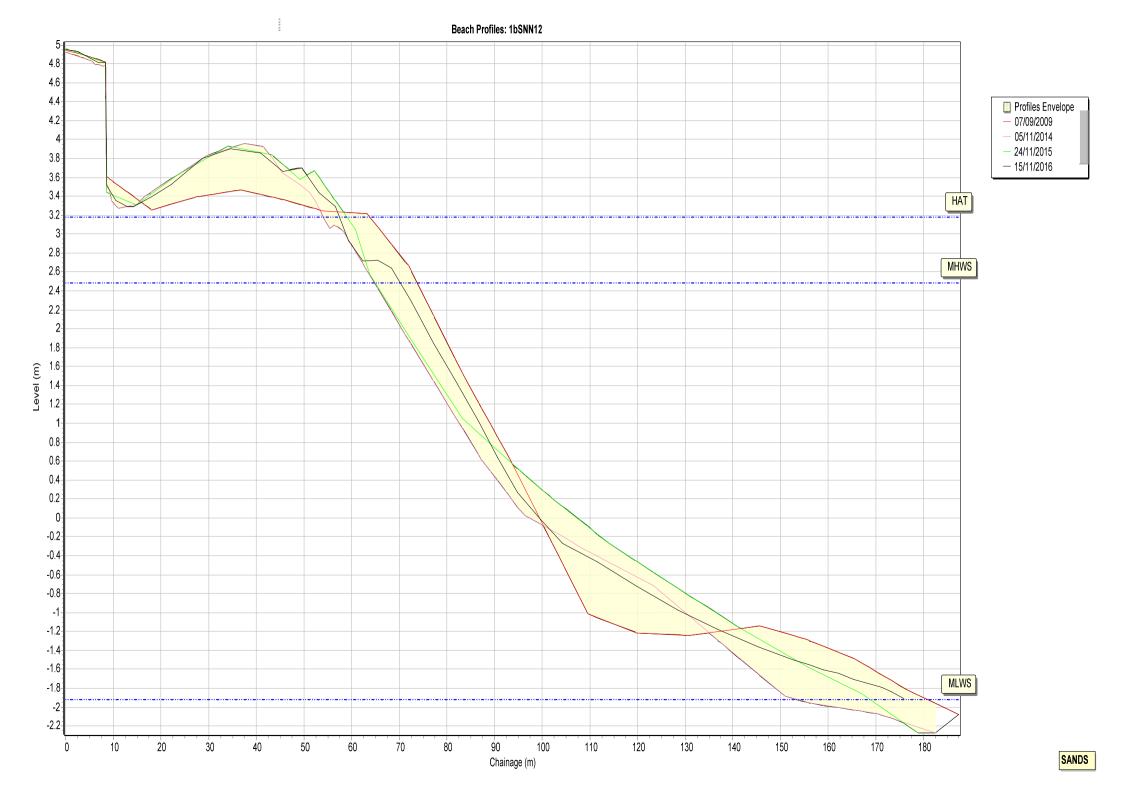


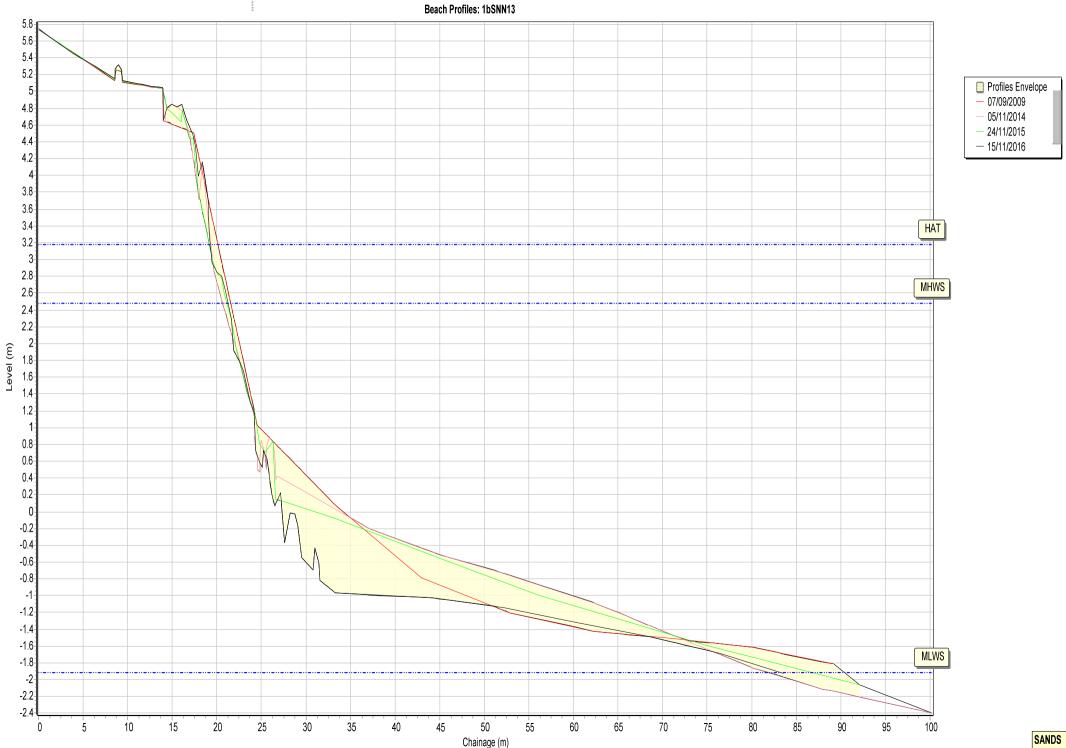
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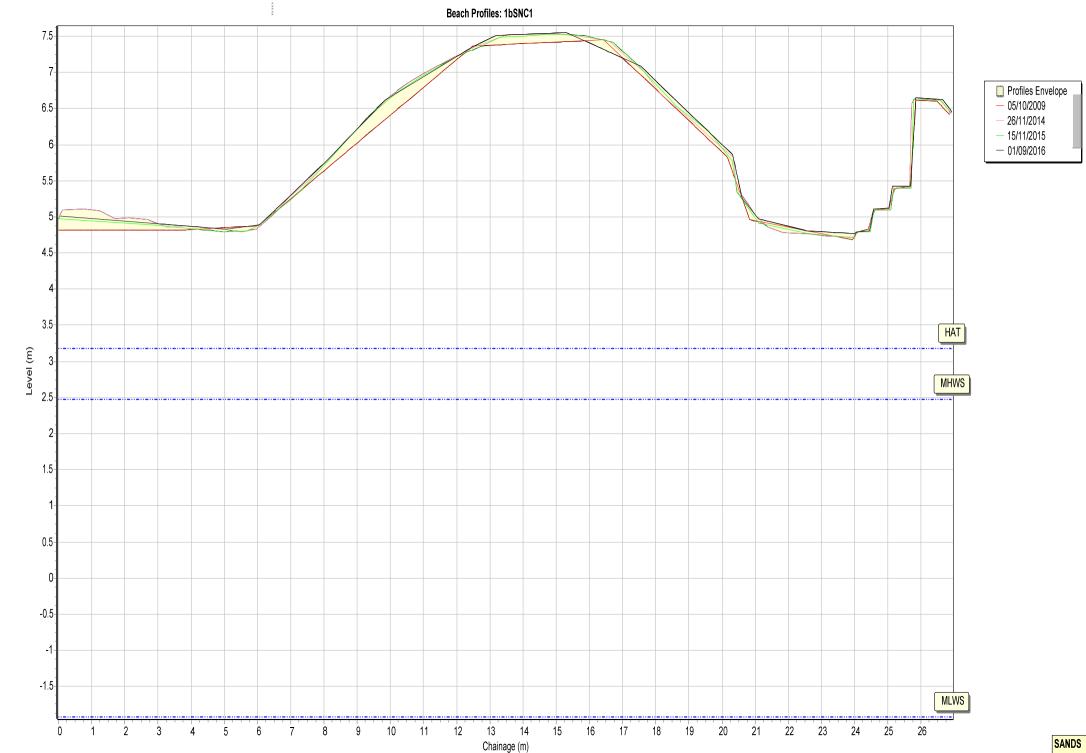


Beach Profiles: 1bSNN10

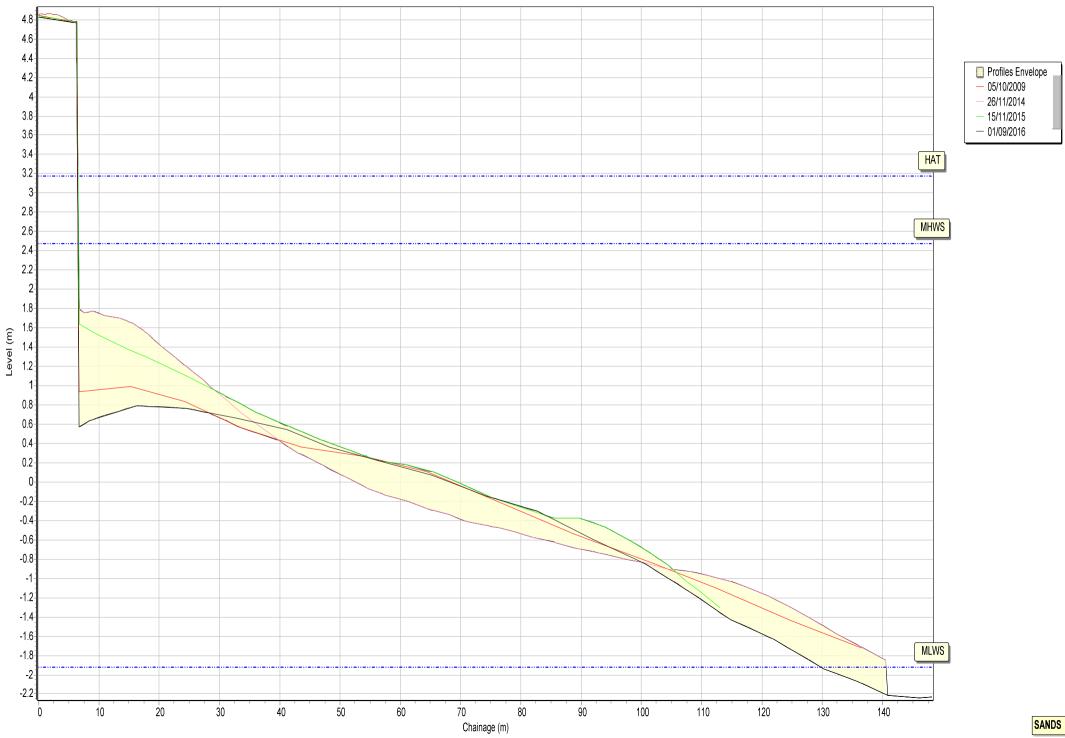


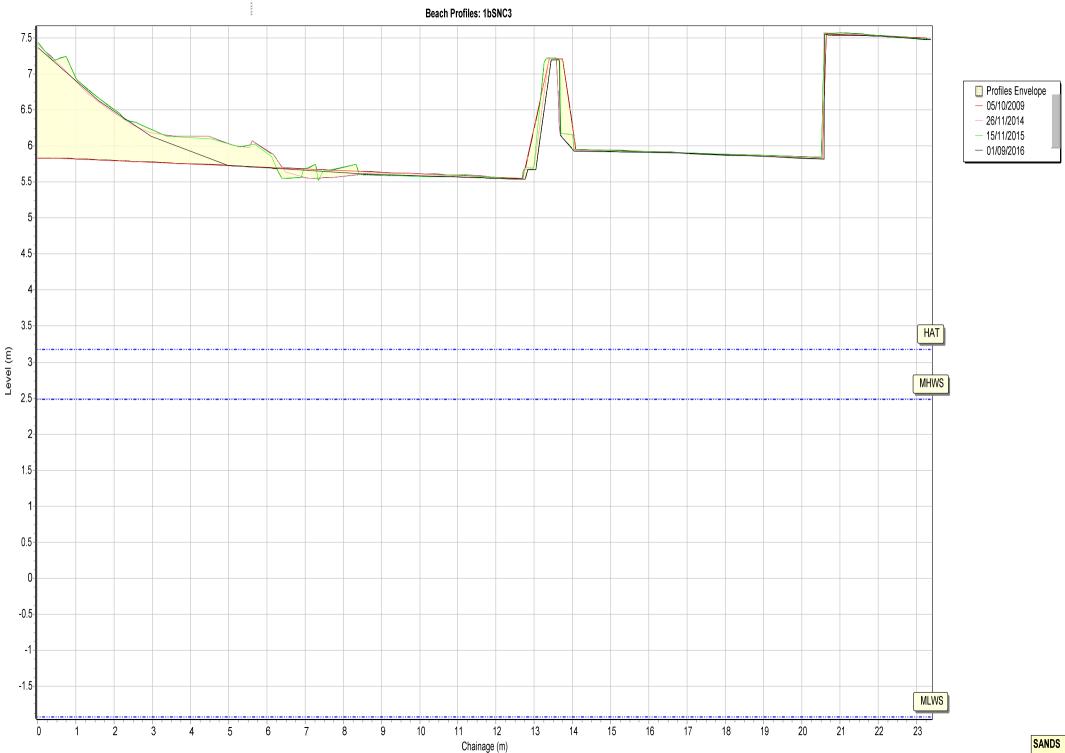


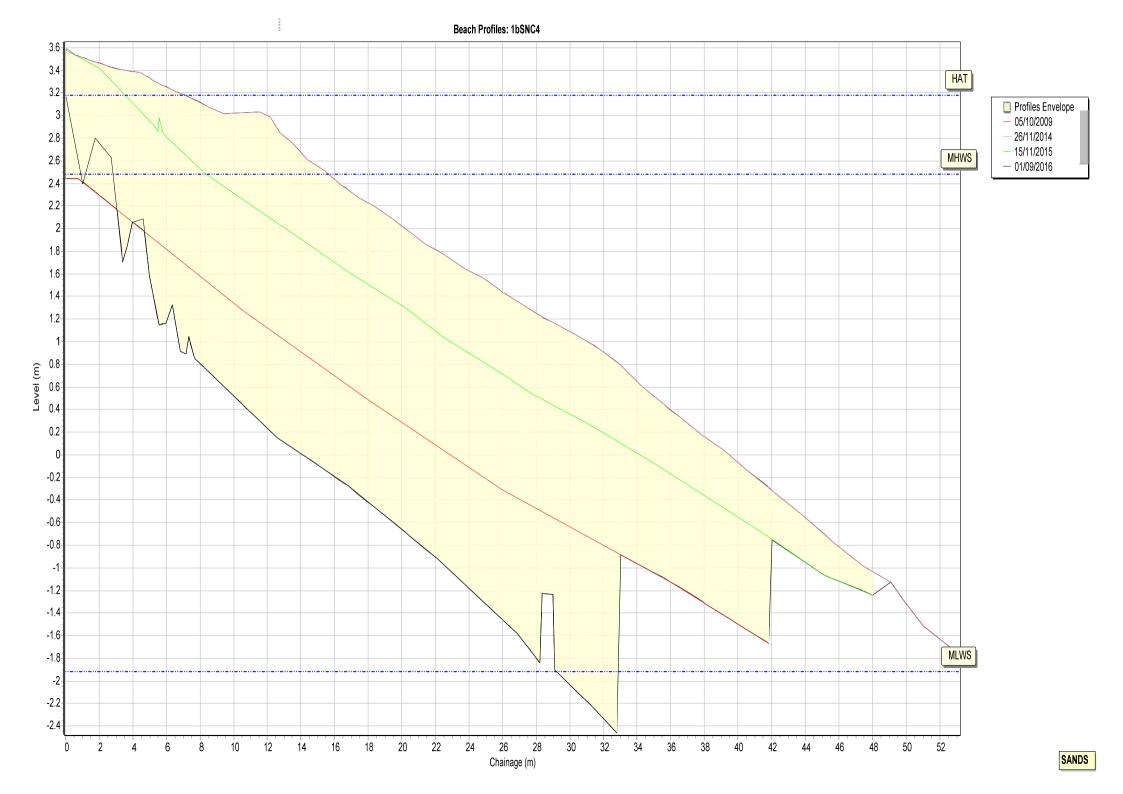


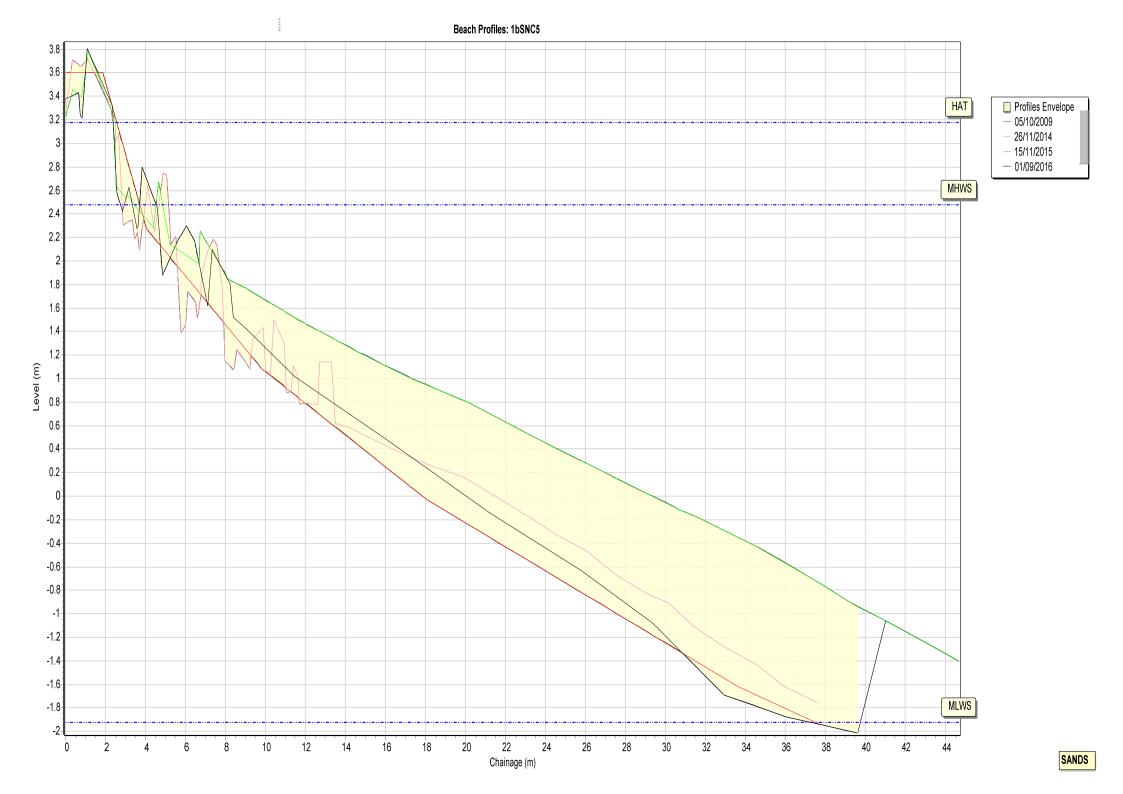


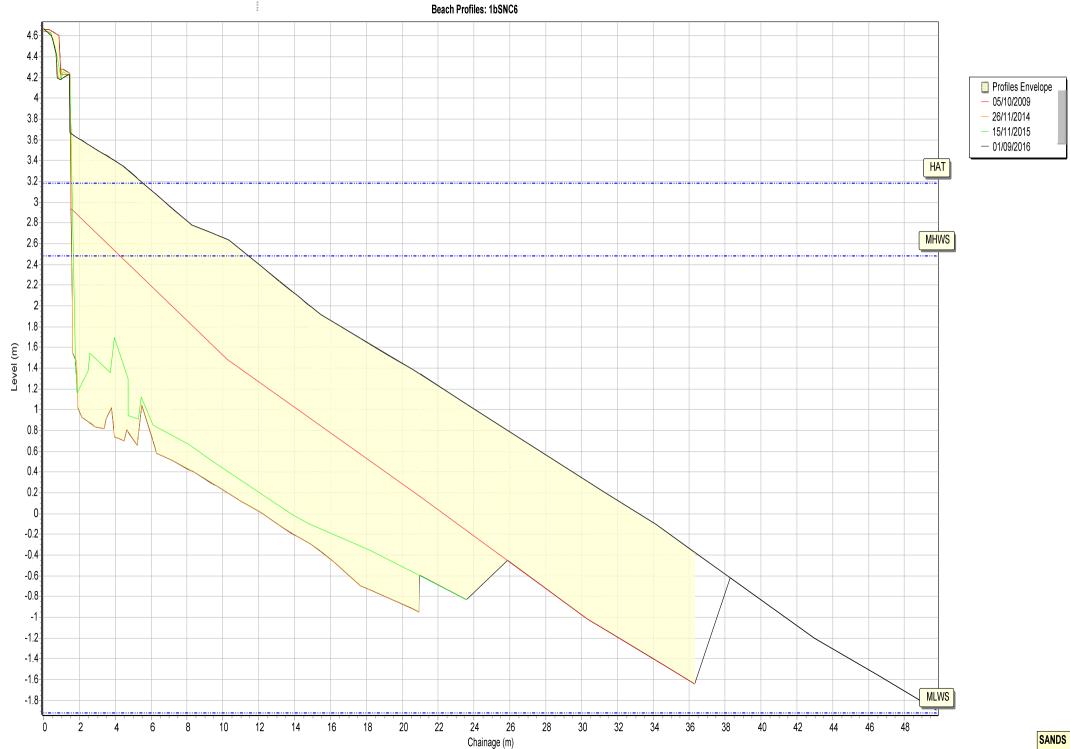
Beach Profiles: 1bSNC2



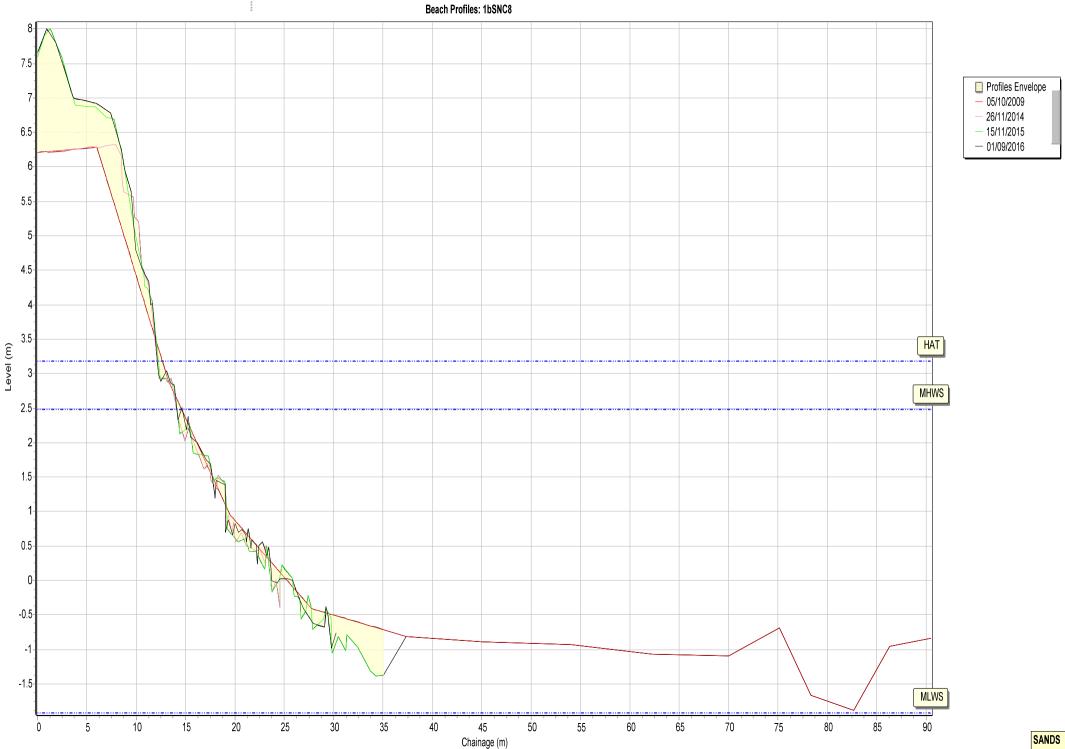






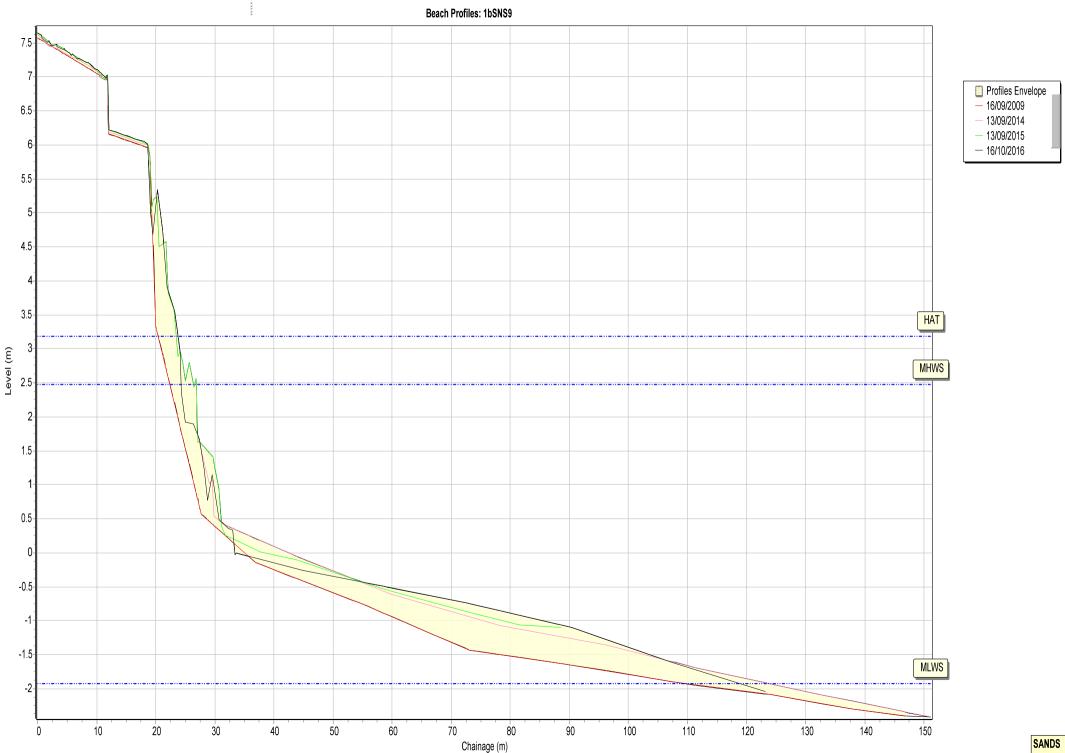


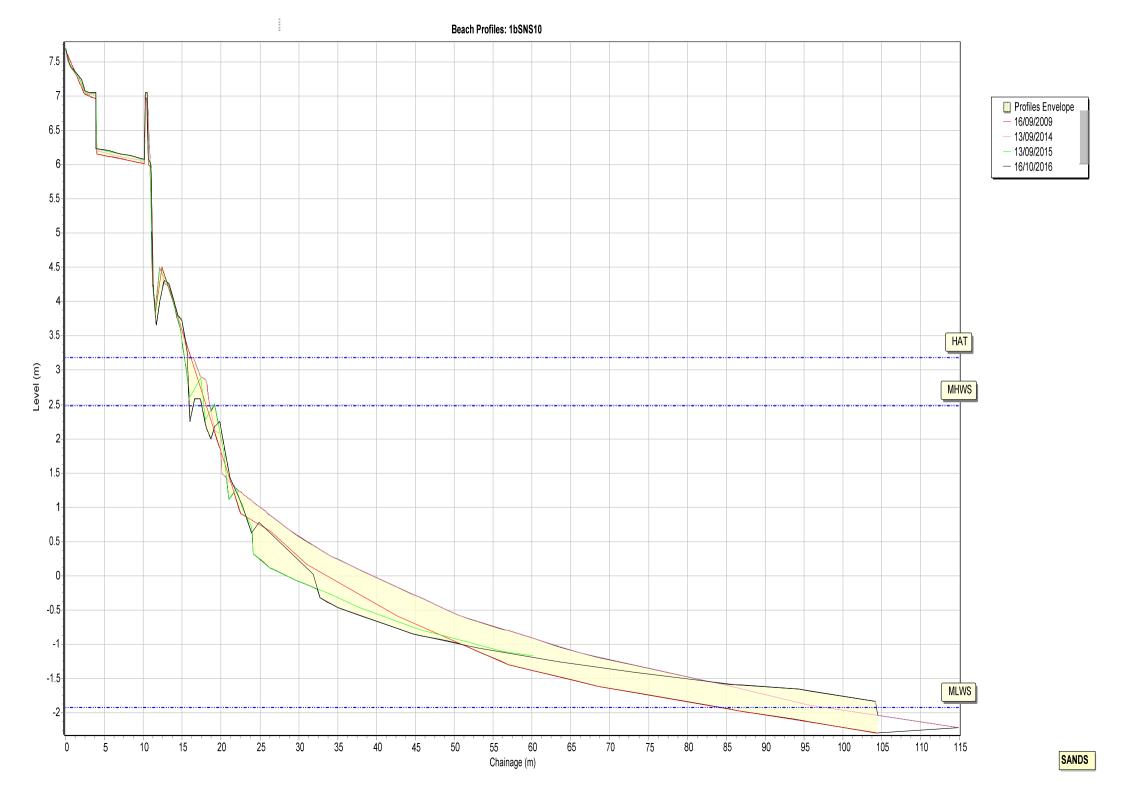


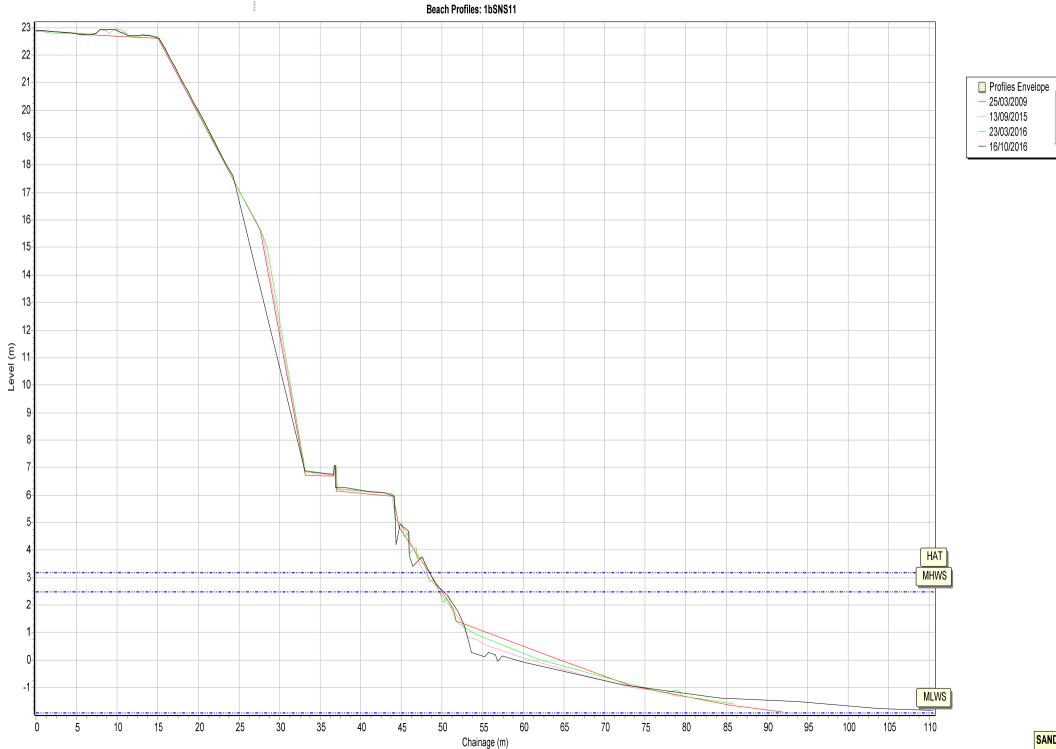


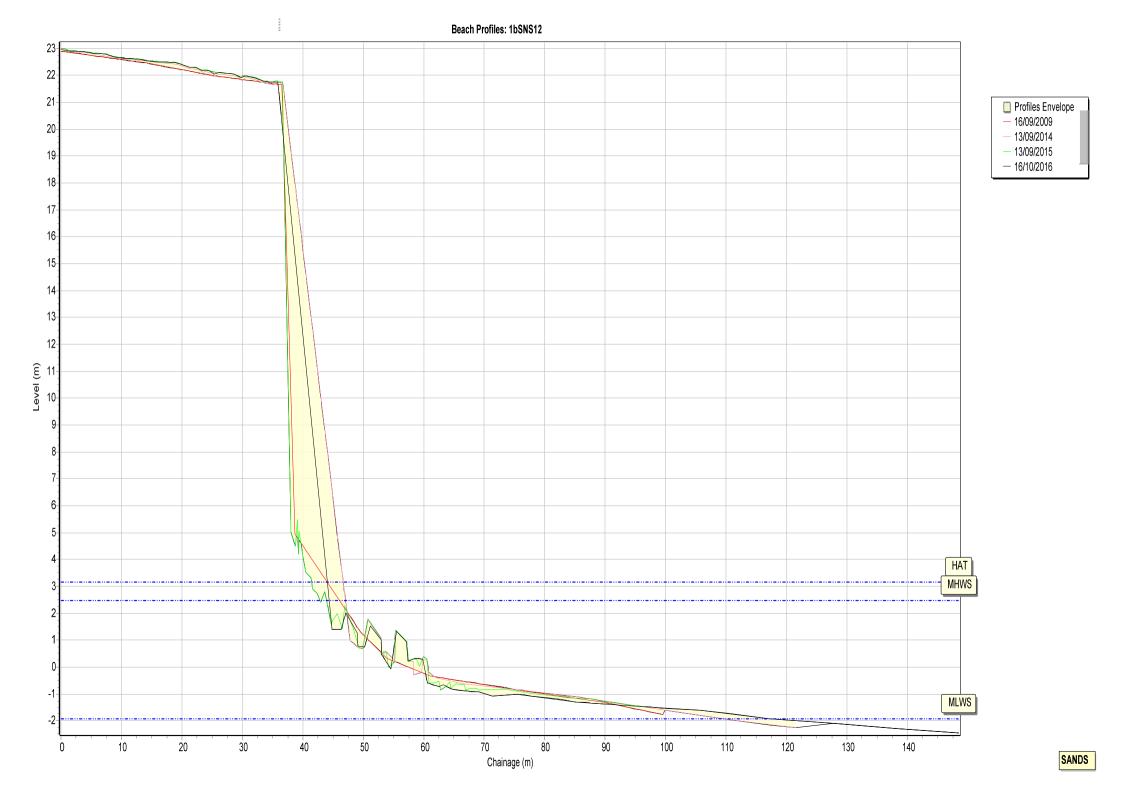


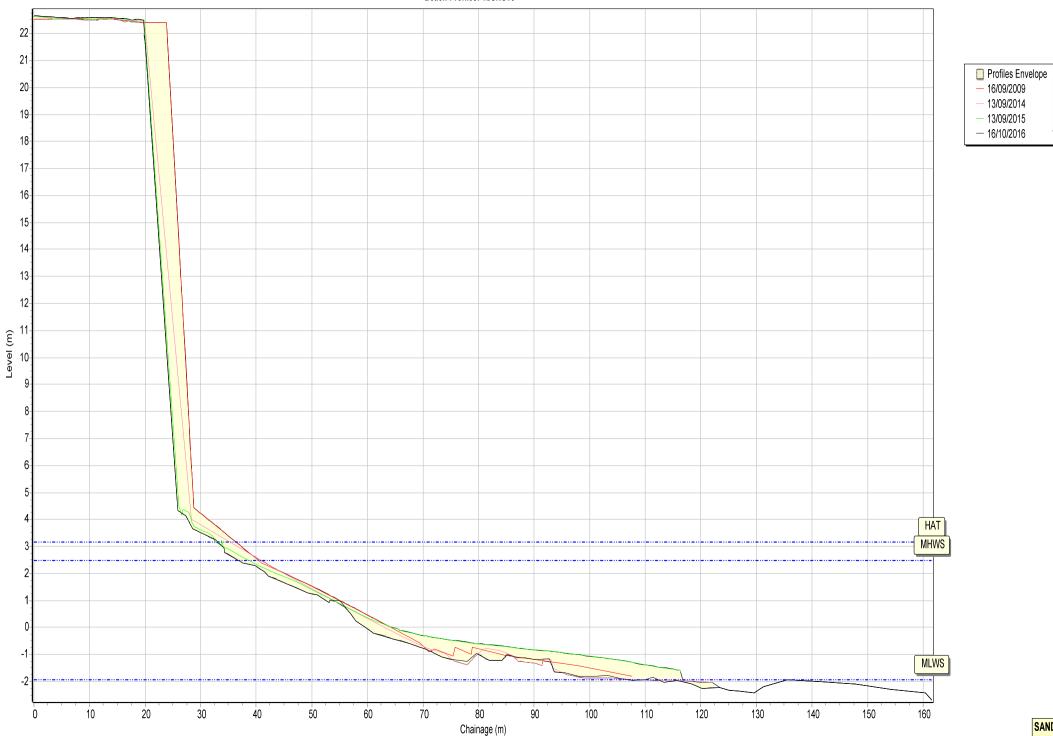






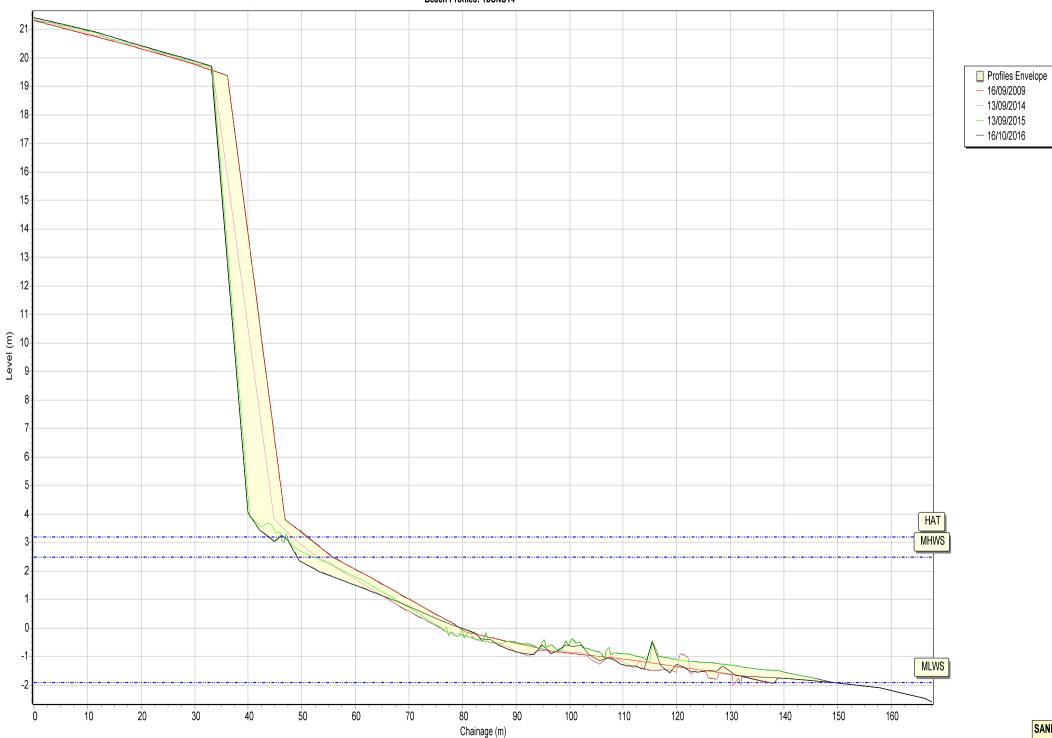


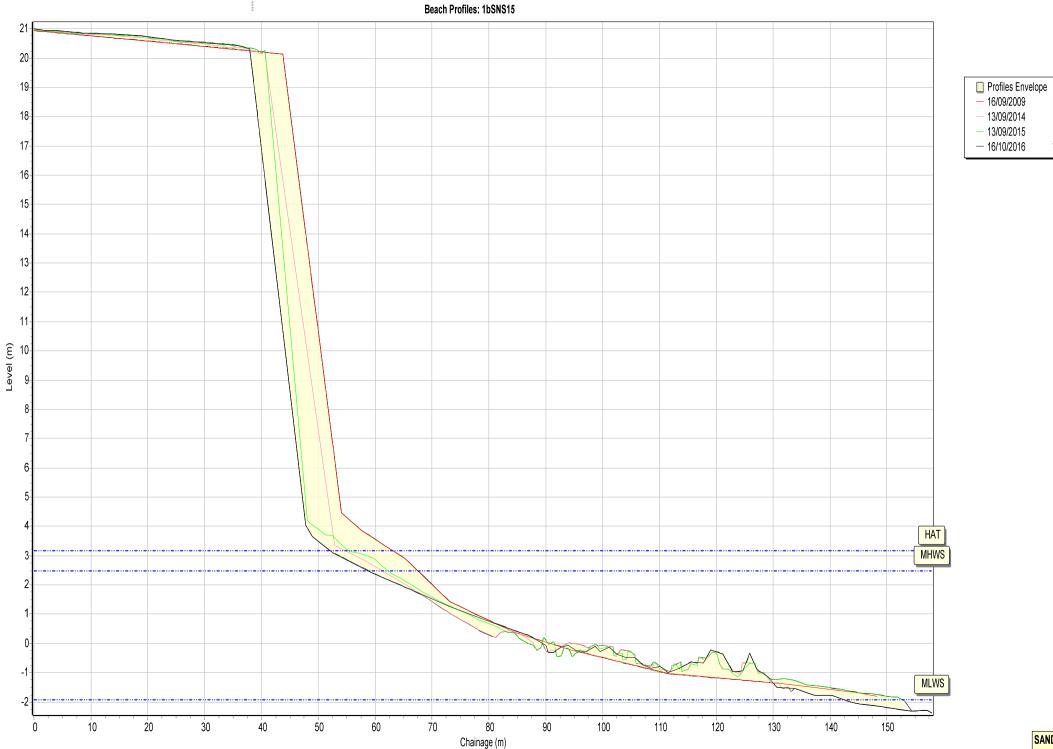


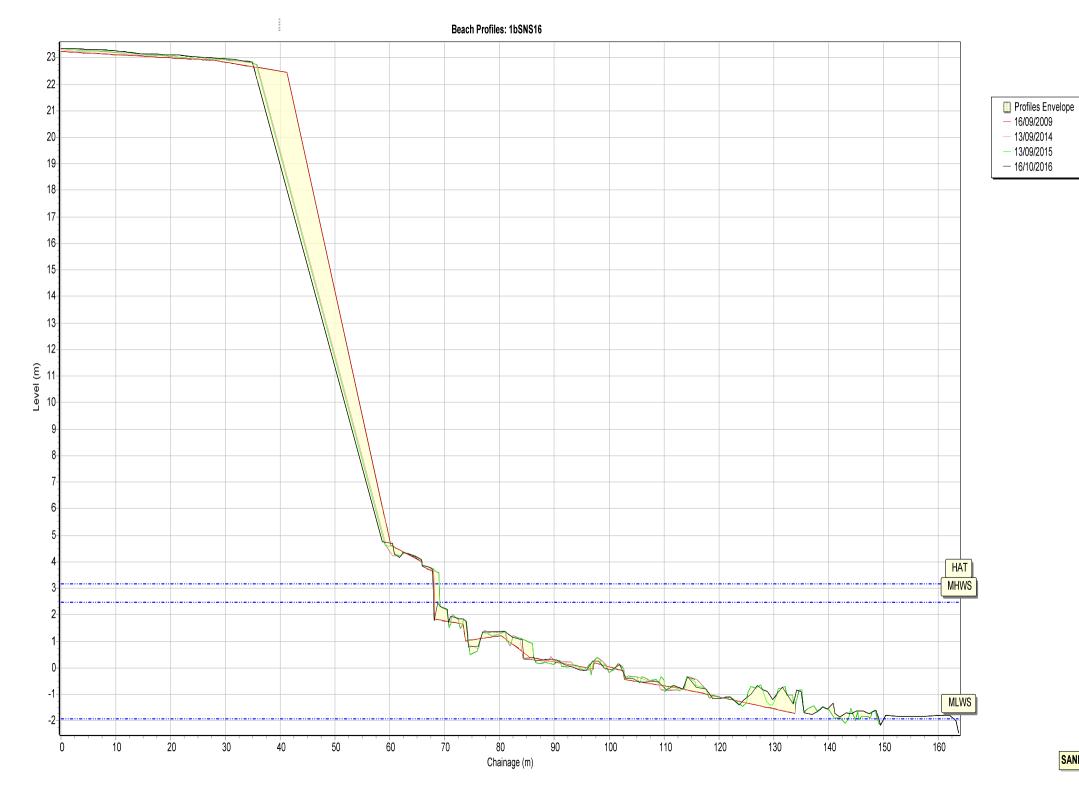


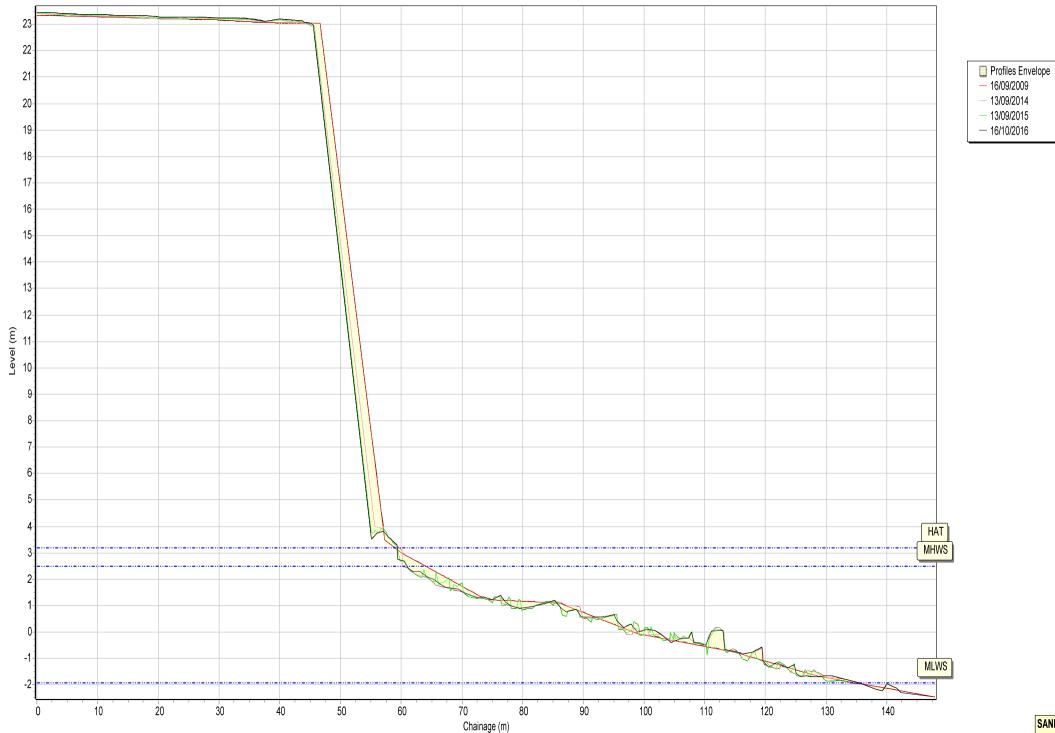
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SANDS

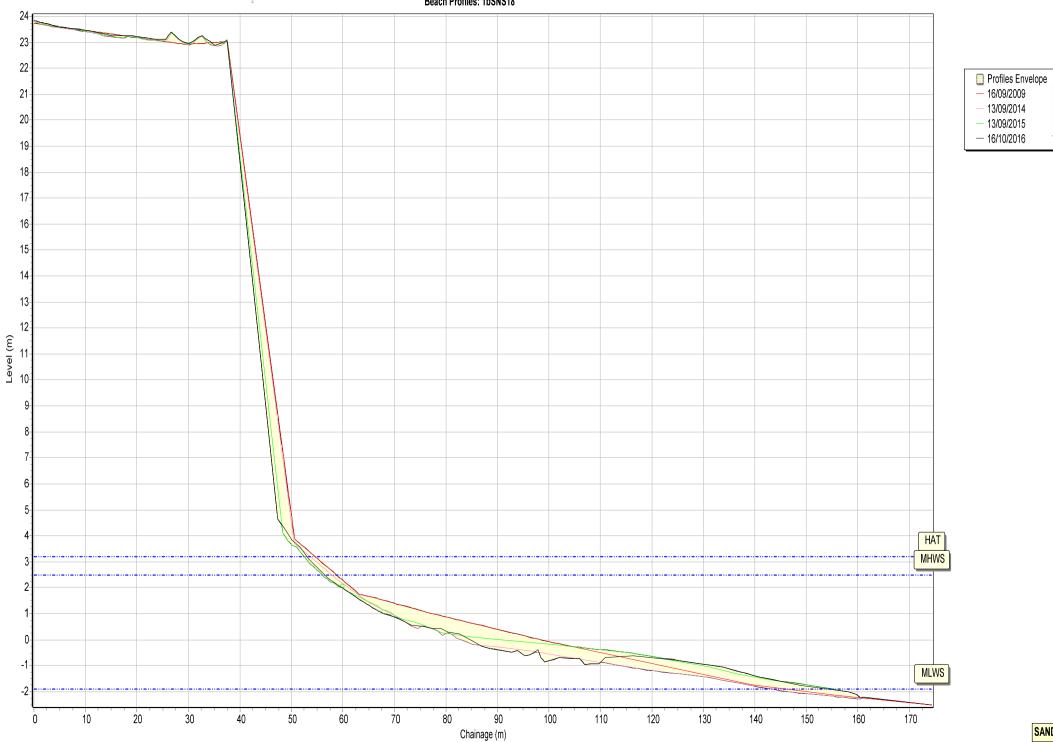


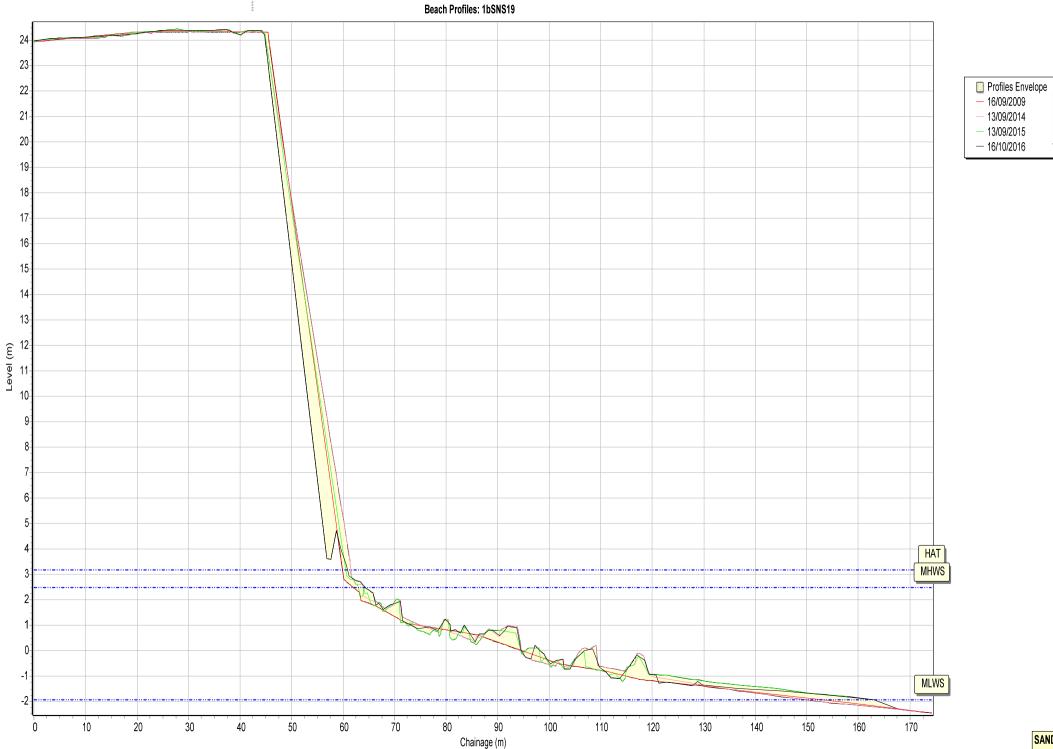


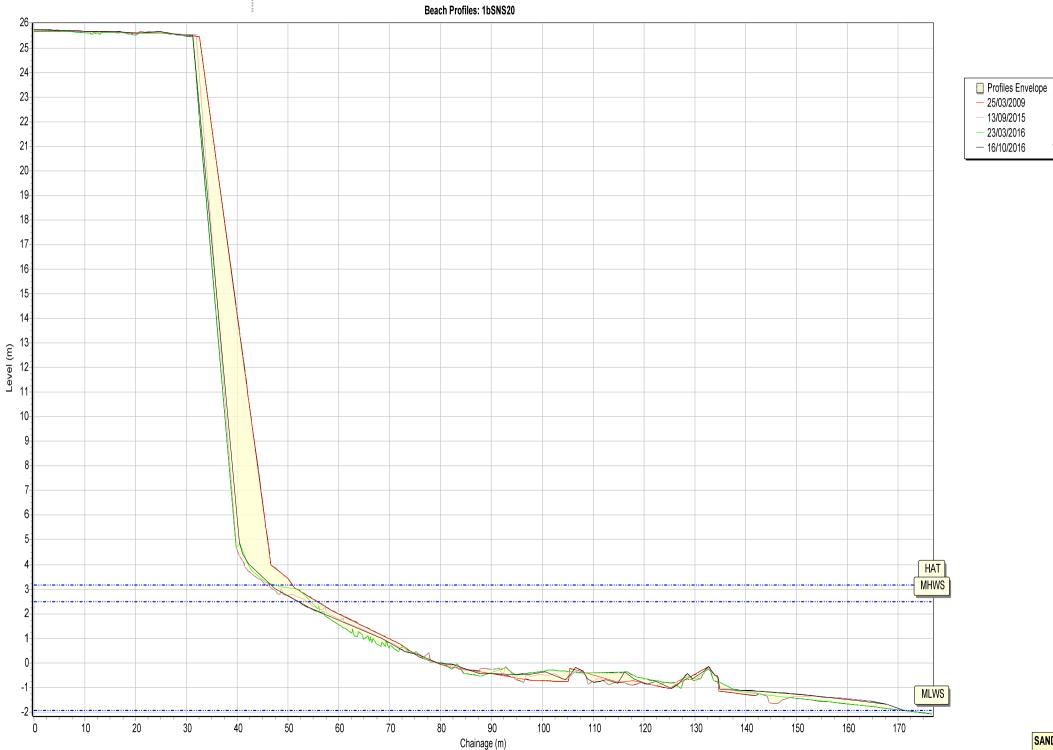


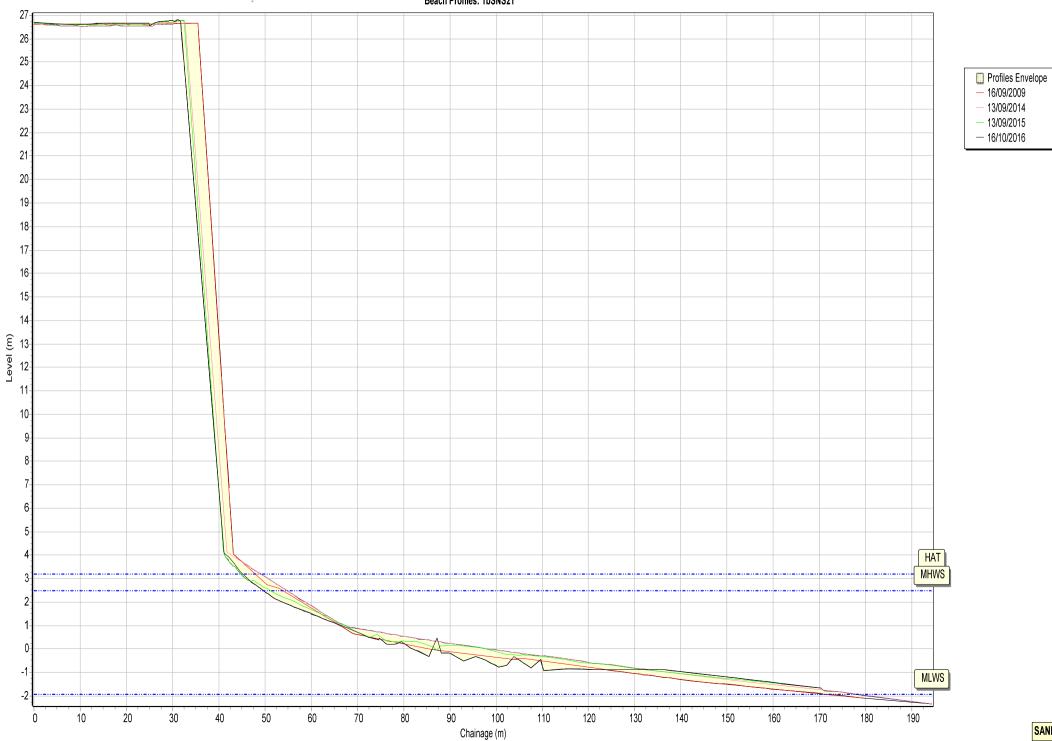


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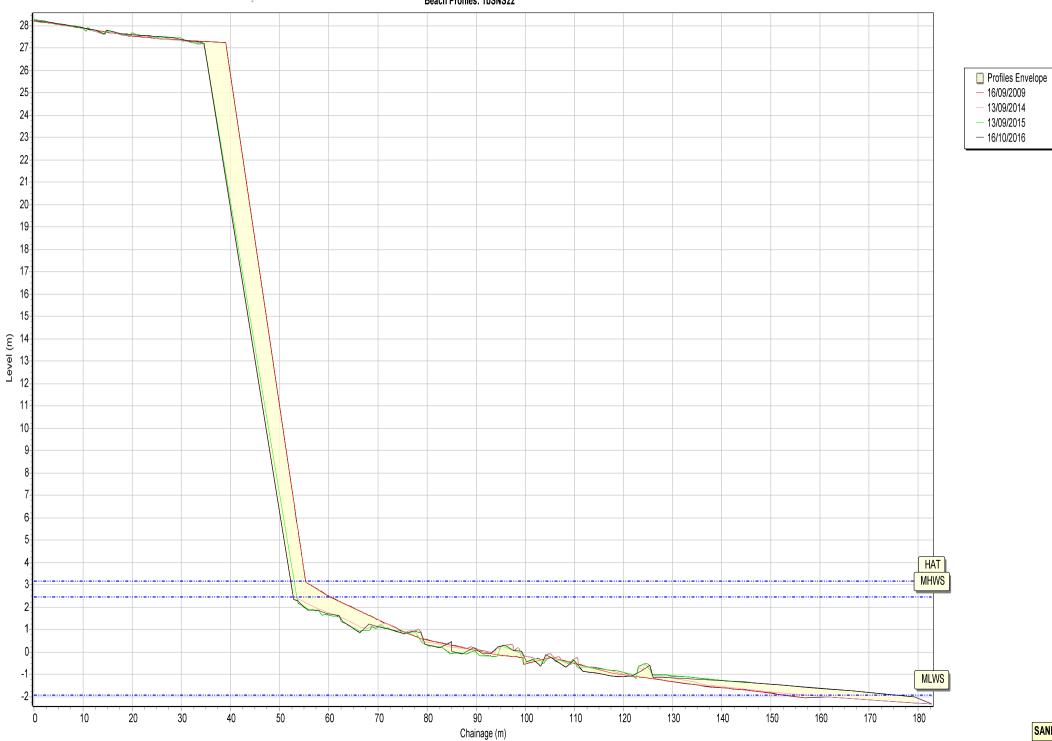




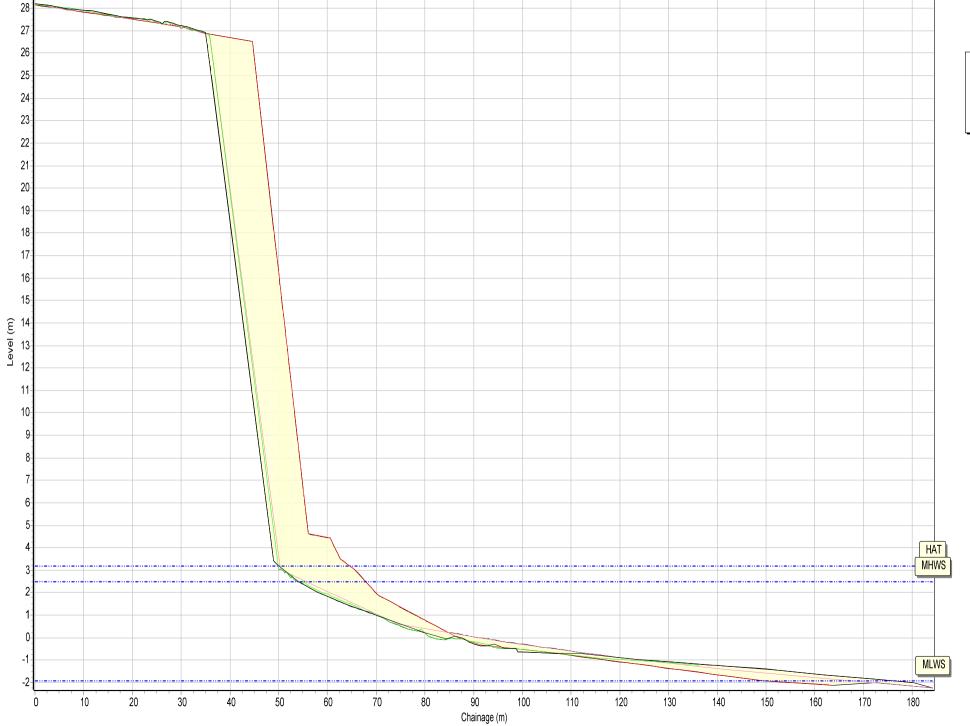




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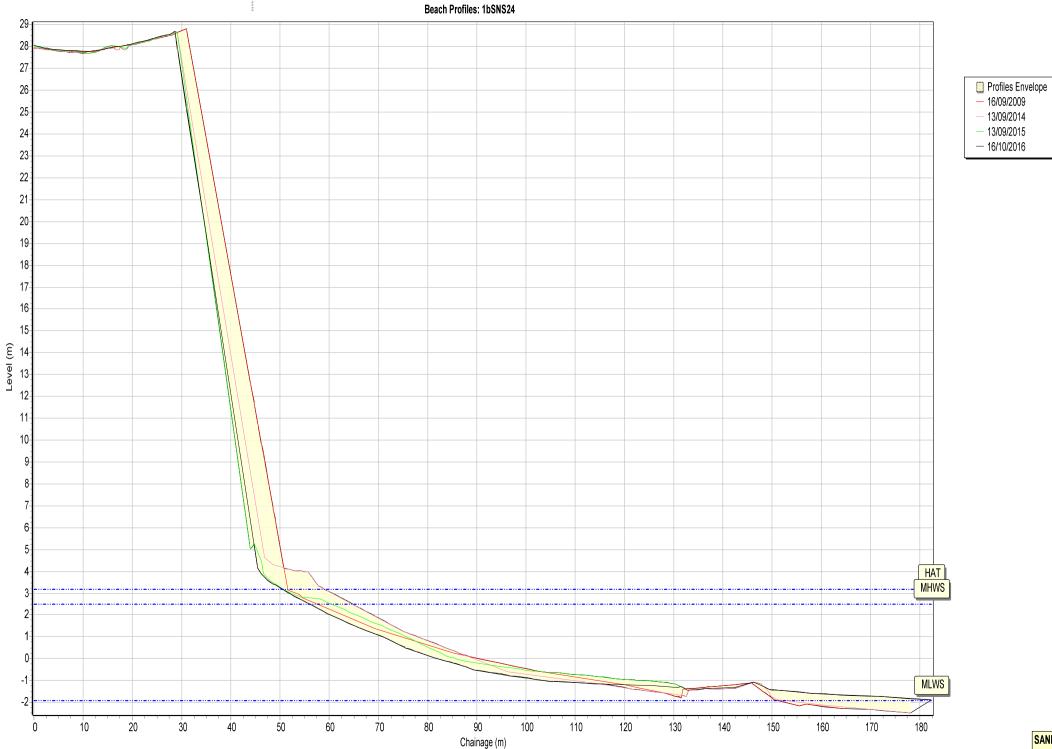
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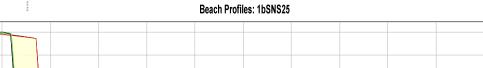
Profiles Envelope

- 16/09/2009 - 13/09/2014

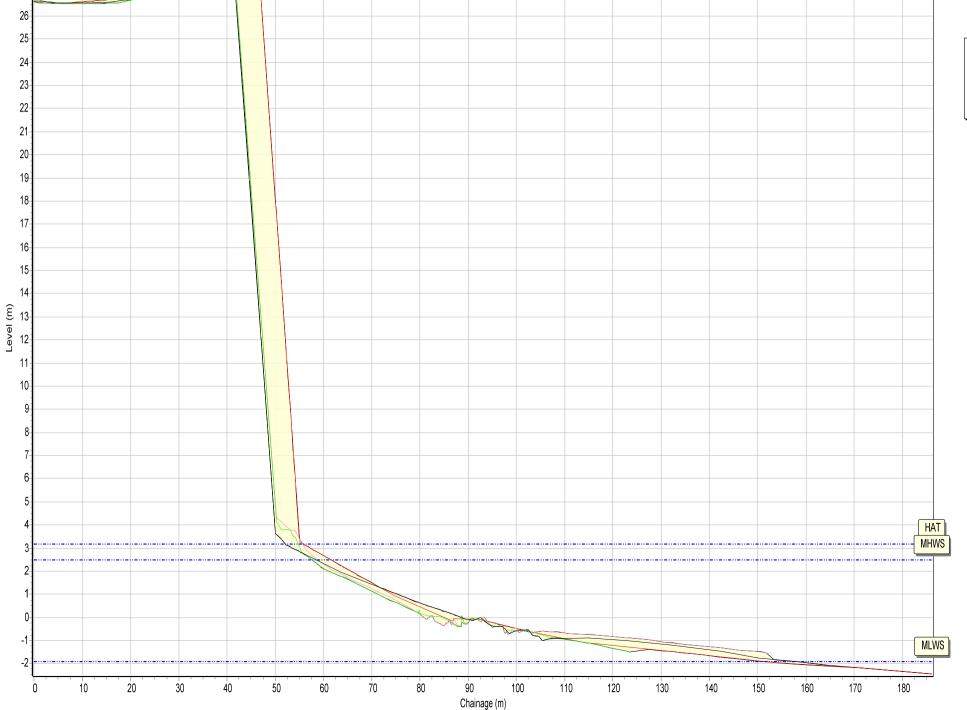
— 13/09/2015

— 16/10/2016





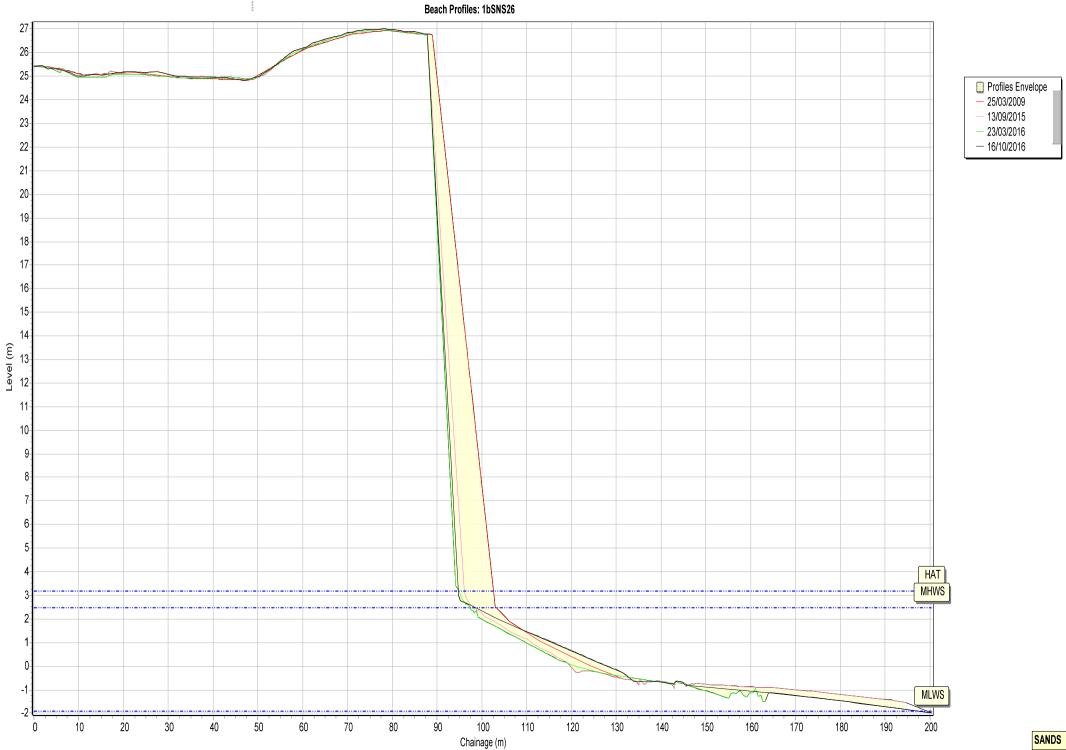
27-

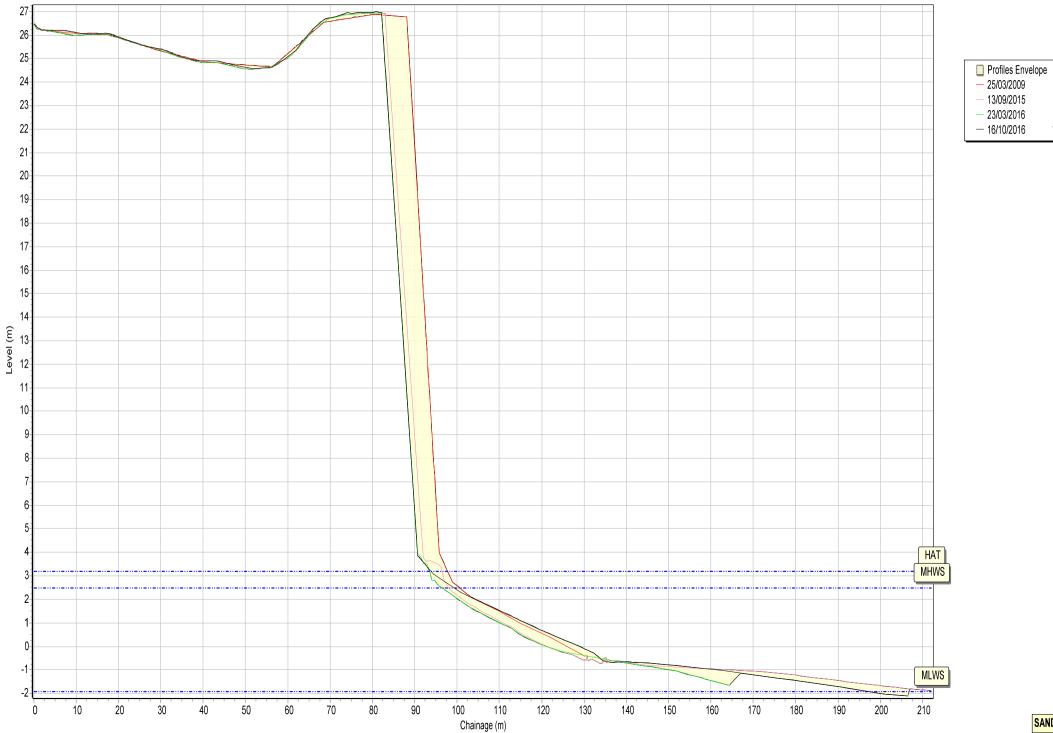


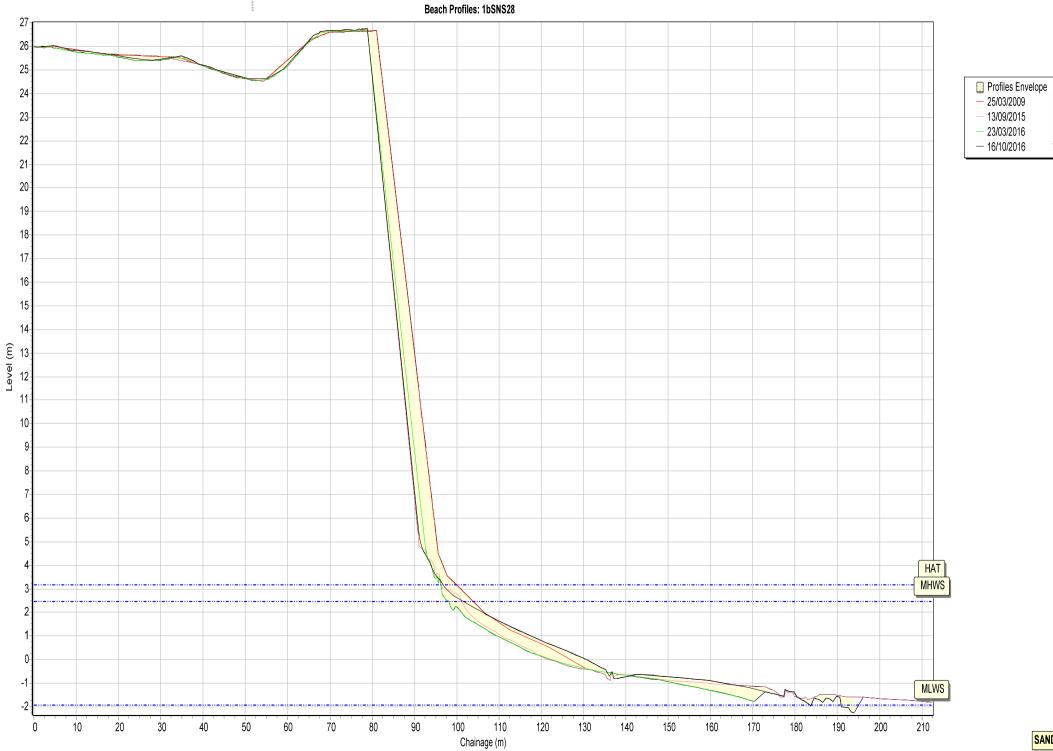
📋 Profiles Envelope

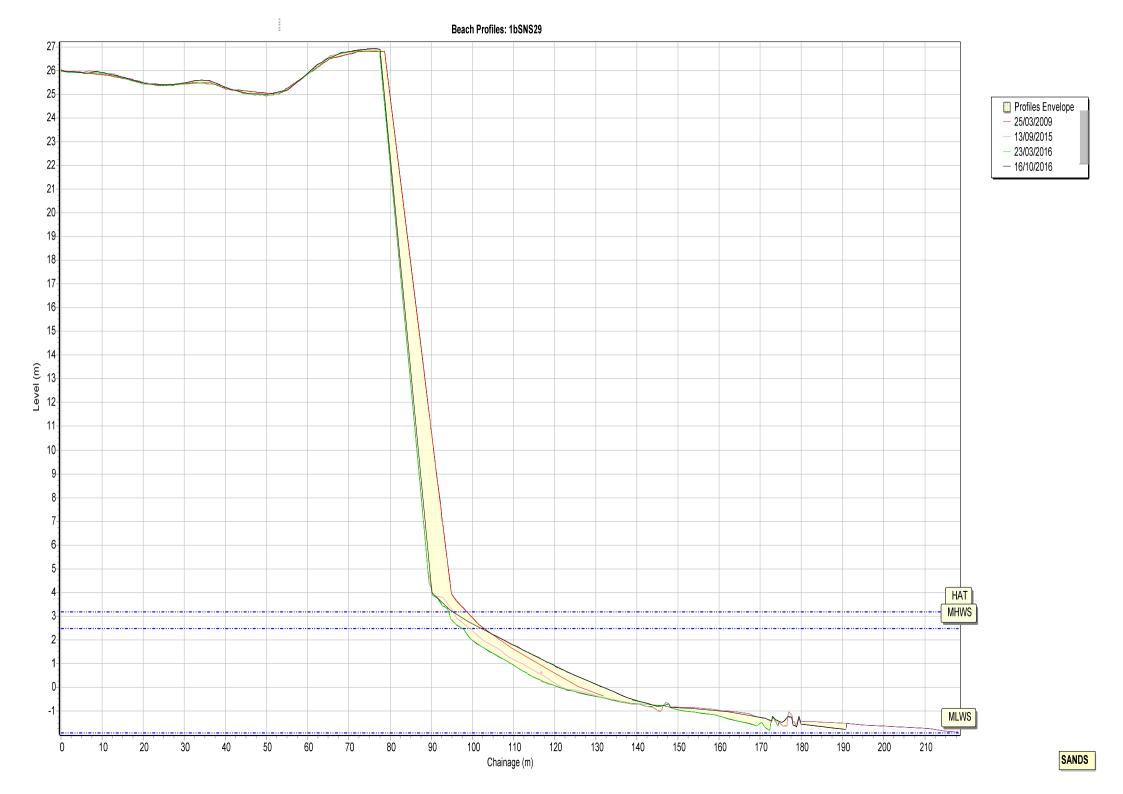
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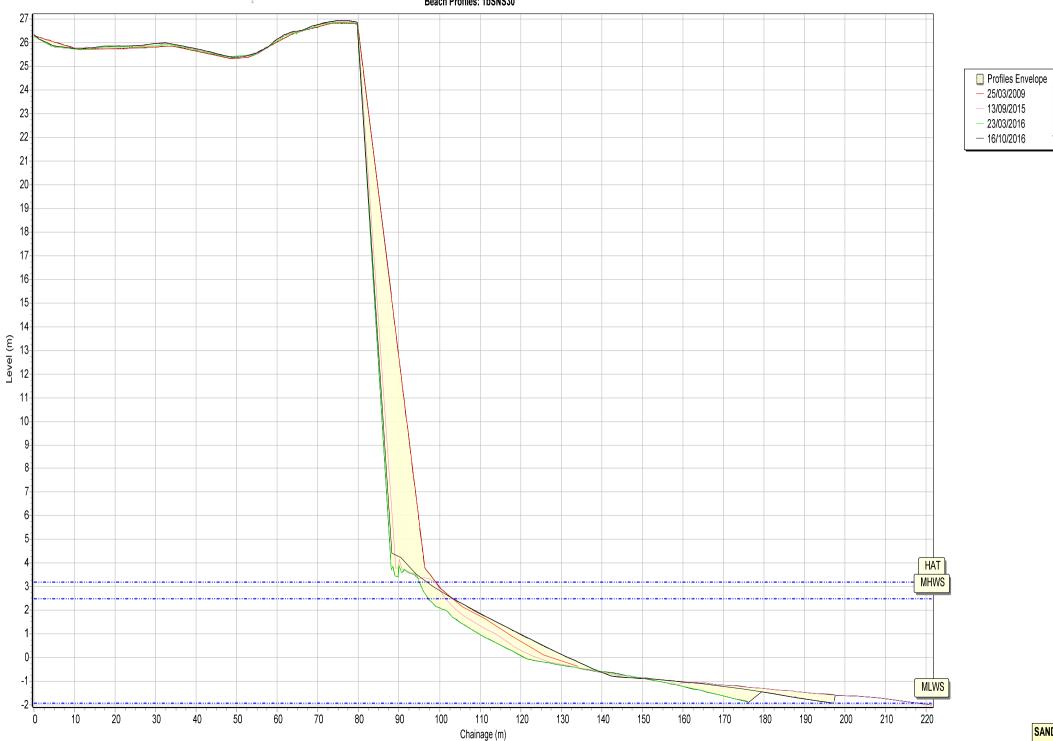
- 23/03/2016 - 16/10/2016

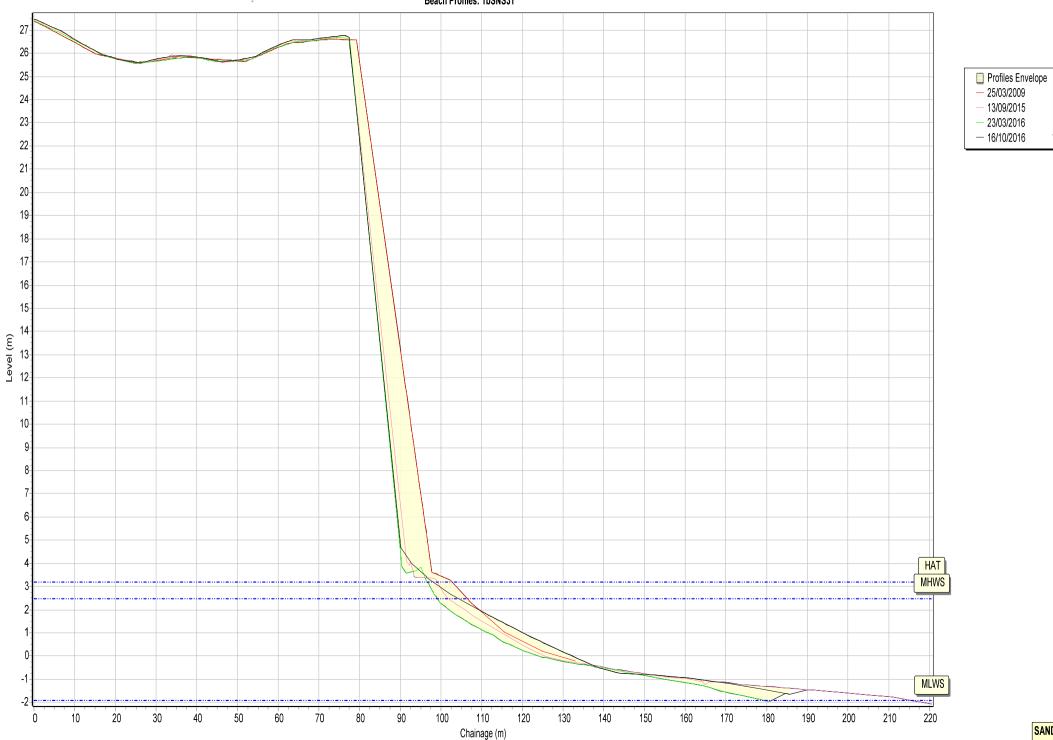


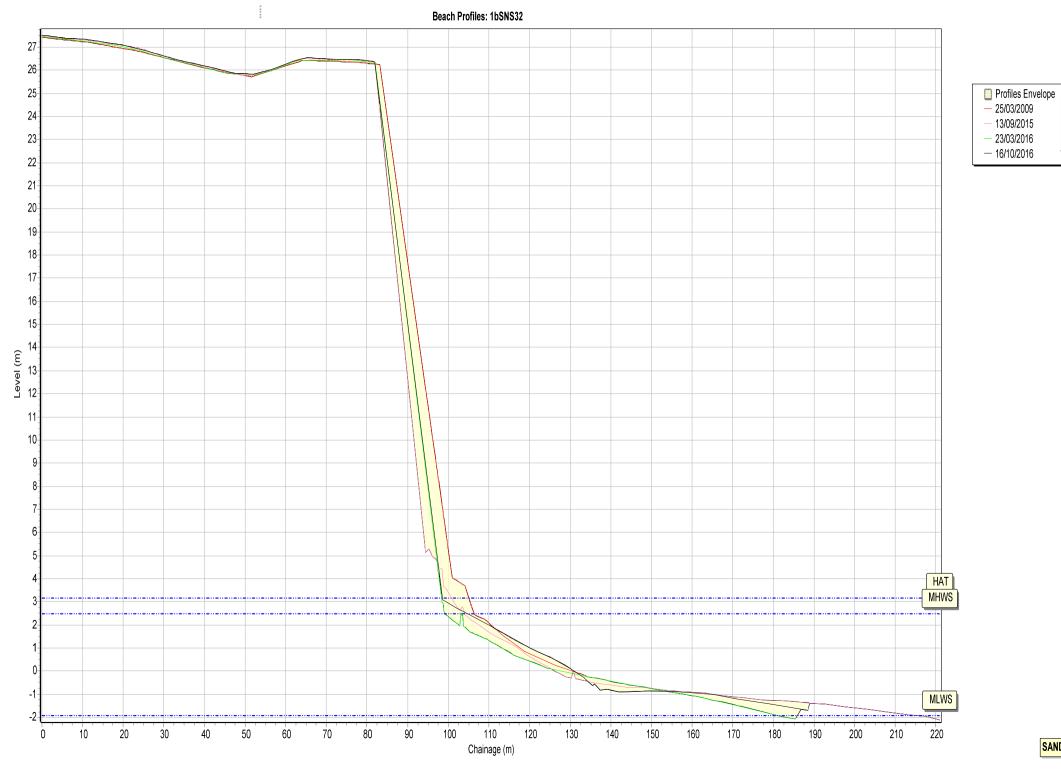


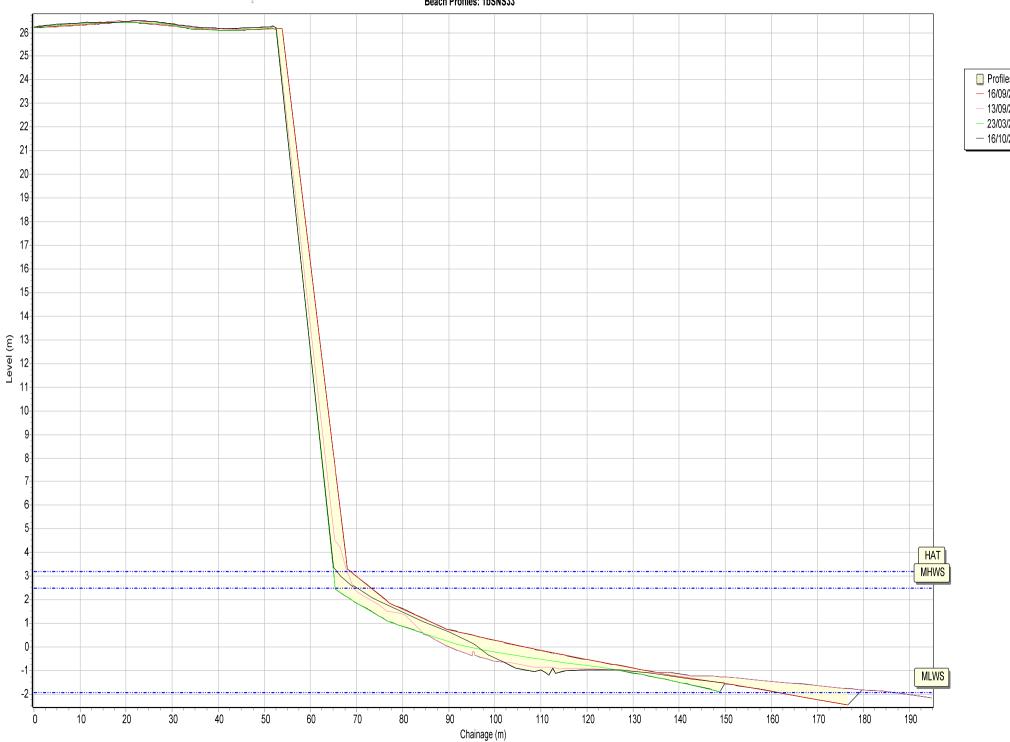




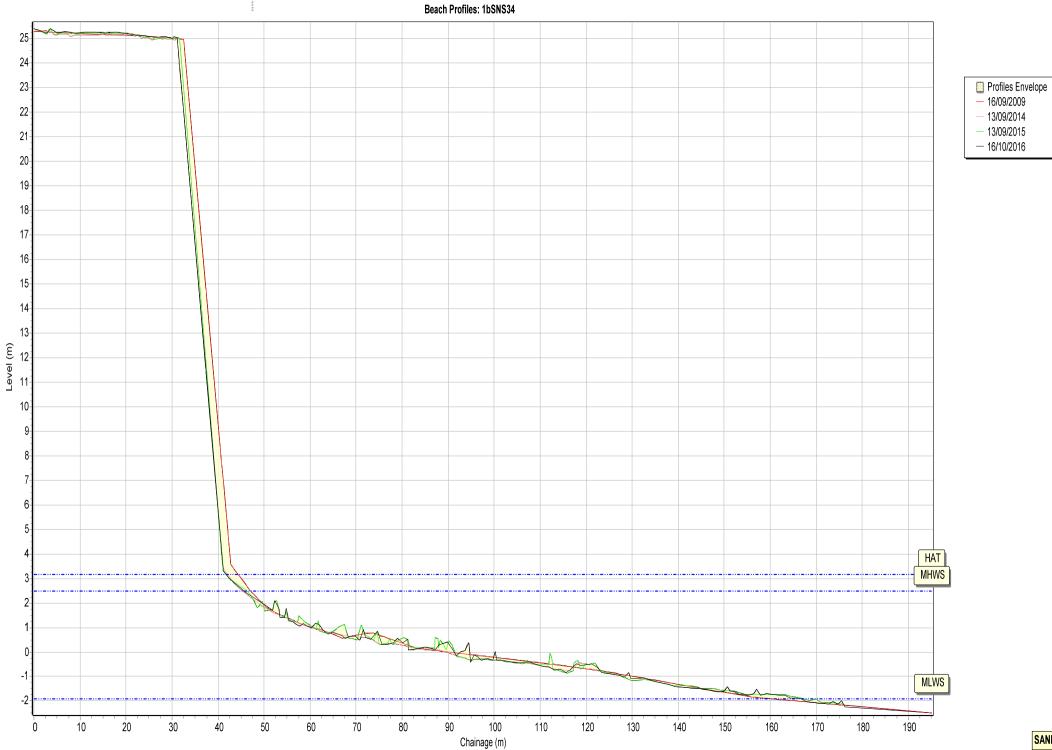


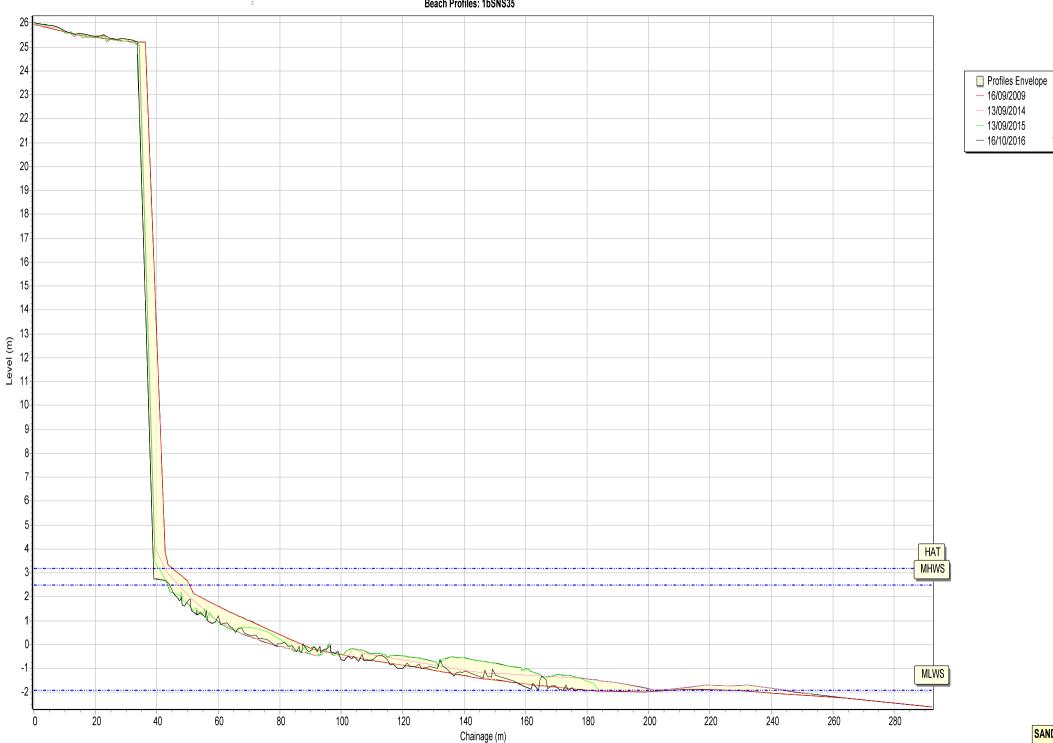




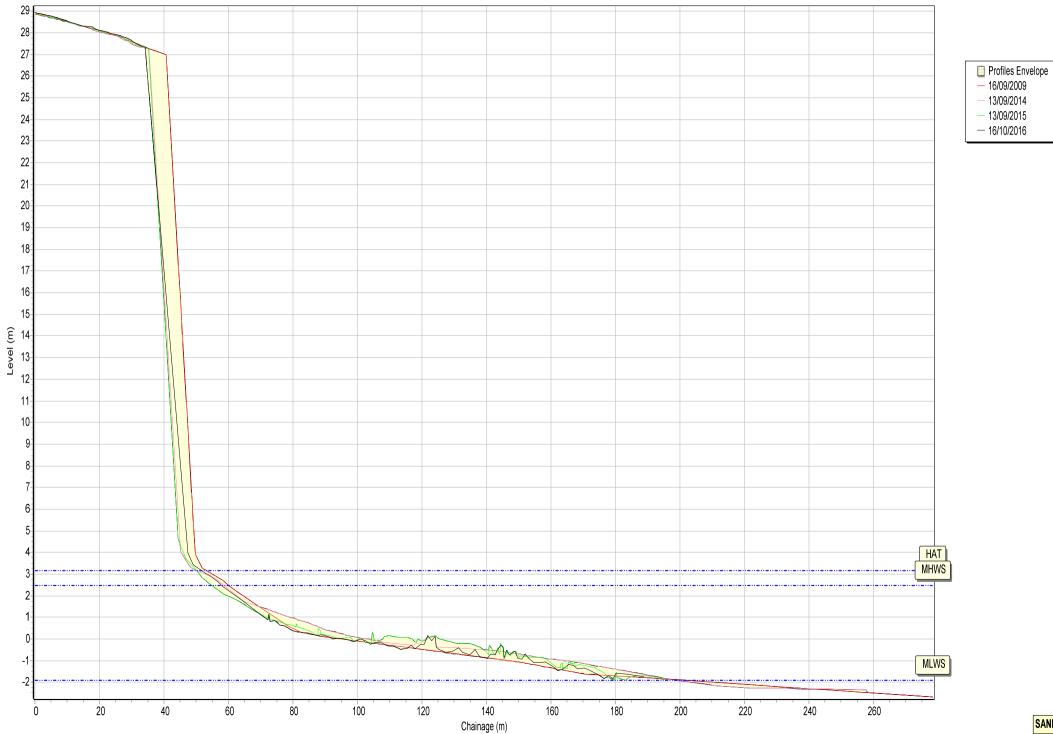


Profiles Envelope 16/09/2009 13/09/2015 23/03/2016 16/10/2016





SANDS

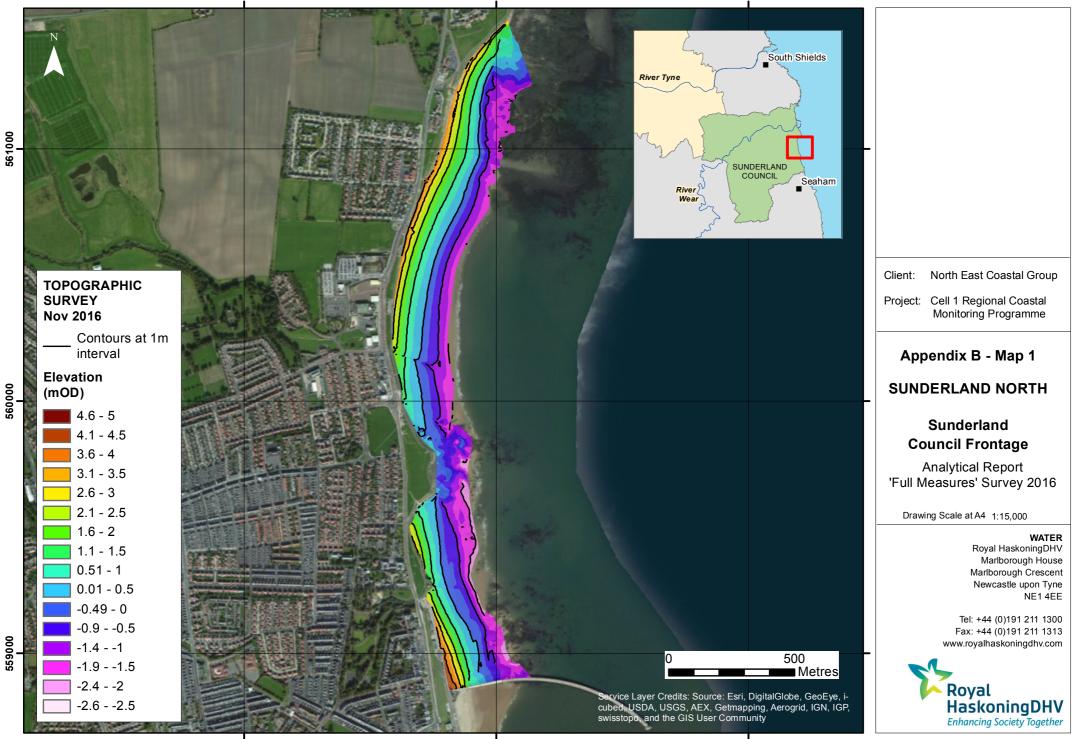


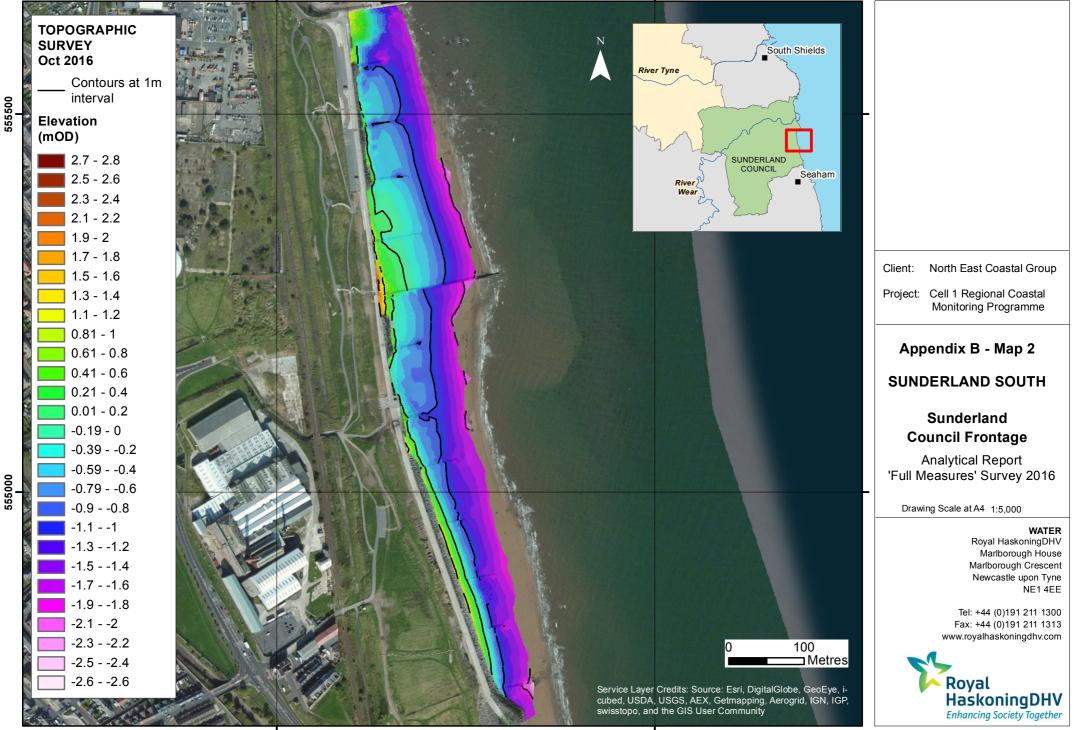
Code	Description
S	Sand
М	Mud
G	Gravel
GS	Gravel & Sand
MS	Mud & Sand
В	Boulders
R	Rock
SD	Sea Defence
SM	Saltmarsh
W	Water Body
GM	Gravel & Mud
GR	Grass
D	Dune (non-vegetated)
DV	Dune (vegetated)
F	Forested
Х	Mixture
FB	Obstruction
СТ	Cliff Top
CE	Cliff Edge
CF	Cliff Face
SH	Shell
ZZ	Unknown

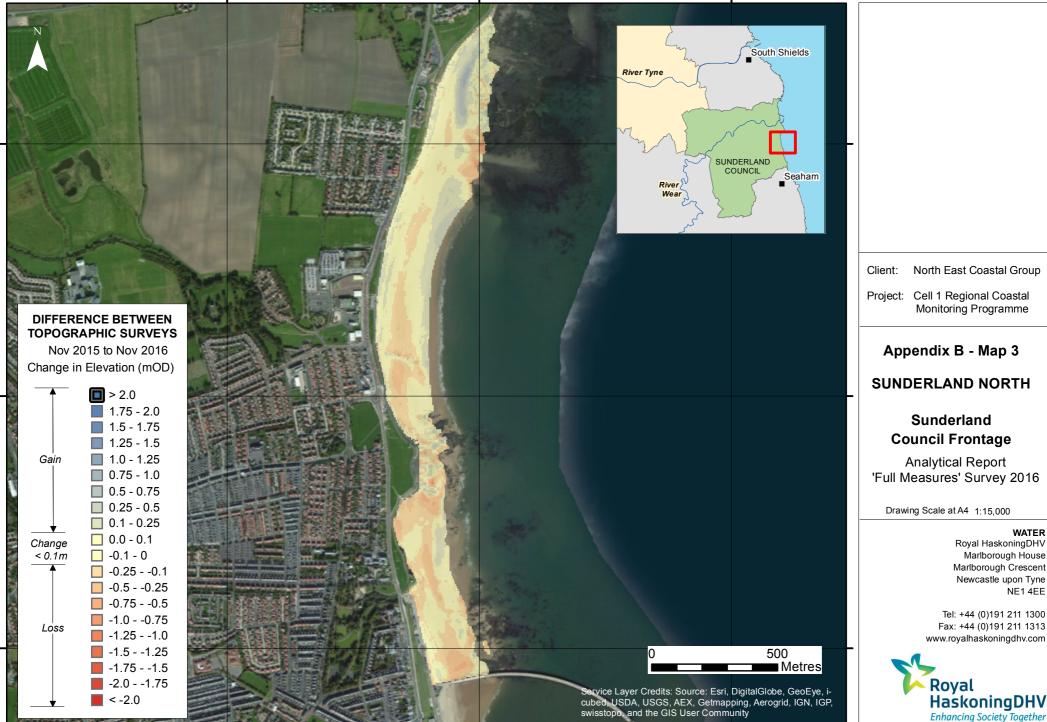
The following sediment feature codes are used on some profile plots:

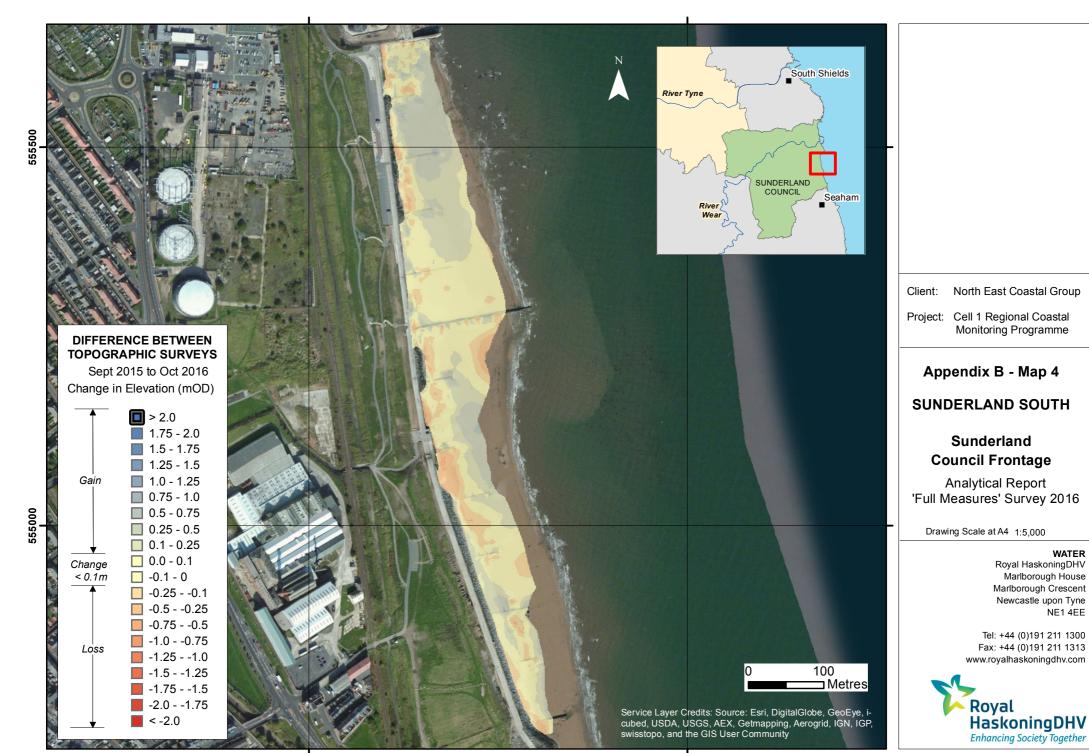
Appendix B

Topographic Survey









Appendix C

Cliff Top Survey

Cliff Top Survey

Hendon and Ryhope

Thirty-two ground control points have been established between Hendon and Ryhope (Map 1 and Map 2). The maximum separation between any two points varies along the coast, reflecting the degree of risk from the erosion.

The cliff top surveys between Hendon and Ryhope are undertaken bi-annually. Measurements are taken from a fixed ground control point along a fixed bearing to the edge of the cliff top.

Table C1 provides baseline information about these ground control points and results from the 2009 (baseline) survey showing the position from the ground control point to the edge of the cliff top along the defined bearing. Future reports will show results from subsequent surveys and provide a means of assessing erosion since the baseline survey.

Ground Control Points			Distance to Cliff Top (m)			Total Erosion (m)		Erosion Rate (m/year)	
Def	Easting	Northing	Bearing	BaselinePreviousSurveySurvey	Present Survey	Baseline to Present	Previous to Present	Baseline to Present	
Ref			(°)	March 2009	March 2016	Oct 2016	Mar 2009 - Oct 2016	Mar 2016- Oct 2016	Mar 2009 - Oct 2016
1	441025.7	555571.1	75	8.16	8.4	8.28	-0.12	0.12	-0.02
2	441064.4	555355.1	85	7.09	5.5	5.23	1.86	0.27	0.27
3	441098	555124	82	10.01	10.4	10.34	-0.33	0.06	-0.05
4	441174	554938.7	65	10.3	10.5	10.42	-0.12	0.08	-0.02
5	441199.1	554861.1	65	7.71	10.9	10.87	-3.16	0.03	-0.45
6	441224.5	554774.2	71	10.83	10.9	10.86	-0.03	0.04	0.00
7	441248.4	554690.3	74	10.18	10.5	10.44	-0.26	0.06	-0.04
8	441259.3	554596.6	101	10.08	10	9.57	0.51	0.43	0.07
9	441275.8	554513.4	66	10.52	6.6	6.15	4.37	0.45	0.62
10	441309.4	554421.3	58	8.77	1.5	1.08	7.69	0.42	1.10
11	441354	554346.5	68	8.2	6.2	5.9	2.30	0.30	0.33
12	441400.2	554248.2	56	6.17	6	5.86	0.31	0.14	0.04
13	441452.3	554174.7	63	11.61	8.7	8.36	3.25	0.34	0.46

Table C1 – Cliff Top Surveys between Hendon and Ryhope

14	441472.3	554080.5	127	7.33	6.1	6.03	1.30	0.07	0.19
15	441413	554005.1	122	7.84	7.9	7.72	0.12	0.18	0.02
16	441384.8	553913.3	90	9.89	7.9	7.67	2.22	0.23	0.32
17	441404.1	553815.5	93	6.32	6	5.76	0.56	0.24	0.08
18	441404.1	553723.6	119	8.1	3.3	2.86	5.24	0.44	0.75
19	441398.5	553632.8	78	8.23	4.6	4.24	3.99	0.36	0.57
20	441438.3	553452.9	71	10.09	5.7	5.53	4.56	0.17	0.65
21	441506.1	553256.1	62	8.57	1.7	1.38	7.19	0.32	1.03
22	441550.1	553158.7	103	6.57	3.4	2.45	4.12	0.95	0.59
23	441585.2	553076.5	64	8.11	7.9	7.72	0.39	0.18	0.06
24	441624.4	552870.7	69	7.53	3.9	3.72	3.81	0.18	0.54
25	441689.1	552758	70	14.58	7	6.64	7.94	0.36	1.13
26	441715	552713.3	54	12.87	10.7	10.4	2.47	0.30	0.35
27	441749.2	552674.4	62	14.56	3.4	2.97	11.59	0.43	1.66
28	441776.6	552629.9	57	8.62	4.3	4.01	4.61	0.29	0.66
28A	441798.6	552586.3	56	13.63	8.1	7.8	5.83	0.30	0.83
28B	441817.4	552542.4	64	12.3	11.3	11.13	1.17	0.17	0.17
28C	441852.2	552502.6	52	13.11	12.9	12.51	0.60	0.39	0.09
29	441880.1	552471.6	83	15.46	15.2	14.98	0.48	0.22	0.07
30	441921.4	552269	97	8.55	6.5	6.46	2.09	0.04	0.30
31	441853.1	552094	75	11.2	6	5.83	5.37	0.17	0.77
32	441883.3	551988.5	96	9.82	3.7	3.49	6.33	0.21	0.90